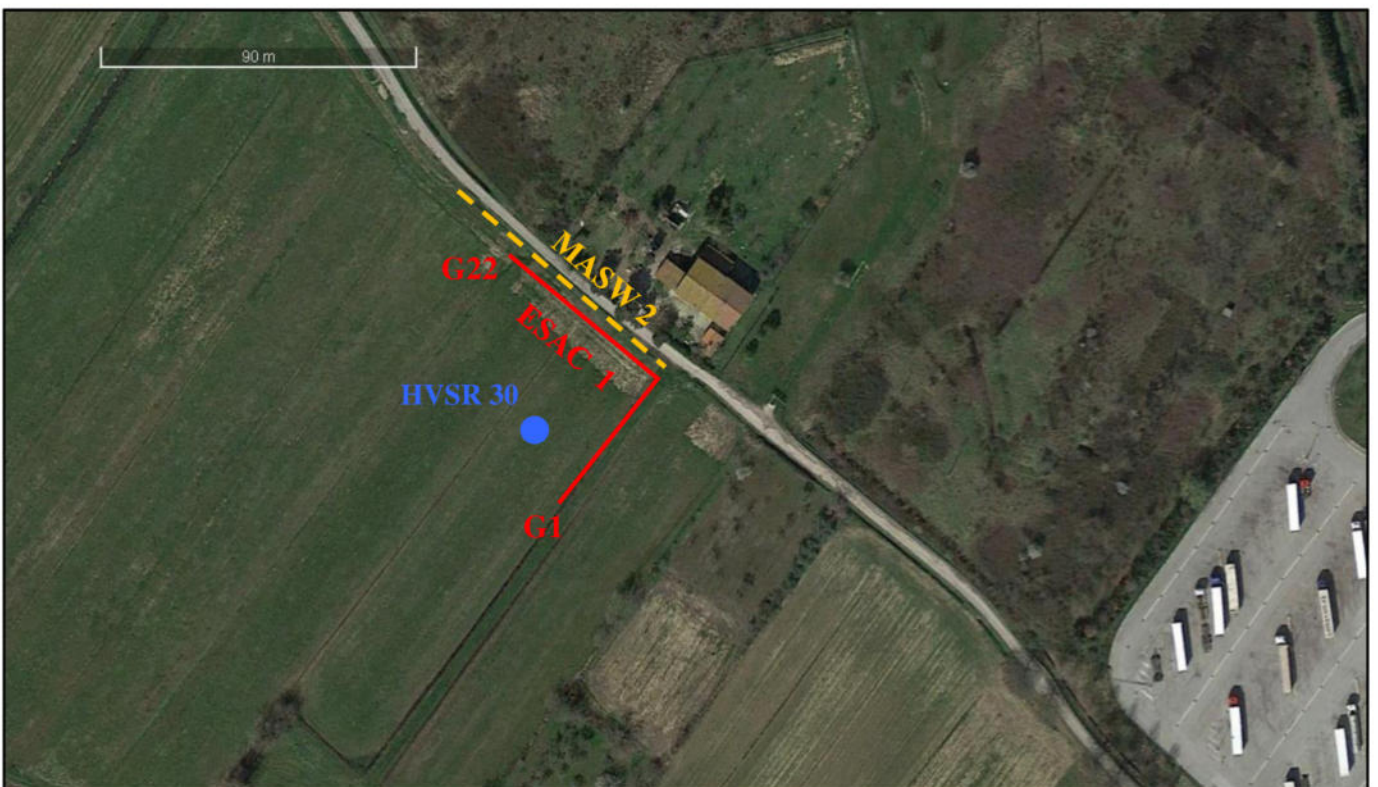


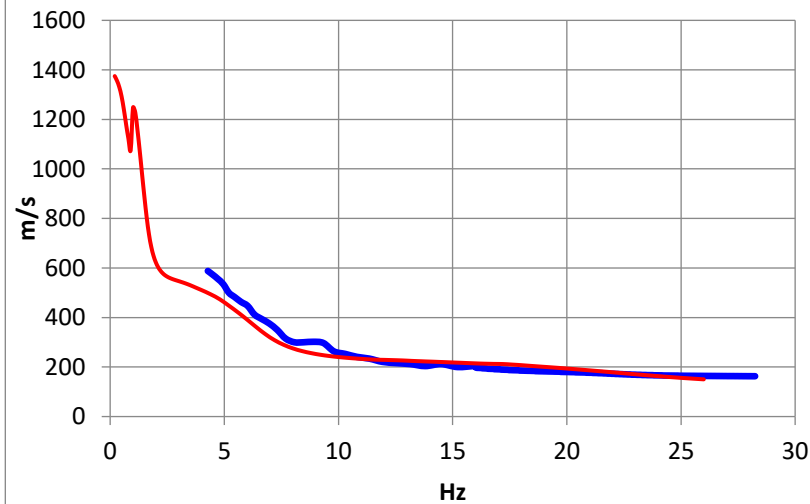
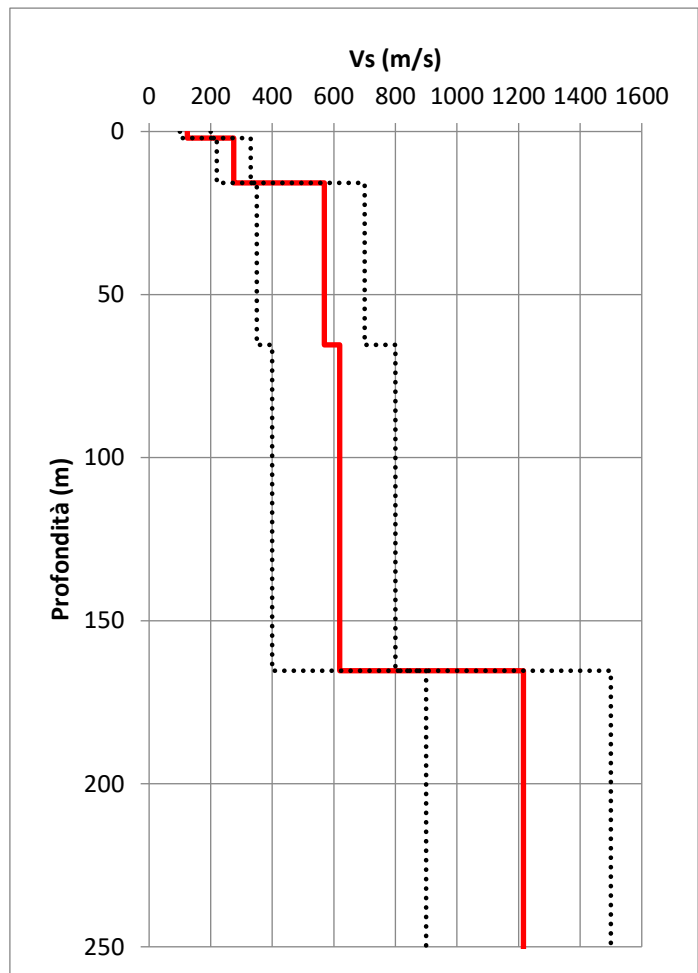
INDAGINE DI SISMICA PASSIVA ESAC 01 – M.S. Campi Bisenzio



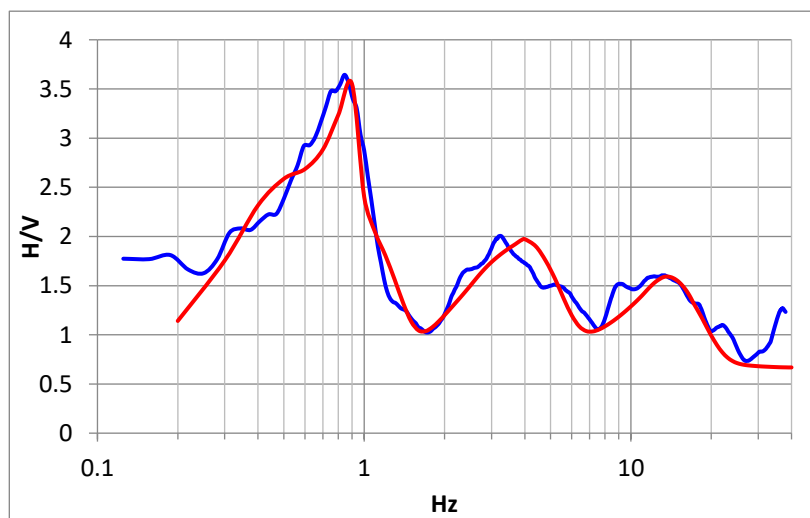
Ubicazione dell'indagine

Profilo di Vs ESAC 1 – M.S. Campi Bisenzio

INVERSIONE CONGIUNTA
CON MASW N. 2 E HVSR N. 30



Match curva di
dispersione
teorica/sperimentale
Array



Match curva di
dispersione
teorica/sperimentale
HVSR

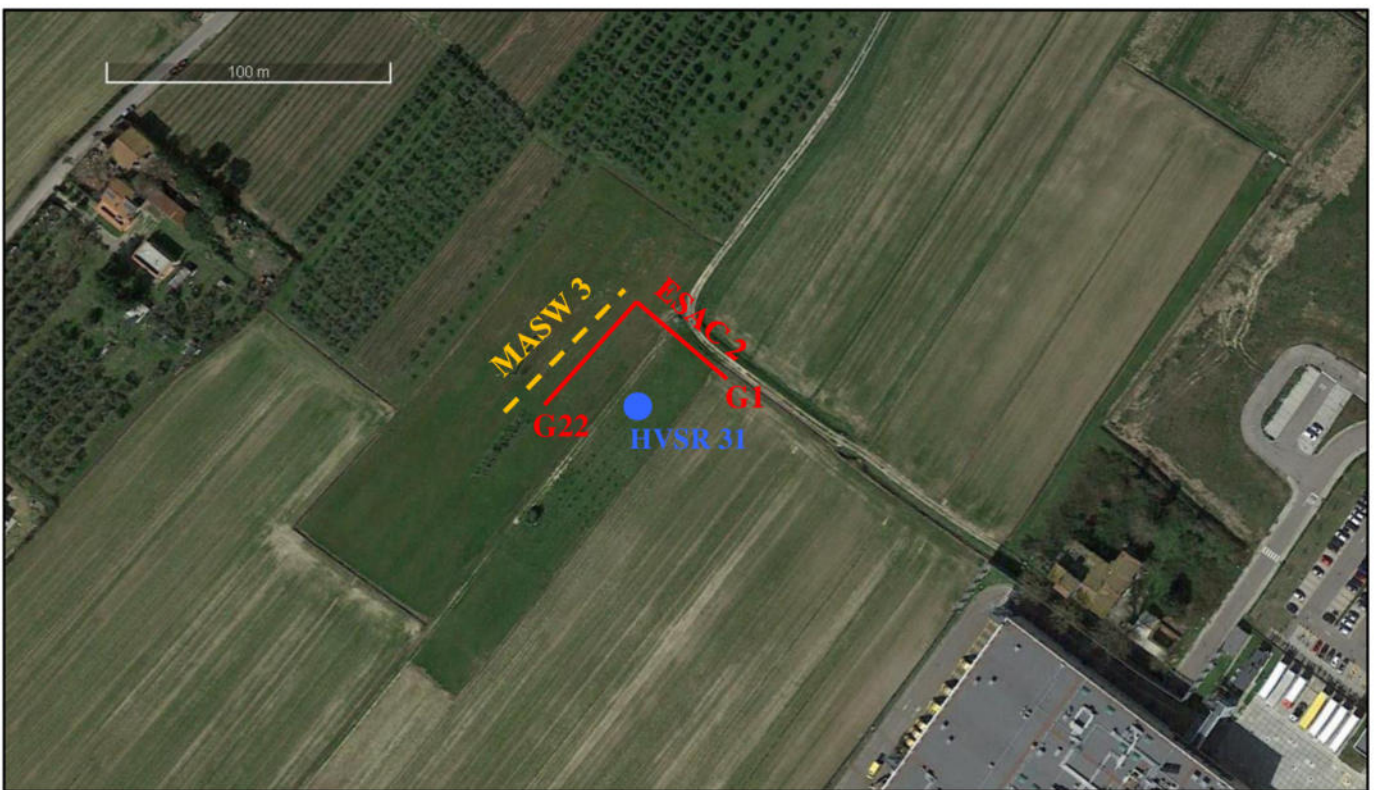
Modello monodimensionale Esac 1 - M.S. Campi Bisenzio

spessore (m)	Vp(m/s)	Vs(m/s)	ro(kg/m ³)
2.0	200	124	2099
13.8	473	275	2099
49.6	1473	569	2099
99.9	1497	619	2099
547.8	2894	1216	2099
0.0	3293	1527	2392

Documentazione fotografica



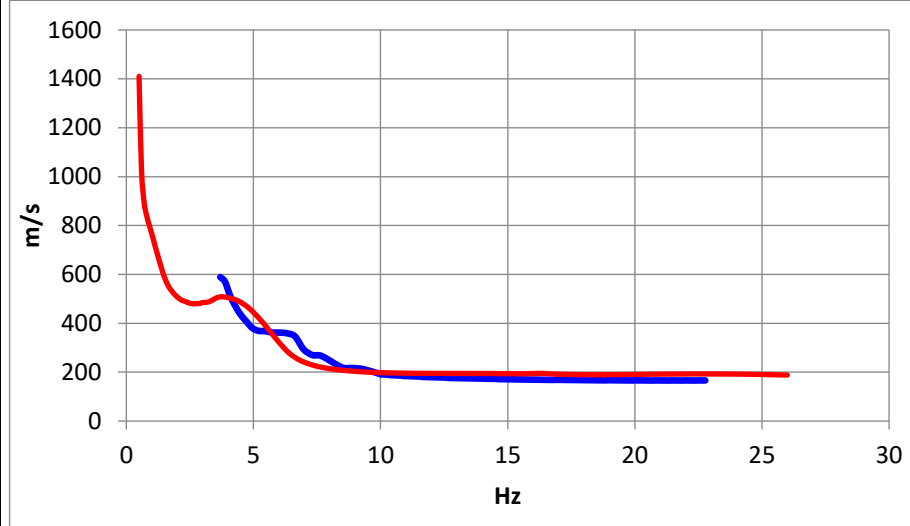
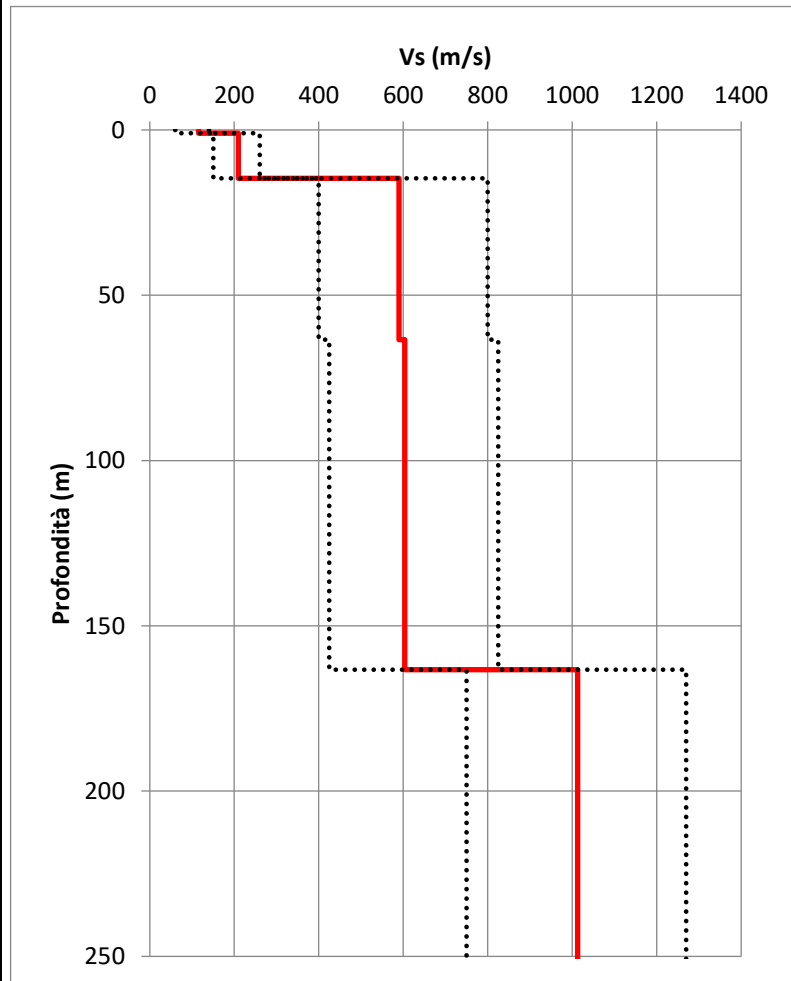
INDAGINE DI SISMICA PASSIVA ESAC 02 – M.S. Campi Bisenzio



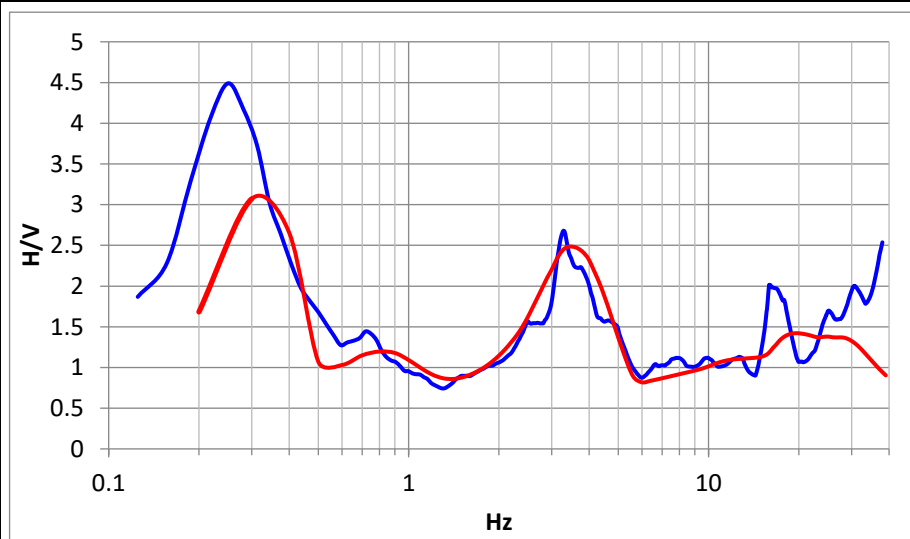
Ubicazione dell'indagine

Profilo di Vs ESAC 2 – M.S. Campi Bisenzio

INVERSIONE CONGIUNTA
CON MASW N. 3 E HVSUR N. 31



Match curva di
dispersione
teorica/sperimentale
Array



Match curva di
dispersione
teorica/sperimentale
HVSUR

Modello monodimensionale Esac 2 - M.S. Campi Bisenzio

spessore (m)	Vp(m/s)	Vs(m/s)	ro(kg/m ³)
1.0	206	116	2099
13.7	400	209	2099
48.8	885	590	2099
99.9	1000	604	2099
649.9	2201	1013	2099
0.0	3300	2134	2513

Documentazione fotografica



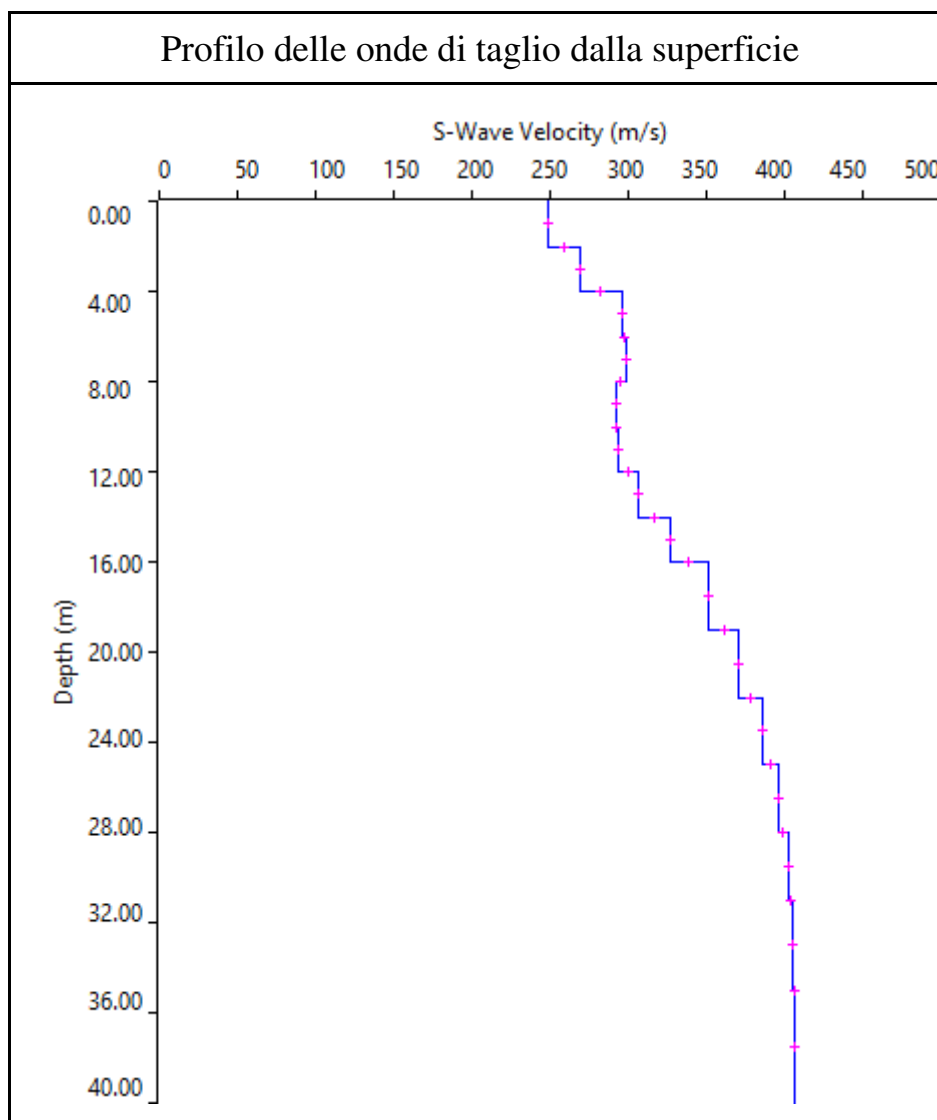
INDAGINE MASW 01



Ubicazione dell'indagine

Thickness	Depth	Vs	Vp	Poisson	Density
2	0	249	498	0.333	1.8
2	2	269	538	0.333	1.8
2	4	296	592	0.333	1.8
2	6	299	598	0.333	1.8
2	8	292	584	0.333	1.8
2	10	293	586	0.333	1.8
2	12	306	612	0.333	1.8
2	14	327	654	0.333	1.8
3	16	351	701	0.333	1.8
3	19	371	741	0.333	1.8
3	22	386	771	0.333	1.8
3	25	396	791	0.333	1.8
3	28	402	803	0.333	1.8
4	31	405	809	0.333	1.8
	35	407	813	0.333	1.8

Tabella 1: modello sismico monodimensionale.



Calcolo della $V_{s,eq}$

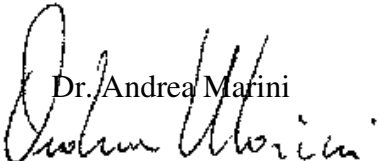
A partire dal modello sismico restituito, è possibile calcolare il valore delle $V_{s,eq}$, che rappresenta la velocità di propagazione delle onde di taglio entro 30 m. di profondità.

Per **velocità equivalente di propagazione delle onde di taglio** si intende la media pesata delle velocità delle onde S nei primi metri di profondità da una quota scelta, secondo la relazione, riportata nel D.M. 17.01.2018 (“Norme tecniche per le costruzioni”):

$$V_{s,eq} = \frac{H}{\sum_{strato=1}^N \frac{h(strato)}{V_s(strato)}}$$

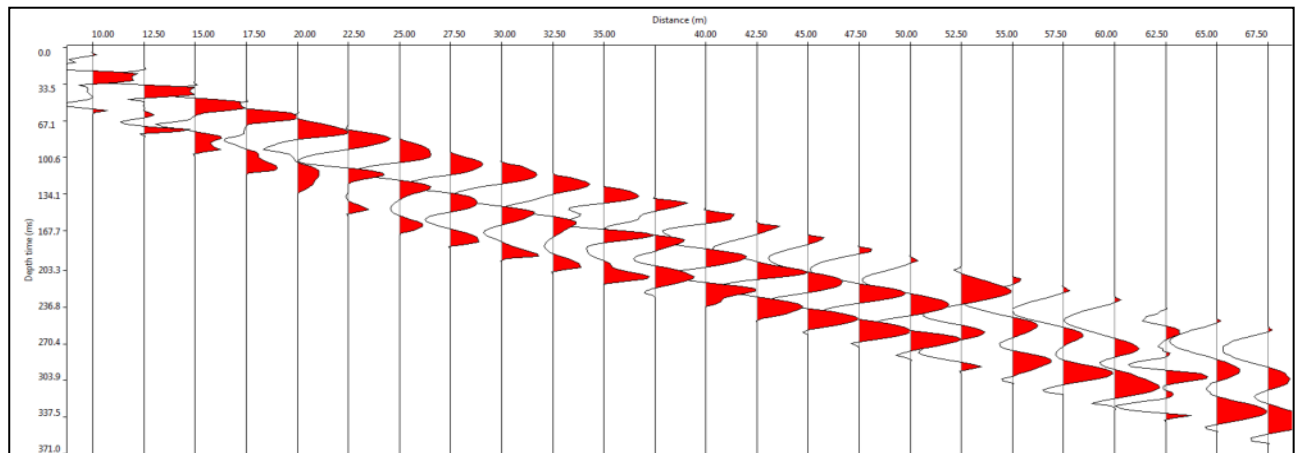
Dove N è il numero di strati individuabili nei primi metri di suolo, ciascuno caratterizzato dallo spessore $h(strato)$ e dalla velocità delle onde S $V_s(strato)$. Per H si intende la profondità del substrato, definito come quella formazione costituita da roccia o terreno molto rigido, caratterizzata da V_s non inferiore a 800 m/s. Per depositi con profondità H del substrato superiore a 30 m, la velocità equivalente delle onde di taglio $V_{s,eq}$ è definita dal parametro V_{s30} , ottenuto ponendo $H=30$ m nella precedente espressione e considerando le proprietà degli strati di terreno fino a tale profondità.

Utilizzando la formula sopra riportata, a partire dal piano campagna attuale si ottiene il seguente valore $V_{s,eq} = 325$ m/s a cui corrisponde la categoria di suolo di fondazione di tipo **C** (si veda la tabella seguente).

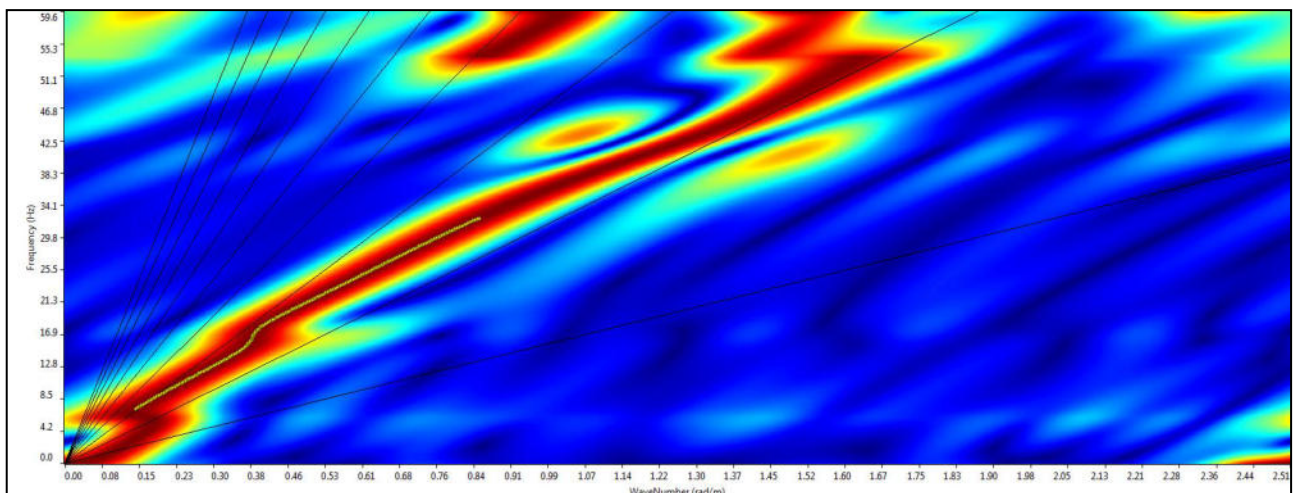

 Dr. Andrea Marini

CAT.	DESCRIZIONE PROFILO STRATIGRAFICO	PARAMETRI
		V_s 30 m/sec.
A	Ammassi rocciosi affioranti o terreni molto rigidi, caratterizzati da valori di V_{s30} superiori a 800 m/s, eventualmente comprendenti in superficie uno strato di alterazione, con spessore massimo di 3 m.	> 800
B	Rocce tenere e depositi di terreni a grana grossa molto addensati o terreni a grana fine molto consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m, caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	360-800
C	Depositi di terreni a grana grossa mediamente addensati o terreni a grana fine mediamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	180-360
D	Depositi di terreni a grana grossa scarsamente addensati o terreni a grana fine scarsamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	<180
E	E - Terreni dei sottosuoli dei tipi C o D per spessori non superiori a 20 m, posti sul substrato di riferimento (con $V_s > 800$ m/s).	

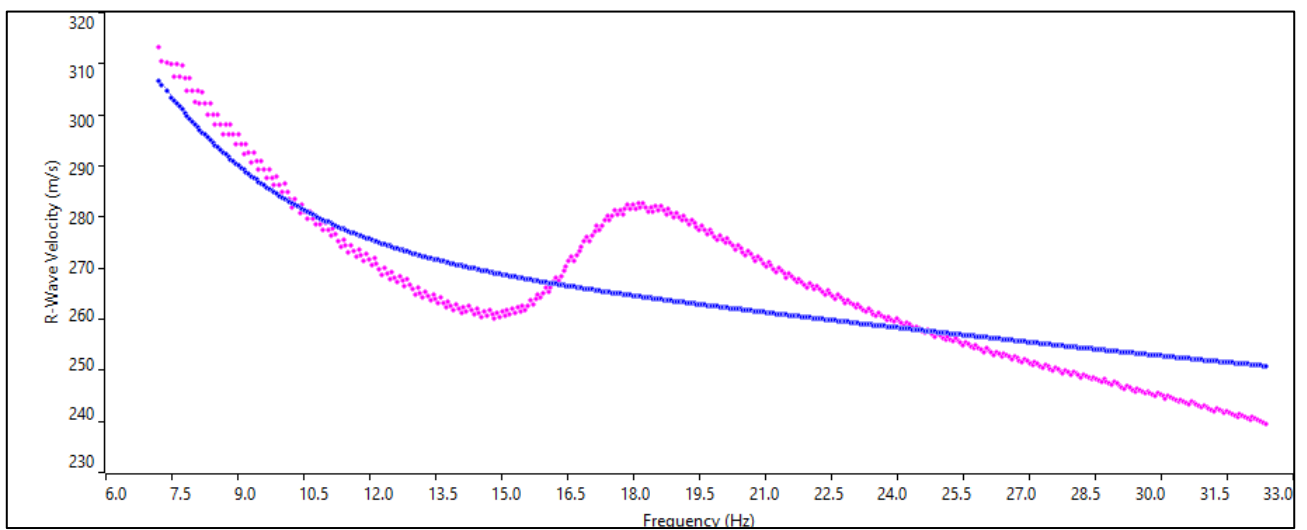
Sismogramma



Spettro F – K



Match Curva di dispersione sperimentale – teorica



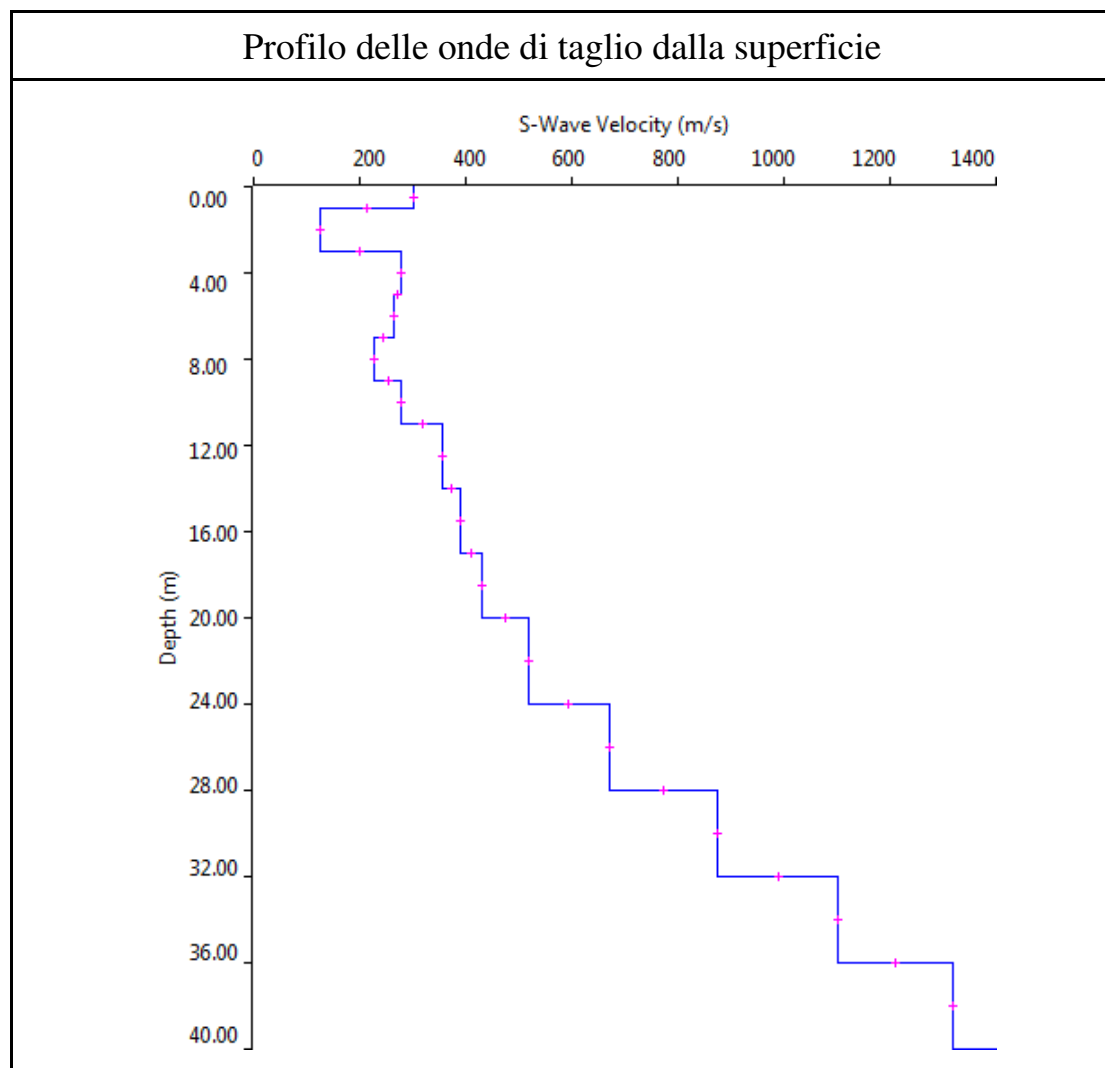
INDAGINE MASW 02



Ubicazione dell'indagine

Thickness	Depth	Vs	Vp	Poisson	Density
1	0	301	602	0.333	1.8
2	1	124	247	0.333	1.8
2	3	278	556	0.333	1.8
2	5	263	526	0.333	1.8
2	7	228	456	0.333	1.8
2	9	279	558	0.333	1.8
3	11	355	709	0.333	1.8
3	14	391	781	0.333	1.8
3	17	432	864	0.333	1.8
4	20	517	1034	0.333	1.8
4	24	671	1342	0.333	1.8
4	28	876	1751	0.333	1.8
4	32	1101	2201	0.333	1.8
4	36	1319	2637	0.333	1.8
	40	1514	3026	0.333	1.8

Tabella 1: modello sismico monodimensionale.



Calcolo della $V_{s,eq}$

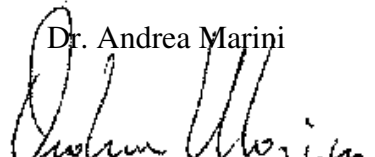
A partire dal modello sismico restituito, è possibile calcolare il valore delle $V_{Sequivalente}$, che rappresenta la velocità di propagazione delle onde di taglio entro 30 m. di profondità.

Per **velocità equivalente di propagazione delle onde di taglio** si intende la media pesata delle velocità delle onde S nei primi metri di profondità da una quota scelta, secondo la relazione, riportata nel D.M. 17.01.2018 (“Norme tecniche per le costruzioni”):

$$V_{s,eq} = \frac{H}{\sum_{strato=1}^N \frac{h(strato)}{V_s(strato)}}$$

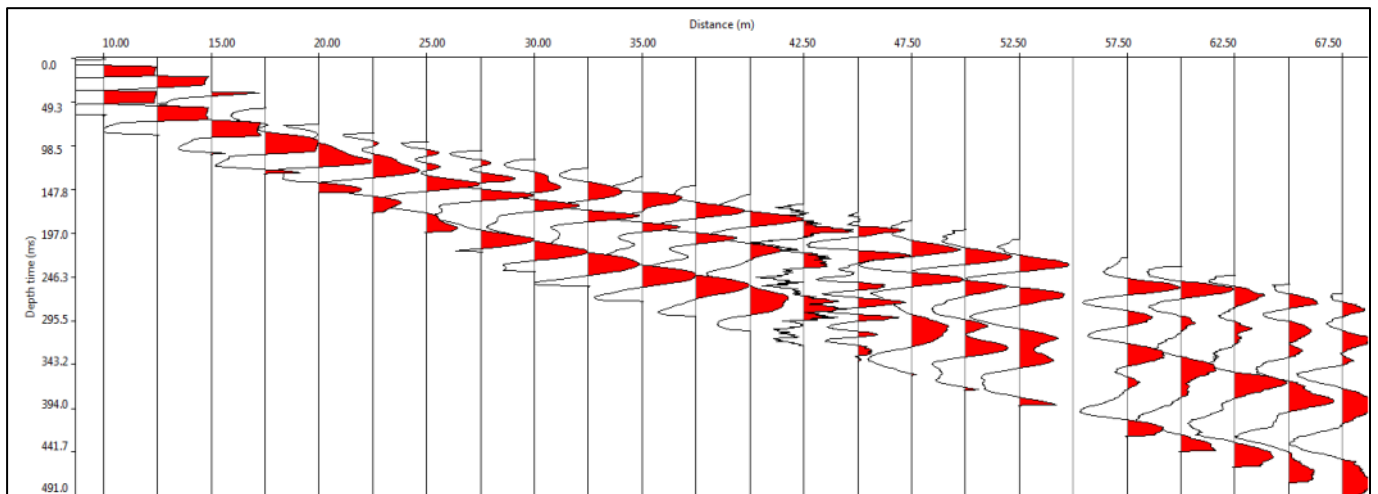
Dove N è il numero di strati individuabili nei primi metri di suolo, ciascuno caratterizzato dallo spessore $h(strato)$ e dalla velocità delle onde S $V_s(strato)$. Per H si intende la profondità del substrato, definito come quella formazione costituita da roccia o terreno molto rigido, caratterizzata da V_s non inferiore a 800 m/s. Per depositi con profondità H del substrato superiore a 30 m, la velocità equivalente delle onde di taglio $V_{s,eq}$ è definita dal parametro V_{s30} , ottenuto ponendo $H=30$ m nella precedente espressione e considerando le proprietà degli strati di terreno fino a tale profondità.

Utilizzando la formula sopra riportata, considerando la quota della fondazione a partire dal piano campagna attuale e la profondità del substrato sismico $H = 28$, si ottiene il seguente valore $V_{s,eq} = 322$ m/s a cui corrisponde la categoria di suolo di fondazione di tipo C (si veda la tabella seguente).

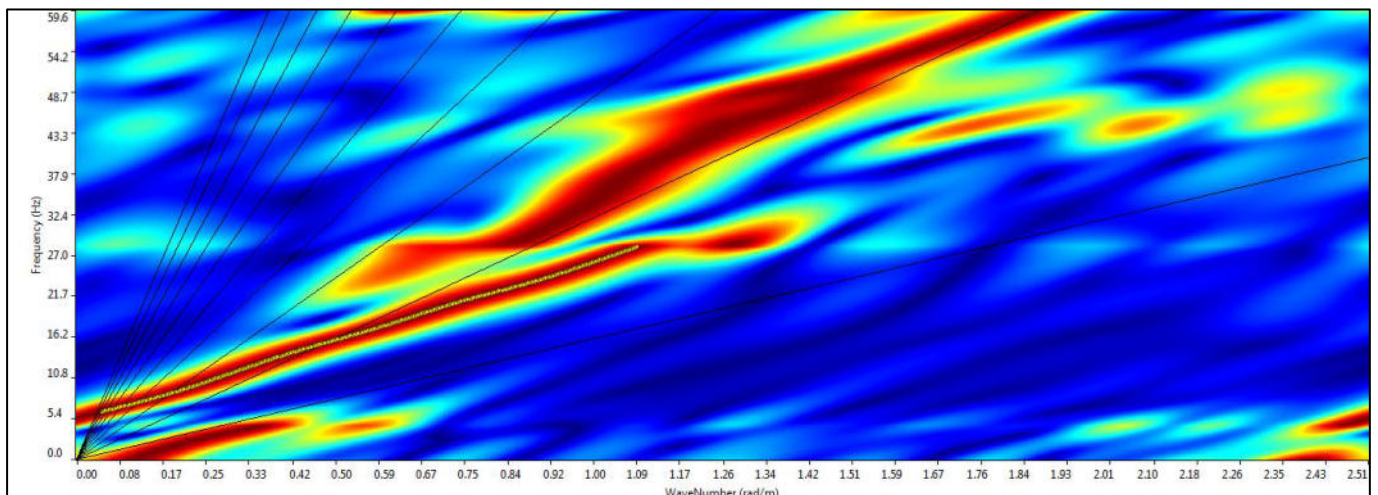
Dr. Andrea Marini


CAT.	DESCRIZIONE PROFILO STRATIGRAFICO	PARAMETRI
		V_s 30 m/sec.
A	Ammassi rocciosi affioranti o terreni molto rigidi, caratterizzati da valori di V_{S30} superiori a 800 m/s, eventualmente comprendenti in superficie uno strato di alterazione, con spessore massimo di 3 m.	> 800
B	Rocce tenere e depositi di terreni a grana grossa molto addensati o terreni a grana fine molto consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m, caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	360-800
C	Depositati di terreni a grana grossa mediamente addensati o terreni a grana fine mediamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	180-360
D	Depositati di terreni a grana grossa scarsamente addensati o terreni a grana fine scarsamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	<180
E	E - Terreni dei sottosuoli dei tipi C o D per spessori non superiori a 20 m, posti sul substrato di riferimento (con $V_S > 800$ m/s).	

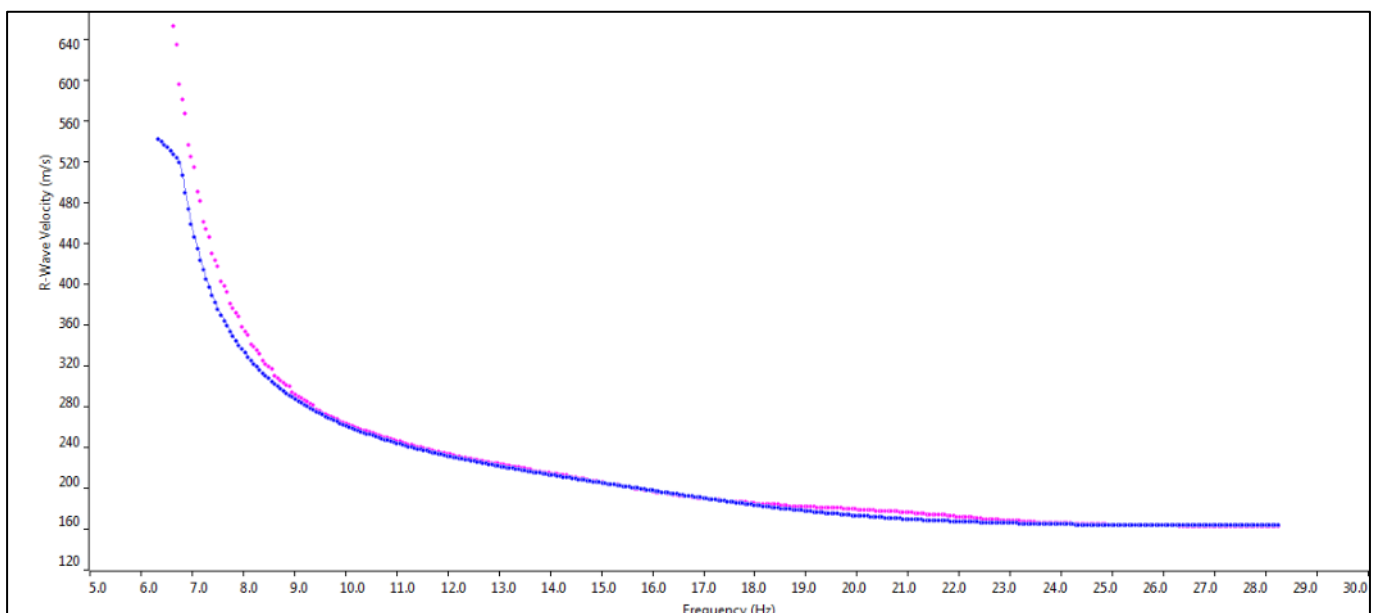
Sismogramma



Spettro F – K



Match Curva di dispersione sperimentale – teorica



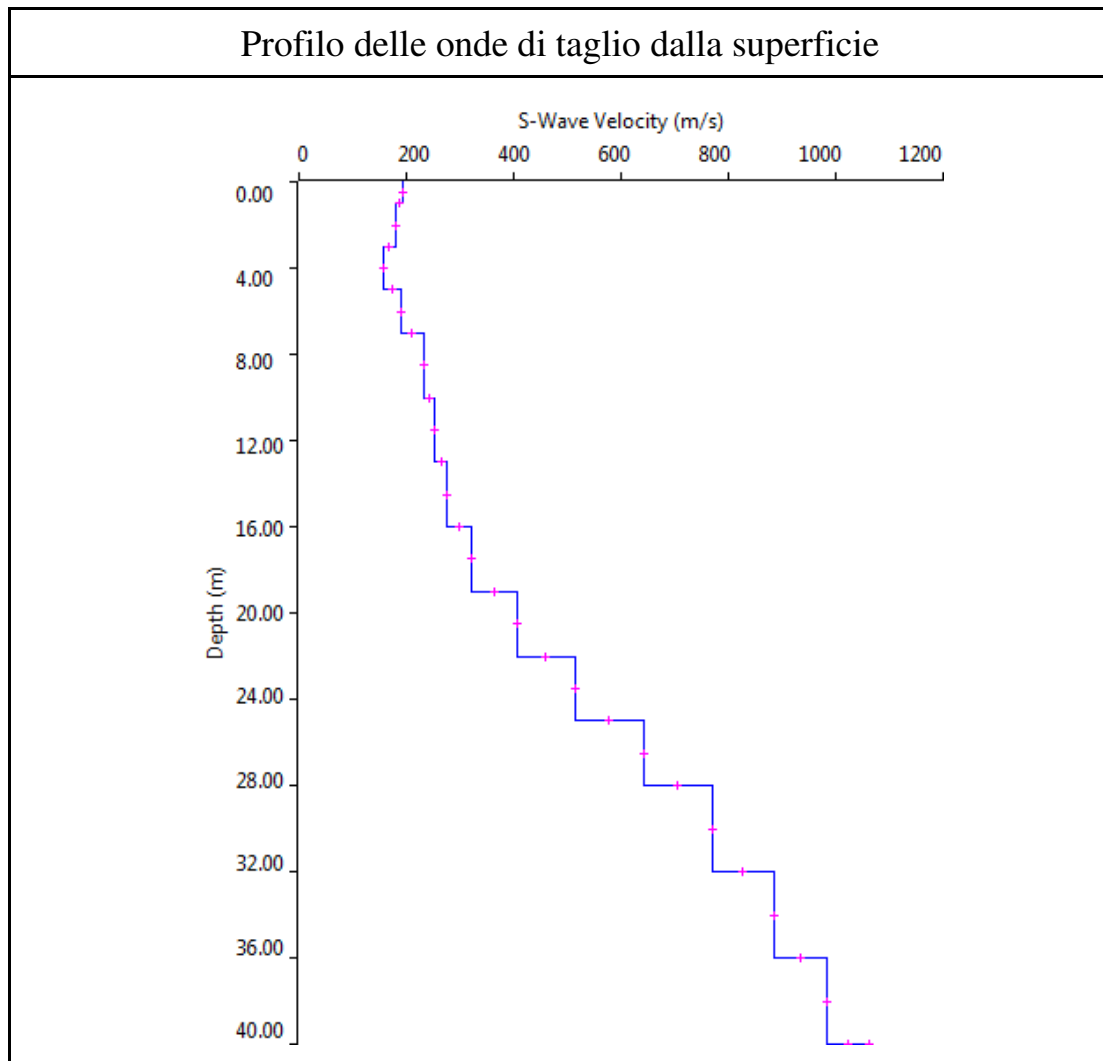
INDAGINE MASW 03



Ubicazione dell'indagine

Thickness	Depth	Vs	Vp	Poisson	Density
1	0	192	384	0.333	1.8
2	1	181	363	0.333	1.8
2	3	156	312	0.333	1.8
2	5	189	378	0.333	1.8
3	7	233	465	0.333	1.8
3	10	254	508	0.333	1.8
3	13	274	547	0.333	1.8
3	16	322	644	0.333	1.8
3	19	405	810	0.333	1.8
3	22	516	1031	0.333	1.8
3	25	641	1281	0.333	1.8
4	28	769	1537	0.333	1.8
4	32	886	1771	0.333	1.8
4	36	985	1968	0.333	1.8
	40	1062	2123	0.333	1.8

Tabella 1: modello sismico monodimensionale.



Calcolo della $V_{s,eq}$

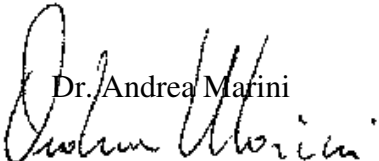
A partire dal modello sismico restituito, è possibile calcolare il valore delle $V_{Sequivalente}$, che rappresenta la velocità di propagazione delle onde di taglio entro 30 m. di profondità.

Per **velocità equivalente di propagazione delle onde di taglio** si intende la media pesata delle velocità delle onde S nei primi metri di profondità da una quota scelta, secondo la relazione, riportata nel D.M. 17.01.2018 (“Norme tecniche per le costruzioni”):

$$V_{s,eq} = \frac{H}{\sum_{strato=1}^N \frac{h(strato)}{V_s(strato)}}$$

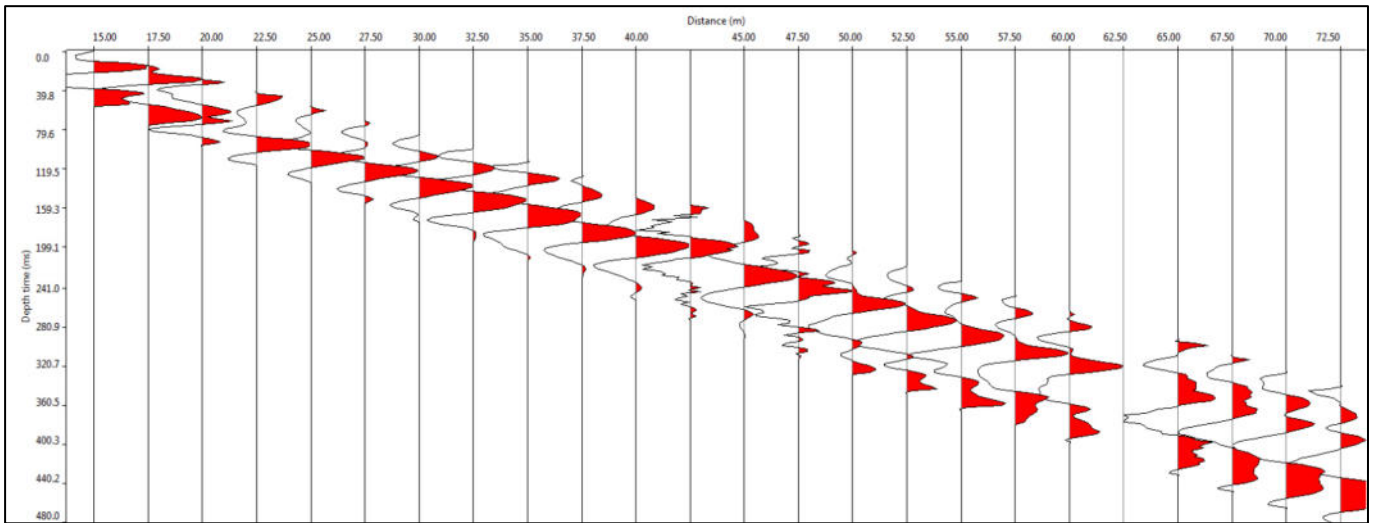
Dove N è il numero di strati individuabili nei primi metri di suolo, ciascuno caratterizzato dallo spessore $h(strato)$ e dalla velocità delle onde S $V_s(strato)$. Per H si intende la profondità del substrato, definito come quella formazione costituita da roccia o terreno molto rigido, caratterizzata da V_s non inferiore a 800 m/s. Per depositi con profondità H del substrato superiore a 30 m, la velocità equivalente delle onde di taglio $V_{s,eq}$ è definita dal parametro V_{s30} , ottenuto ponendo $H=30$ m nella precedente espressione e considerando le proprietà degli strati di terreno fino a tale profondità.

Utilizzando la formula sopra riportata, a partire dal piano campagna attuale si ottiene il seguente valore $V_{s,eq} = 285$ m/s a cui corrisponde la categoria di suolo di fondazione di tipo **C** (si veda la tabella seguente).

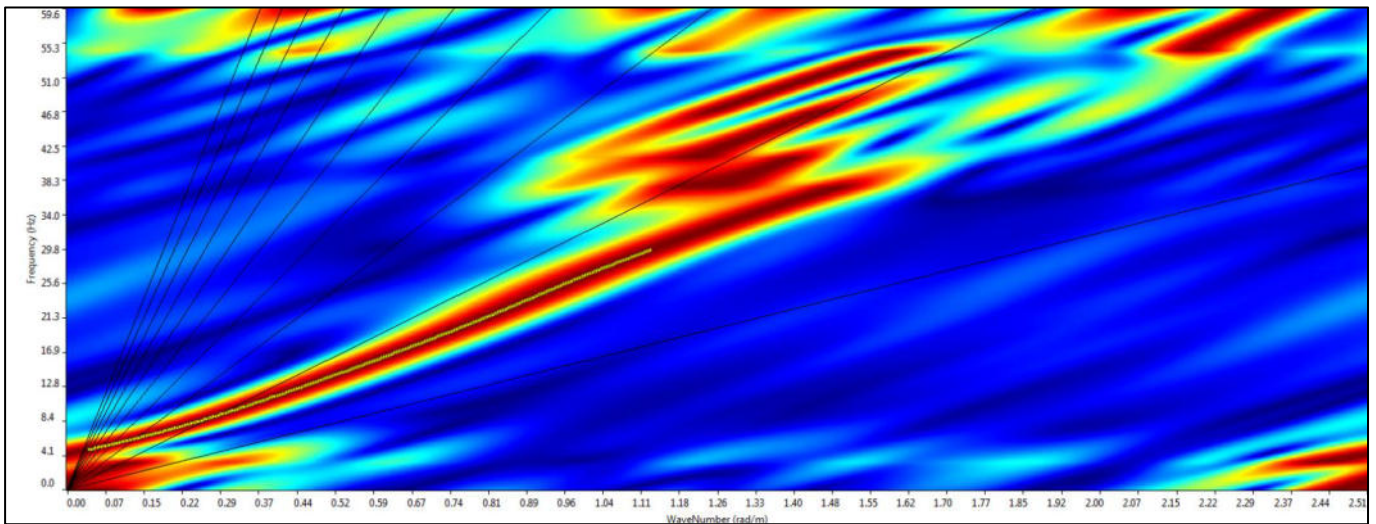

 Dr. Andrea Marini

CAT.	DESCRIZIONE PROFILO STRATIGRAFICO	PARAMETRI
		V_s 30 m/sec.
A	Ammassi rocciosi affioranti o terreni molto rigidi, caratterizzati da valori di V_{S30} superiori a 800 m/s, eventualmente comprendenti in superficie uno strato di alterazione, con spessore massimo di 3 m.	> 800
B	Rocce tenere e depositi di terreni a grana grossa molto addensati o terreni a grana fine molto consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m, caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	360-800
C	Depositati di terreni a grana grossa mediamente addensati o terreni a grana fine mediamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	180-360
D	Depositati di terreni a grana grossa scarsamente addensati o terreni a grana fine scarsamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	<180
E	E - Terreni dei sottosuoli dei tipi C o D per spessori non superiori a 20 m, posti sul substrato di riferimento (con $V_S > 800$ m/s).	

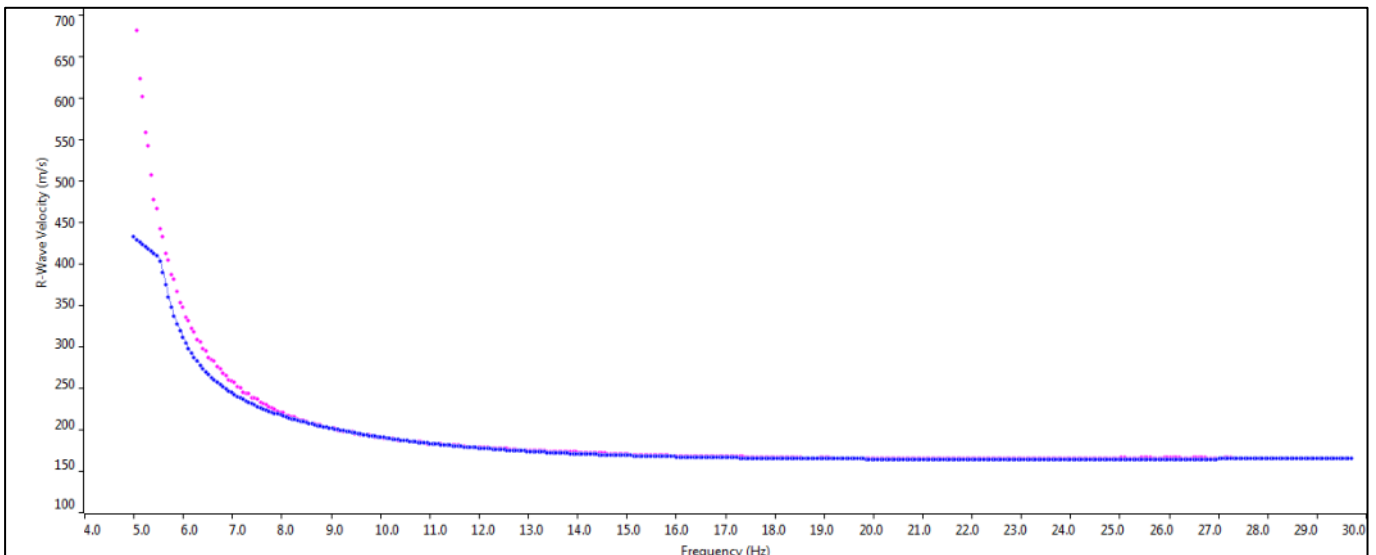
Sismogramma



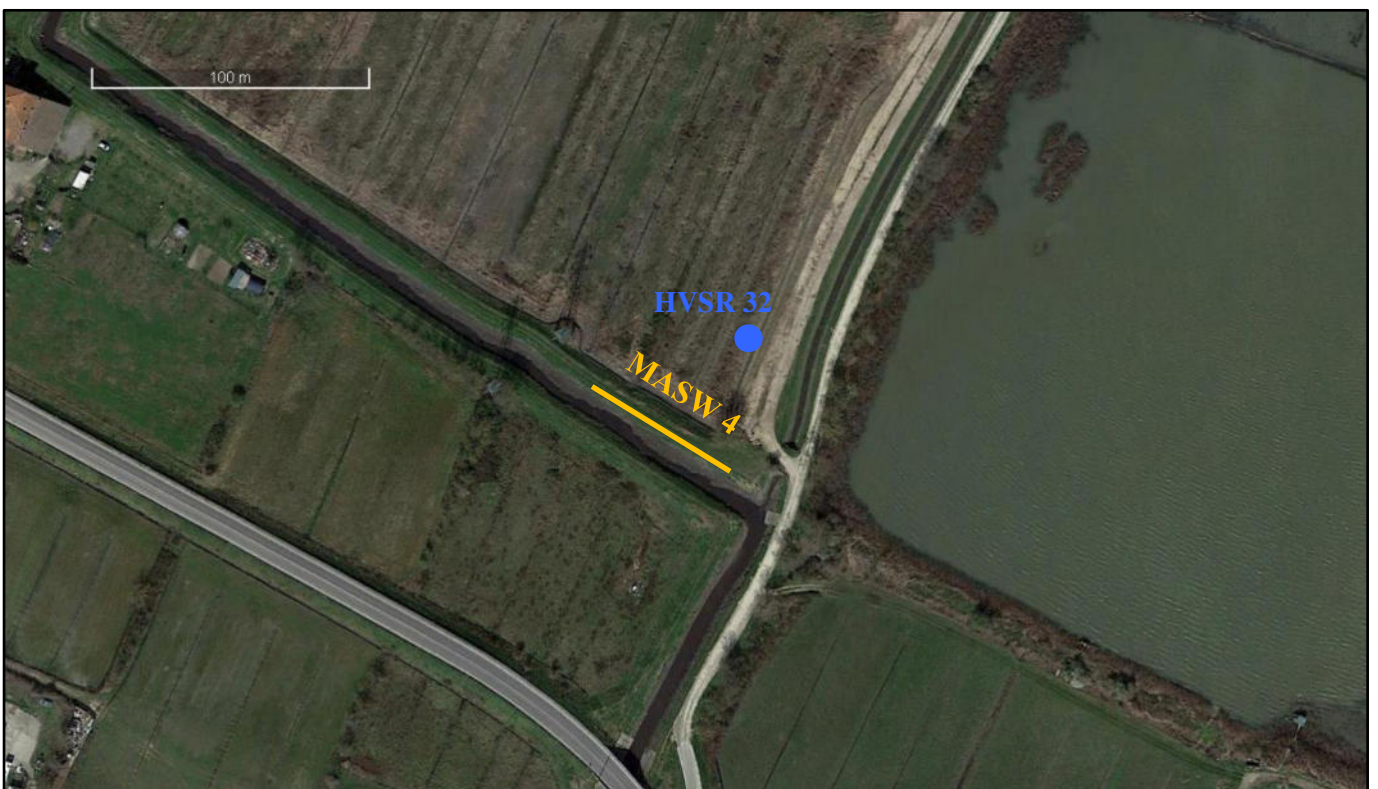
Spettro F - K



Match Curva di dispersione sperimentale – teorica



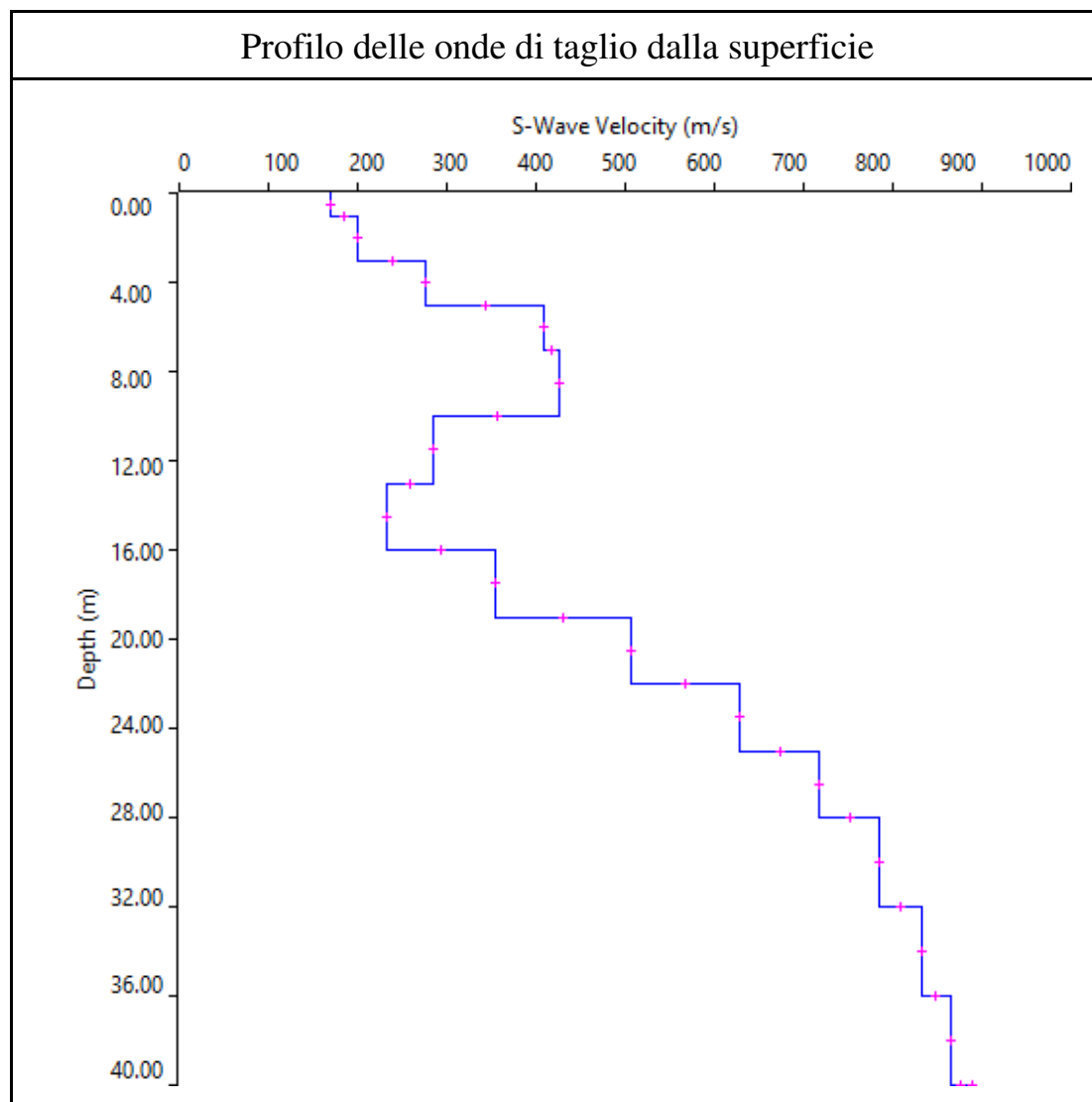
INDAGINE MASW 04



Ubicazione dell'indagine

Thickness	Depth	Vs	Vp	Poisson	Density
1	0	169	337	0.333	1.8
2	1	200	400	0.333	1.8
2	3	277	554	0.333	1.8
2	5	408	814	0.333	1.8
3	7	426	851	0.333	1.8
3	10	285	569	0.333	1.8
3	13	233	466	0.333	1.8
3	16	354	708	0.333	1.8
3	19	506	1012	0.333	1.8
3	22	628	1255	0.333	1.8
3	25	718	1435	0.333	1.8
4	28	785	1569	0.333	1.8
4	32	832	1662	0.333	1.8
4	36	865	1728	0.333	1.8
	40	889	1776	0.333	1.8

Tabella 1: modello sismico monodimensionale.



Calcolo della $V_{s,eq}$

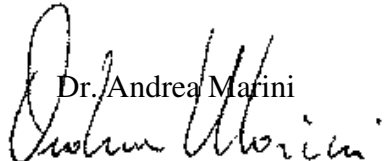
A partire dal modello sismico restituito, è possibile calcolare il valore delle $V_{Sequivalente}$, che rappresenta la velocità di propagazione delle onde di taglio entro 30 m. di profondità.

Per **velocità equivalente di propagazione delle onde di taglio** si intende la media pesata delle velocità delle onde S nei primi metri di profondità da una quota scelta, secondo la relazione, riportata nel D.M. 17.01.2018 (“Norme tecniche per le costruzioni”):

$$V_{s,eq} = \frac{H}{\sum_{strato=1}^N \frac{h(strato)}{V_s(strato)}}$$

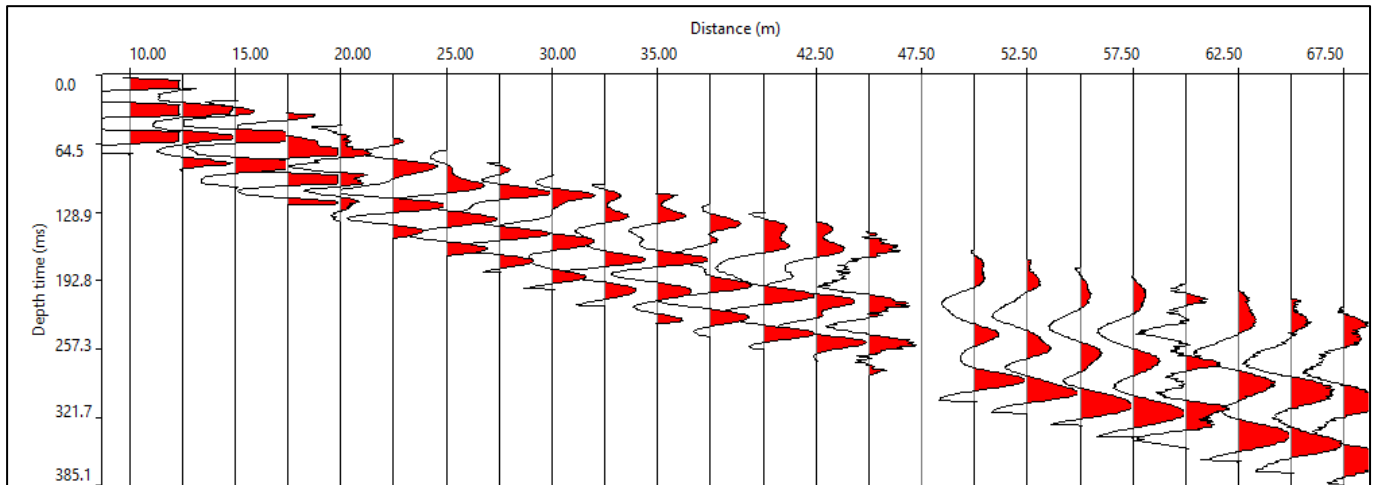
Dove N è il numero di strati individuabili nei primi metri di suolo, ciascuno caratterizzato dallo spessore $h(strato)$ e dalla velocità delle onde S $V_s(strato)$. Per H si intende la profondità del substrato, definito come quella formazione costituita da roccia o terreno molto rigido, caratterizzata da V_s non inferiore a 800 m/s. Per depositi con profondità H del substrato superiore a 30 m, la velocità equivalente delle onde di taglio $V_{s,eq}$ è definita dal parametro V_{s30} , ottenuto ponendo $H=30$ m nella precedente espressione e considerando le proprietà degli strati di terreno fino a tale profondità.

Utilizzando la formula sopra riportata, a partire dal piano campagna attuale si ottiene il seguente valore $V_{s,eq} = 355$ m/s a cui corrisponde la categoria di suolo di fondazione di tipo **C** (si veda la tabella seguente).

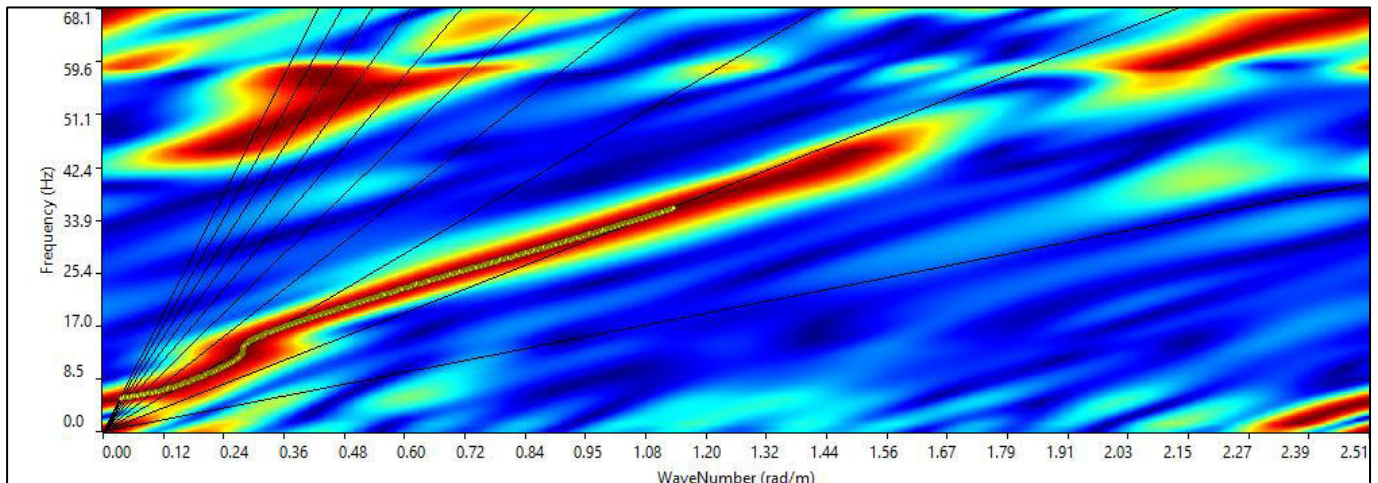

 Dr. Andrea Marini

CAT.	DESCRIZIONE PROFILO STRATIGRAFICO	PARAMETRI
		V_s 30 m/sec.
A	Ammassi rocciosi affioranti o terreni molto rigidi, caratterizzati da valori di V_{S30} superiori a 800 m/s, eventualmente comprendenti in superficie uno strato di alterazione, con spessore massimo di 3 m.	> 800
B	Rocce tenere e depositi di terreni a grana grossa molto addensati o terreni a grana fine molto consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m, caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	360-800
C	Depositi di terreni a grana grossa mediamente addensati o terreni a grana fine mediamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	180-360
D	Depositi di terreni a grana grossa scarsamente addensati o terreni a grana fine scarsamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	<180
E	E - Terreni dei sottosuoli dei tipi C o D per spessori non superiori a 20 m, posti sul substrato di riferimento (con $V_S > 800$ m/s).	

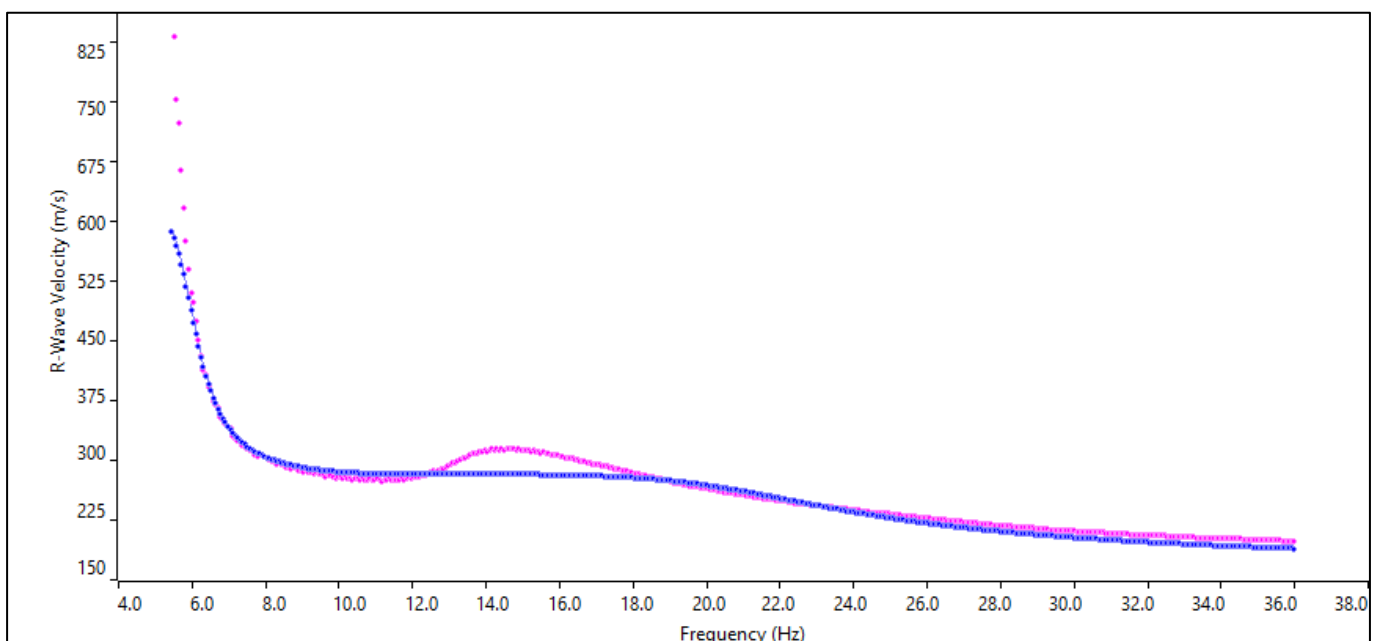
Sismogramma



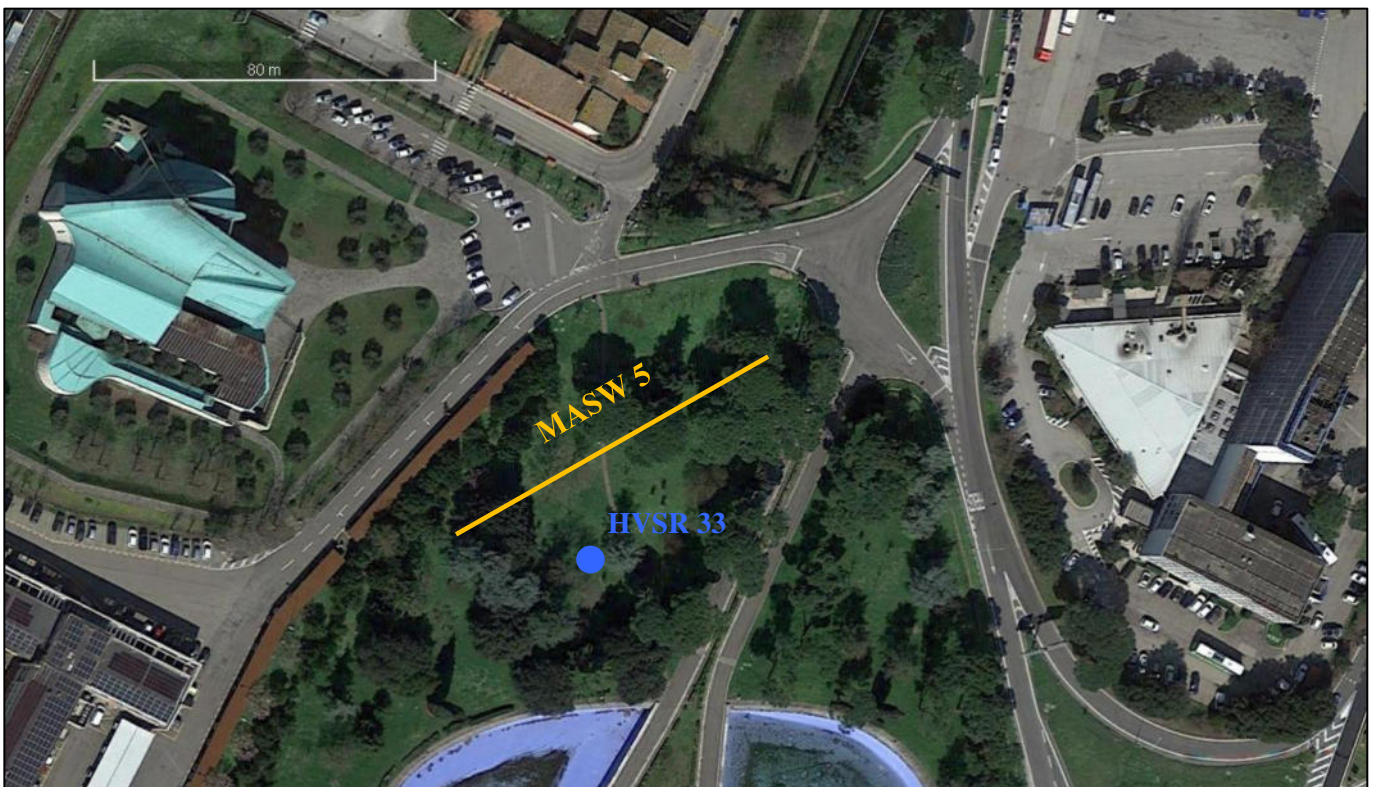
Spettro F - K



Match Curva di dispersione sperimentale – teorica



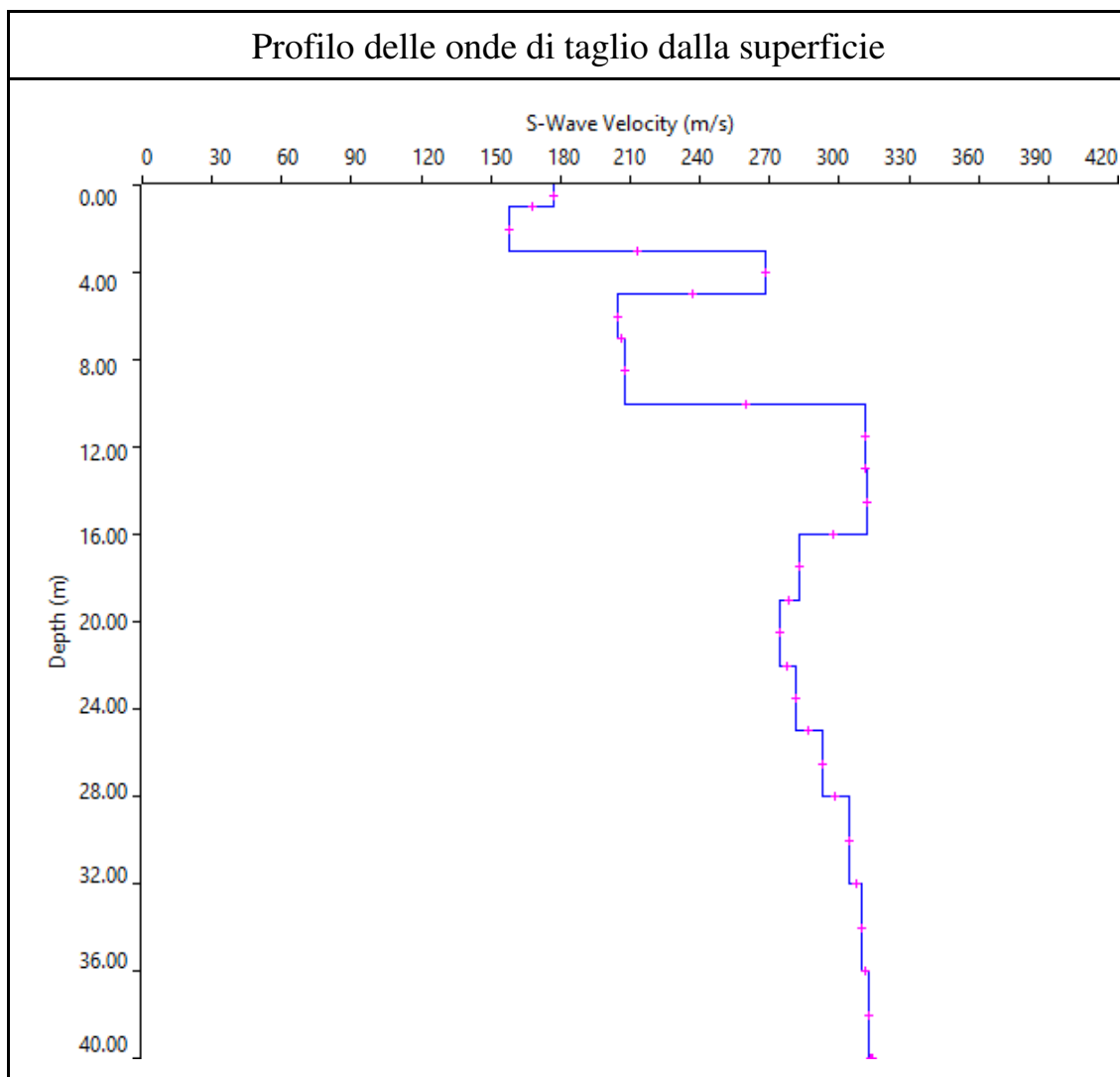
INDAGINE MASW 05



Ubicazione dell'indagine

Thickness	Depth	Vs	Vp	Poisson	Density
1	0	177	354	0.333	1.8
2	1	158	316	0.333	1.8
2	3	268	536	0.333	1.8
2	5	205	410	0.333	1.8
3	7	208	416	0.333	1.8
3	10	311	622	0.333	1.8
3	13	312	624	0.333	1.8
3	16	283	566	0.333	1.8
3	19	274	548	0.333	1.8
3	22	281	562	0.333	1.8
3	25	293	586	0.333	1.8
4	28	304	608	0.333	1.8
4	32	310	620	0.333	1.8
4	36	313	626	0.333	1.8
	40	314	628	0.333	1.8

Tabella 1: modello sismico monodimensionale.



Calcolo della $V_{s,eq}$

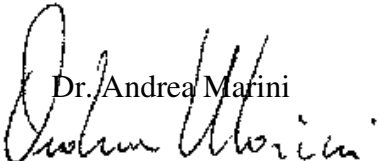
A partire dal modello sismico restituito, è possibile calcolare il valore delle $V_{Sequivalente}$, che rappresenta la velocità di propagazione delle onde di taglio entro 30 m. di profondità.

Per **velocità equivalente di propagazione delle onde di taglio** si intende la media pesata delle velocità delle onde S nei primi metri di profondità da una quota scelta, secondo la relazione, riportata nel D.M. 17.01.2018 (“Norme tecniche per le costruzioni”):

$$V_{s,eq} = \frac{H}{\sum_{strato=1}^N \frac{h(strato)}{V_s(strato)}}$$

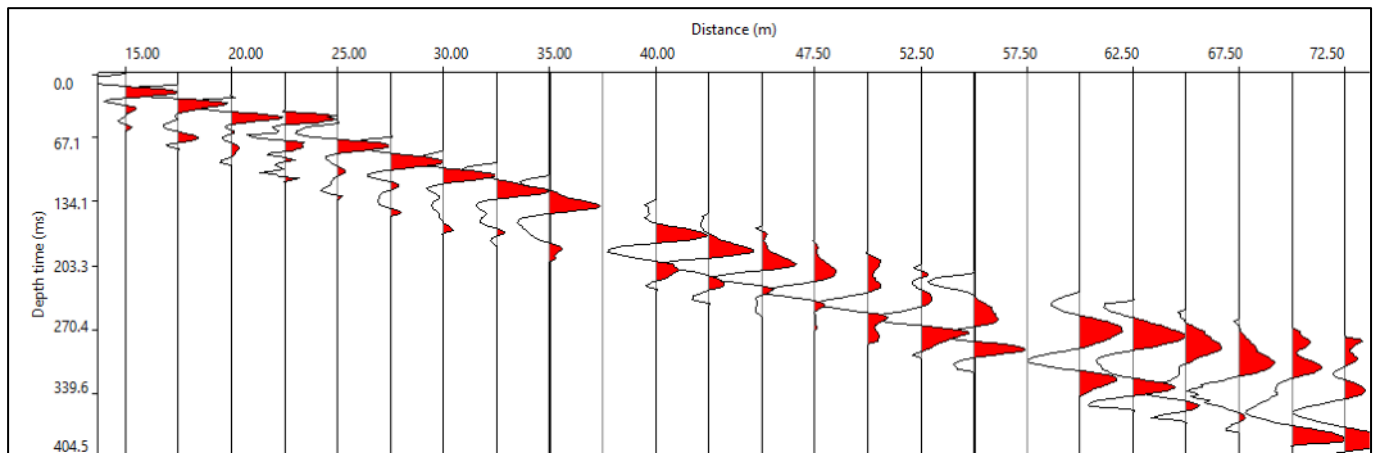
Dove N è il numero di strati individuabili nei primi metri di suolo, ciascuno caratterizzato dallo spessore $h(strato)$ e dalla velocità delle onde S $V_s(strato)$. Per H si intende la profondità del substrato, definito come quella formazione costituita da roccia o terreno molto rigido, caratterizzata da V_s non inferiore a 800 m/s. Per depositi con profondità H del substrato superiore a 30 m, la velocità equivalente delle onde di taglio $V_{s,eq}$ è definita dal parametro V_{s30} , ottenuto ponendo $H=30$ m nella precedente espressione e considerando le proprietà degli strati di terreno fino a tale profondità.

Utilizzando la formula sopra riportata, a partire dal piano campagna attuale si ottiene il seguente valore $V_{s,eq} = 254$ m/s a cui corrisponde la categoria di suolo di fondazione di tipo **C** (si veda la tabella seguente).

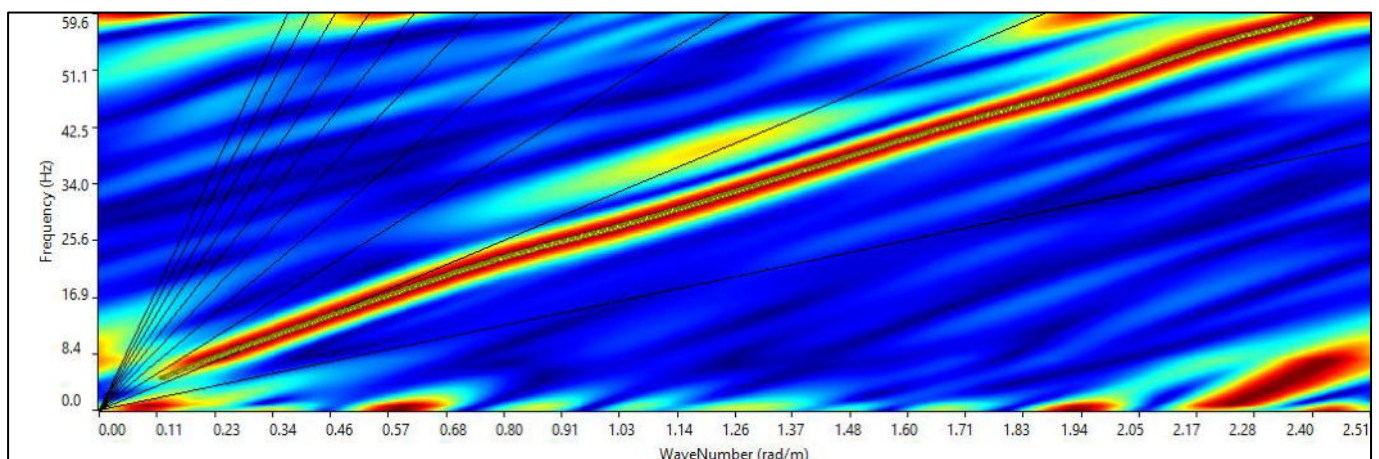

 Dr. Andrea Marini

CAT.	DESCRIZIONE PROFILO STRATIGRAFICO	PARAMETRI
		V_s 30 m/sec.
A	Ammassi rocciosi affioranti o terreni molto rigidi, caratterizzati da valori di V_{S30} superiori a 800 m/s, eventualmente comprendenti in superficie uno strato di alterazione, con spessore massimo di 3 m.	> 800
B	Rocce tenere e depositi di terreni a grana grossa molto addensati o terreni a grana fine molto consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m, caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	360-800
C	Depositati di terreni a grana grossa mediamente addensati o terreni a grana fine mediamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	180-360
D	Depositati di terreni a grana grossa scarsamente addensati o terreni a grana fine scarsamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	<180
E	E - Terreni dei sottosuoli dei tipi C o D per spessori non superiori a 20 m, posti sul substrato di riferimento (con $V_S > 800$ m/s).	

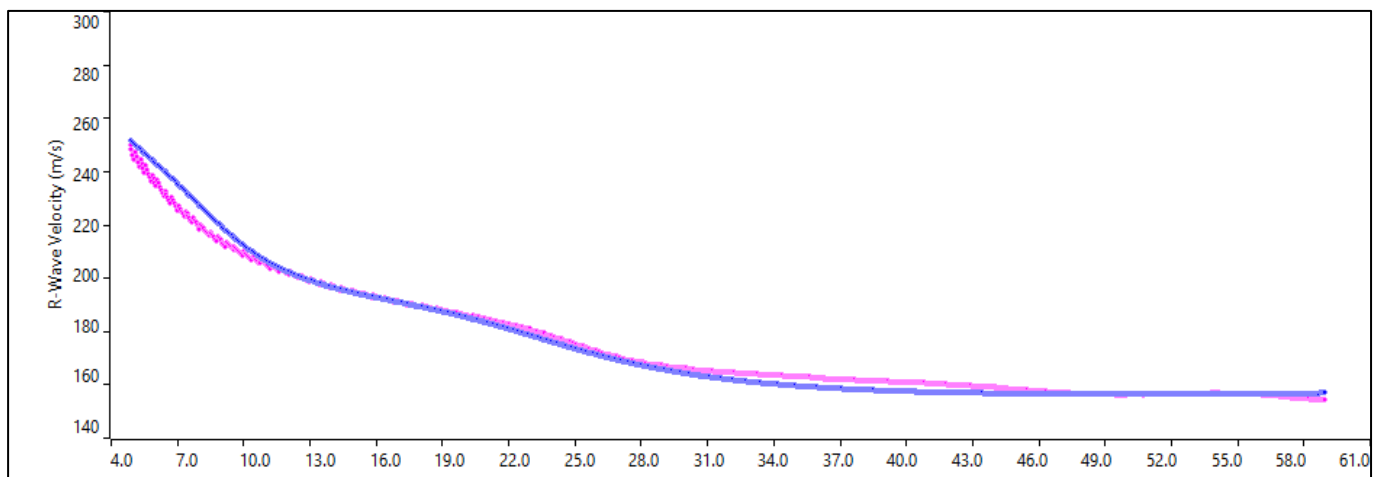
Sismogramma



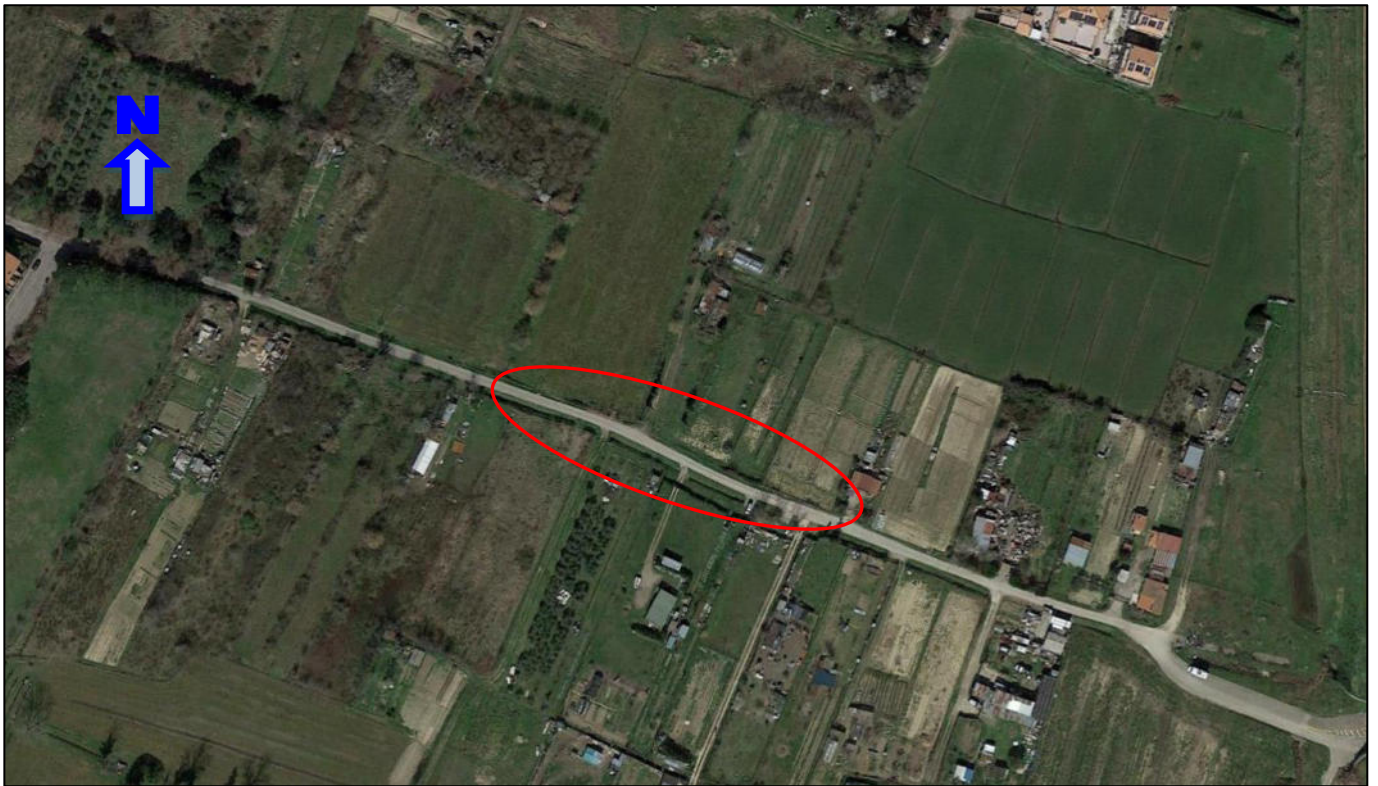
Spettro F - K



Match Curva di dispersione sperimentale - teorica



INDAGINE DI SISMICA A RIFRAZIONE ST 01



Ubicazione dell'indagine

Risultati:

L'indagine di sismica a rifrazione ha permesso di caratterizzare dinamicamente le unità litologiche presenti nell'area, tramite la misura della velocità di propagazione delle onde di compressione (V_P) e di taglio (V_S), e la determinazione della geometria nel sottosuolo (spessori e superfici di contatto).

I dati acquisiti sono stati elaborati in tecnica tomografica, utilizzando il software Rayfract.

Il profilo ha messo in evidenza una distribuzione delle velocità delle onde sismiche di compressione (P) e di taglio (S) schematizzabile in due sismostrati.

Per le onde P si osserva un livello superficiale con spessore medio di circa 4,3 metri e con velocità media V_P pari a 655 metri/s.

Al di sotto le velocità aumentano e si attestano su livelli medi di 1610 m/s.

Per le onde S il primo sismo strati ha spessore medio di circa 13,3 metri e con velocità media V_S pari a 265 metri/s.

Le velocità del substrato hanno un valore medio di 460 m/s.

Calcolo della V_{S30}

A partire dal modello sismico restituito, è possibile calcolare il valore delle $V_{S_{equivalente}}$, che rappresenta la velocità di propagazione delle onde di taglio entro 30 m. di profondità.

Per **velocità equivalente di propagazione delle onde di taglio** si intende la media pesata delle velocità delle onde S negli strati nei primi metri di profondità dal piano di posa della fondazione, secondo la relazione, riportata nel D.M. 17.01.2018 (“Norme tecniche per le costruzioni”):

$$V_{s, eq} = \frac{H}{\sum_{strato=1}^N \frac{h(strato)}{V_s(strato)}}$$

Dove N è il numero di strati individuabili nei primi metri di suolo, ciascuno caratterizzato dallo spessore $h(strato)$ e dalla velocità delle onde S $V_s(strato)$. Per H si intende la profondità del substrato, definito come quella formazione costituita da roccia o terreno molto rigido, caratterizzata da V_s non inferiore a 800 m/s. Per depositi con profondità H del substrato superiore a 30 m, la velocità equivalente delle onde di taglio $V_{s,eq}$ è definita dal parametro V_{s30} , ottenuto ponendo $H=30$ m nella precedente espressione e considerando le proprietà degli strati di terreno fino a tale profondità.

Utilizzando la formula sopra riportata, considerando la quota della fondazione a partire dal piano campagna attuale, si ottiene il seguente valore $V_{s,eq} = 347 \text{ m/s}$ a cui corrisponde la categoria di suolo di fondazione di tipo **C** (si veda la tabella seguente).

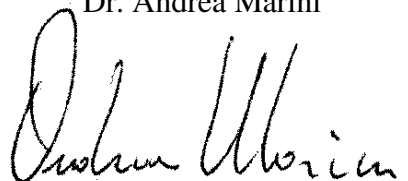
Tabella : Categorie di suolo di fondazione (D.M. 14-09-2005; D.M. 14-01-2008)

CAT.	DESCRIZIONE PROFILO STRATIGRAFICO	PARAMETRI		
		Vs 30 m/sec.	N spt	Cu (Kpa)
A	Ammassi rocciosi affioranti o terreni molto rigidi, caratterizzati da valori di VS30 superiori a 800 m/s, eventualmente comprendenti in superficie uno strato di alterazione, con spessore massimo di 3 m.	> 800	-	-
B	Rocce tenere e depositi di terreni a grana grossa molto addensati o terreni a grana fine molto consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m, caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	360-800	>50	>250
C	Depositi di terreni a grana grossa mediamente addensati o terreni a grana fine mediamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	180-360	<50	70-250
D	Depositi di terreni a grana grossa scarsamente addensati o terreni a grana fine scarsamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	<180	<15	<70
E	E - Terreni dei sottosuoli dei tipi C o D per spessori non superiori a 20 m, posti sul substrato di riferimento (con VS > 800 m/s).			

Il Tecnico:

GeoEcho s.n.c.

Dr. Andrea Marini



INDAGINE DI SISMICA A RIFRAZIONE ST01 - ONDE P E ONDE SH

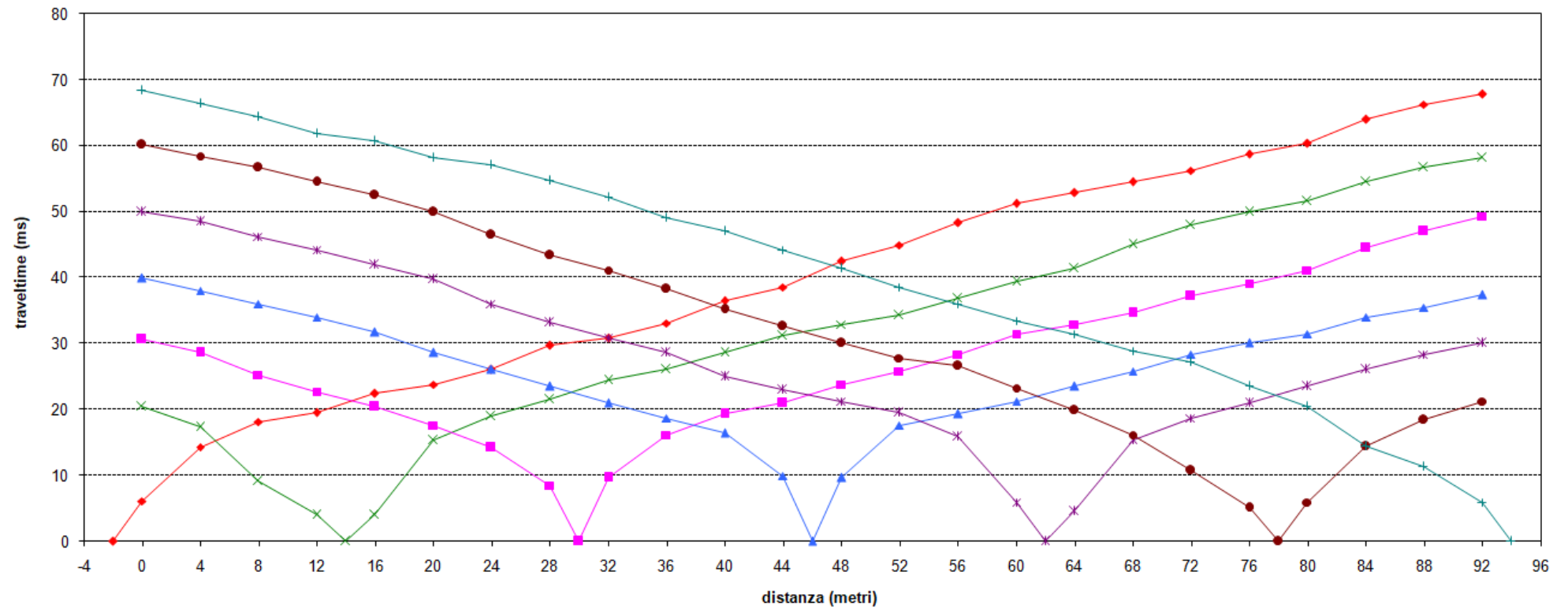
SCHEMA DETTAGLIATO DELLA LINEA DI ACQUISIZIONE

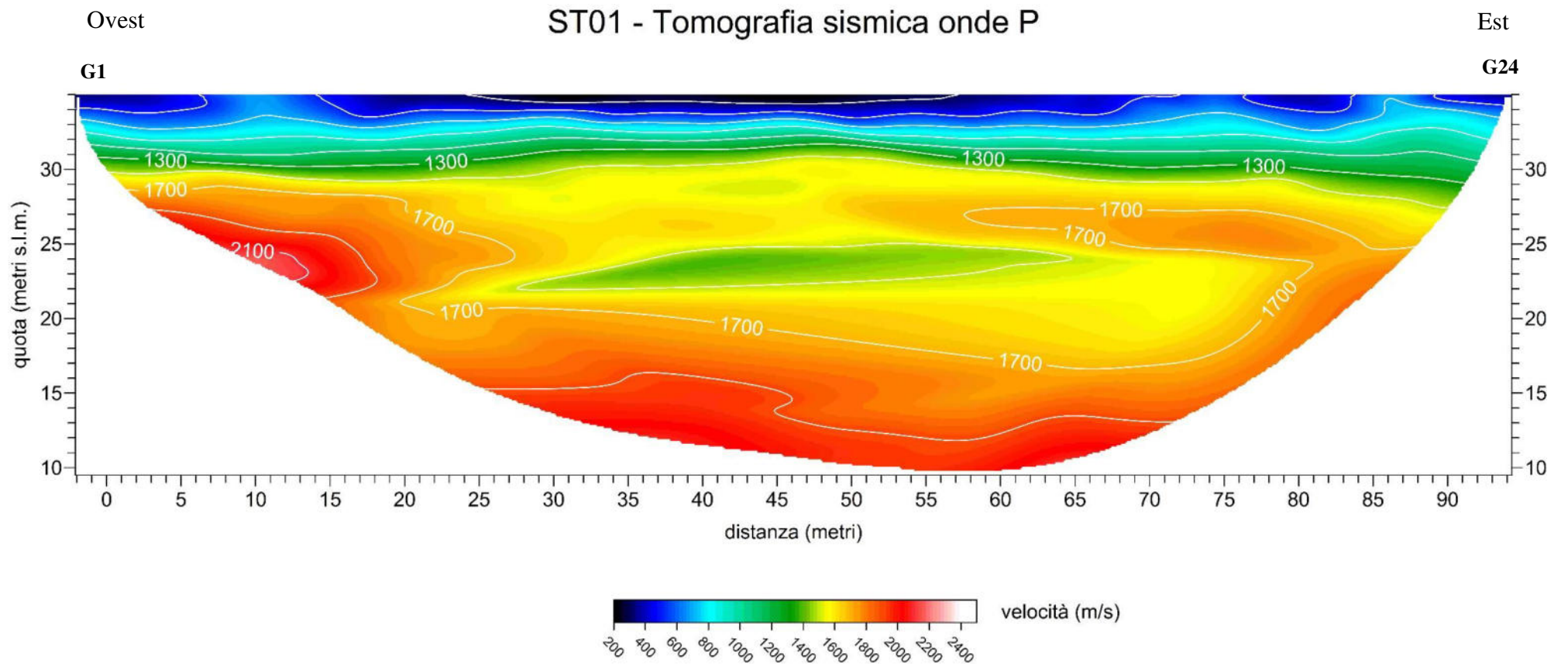
Geofoni n.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Distanza progressiva (m)	0	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	68	72	76	80	84	88	92
Distanza parziale (m)	0	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Quote geof. (m s.l.m.)	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35

PUNTI DI ENERGIZZAZIONE - ONDE SH

	SCOPPIO 1	SCOPPIO 2	SCOPPIO 3	SCOPPIO 4	SCOPPIO 5	SCOPPIO 6	SCOPPIO 7
POSIZ. DAL GEOF. N 1 (m)	-2,0	14	30	46	62	78	94
QUOTA (m s.l.m.)	35	35	35	35	35	35	35

DROMOCRONE ST01 - ONDE P





SEZIONE SISMOSTRATIGRAFICA ST01 - ONDE P

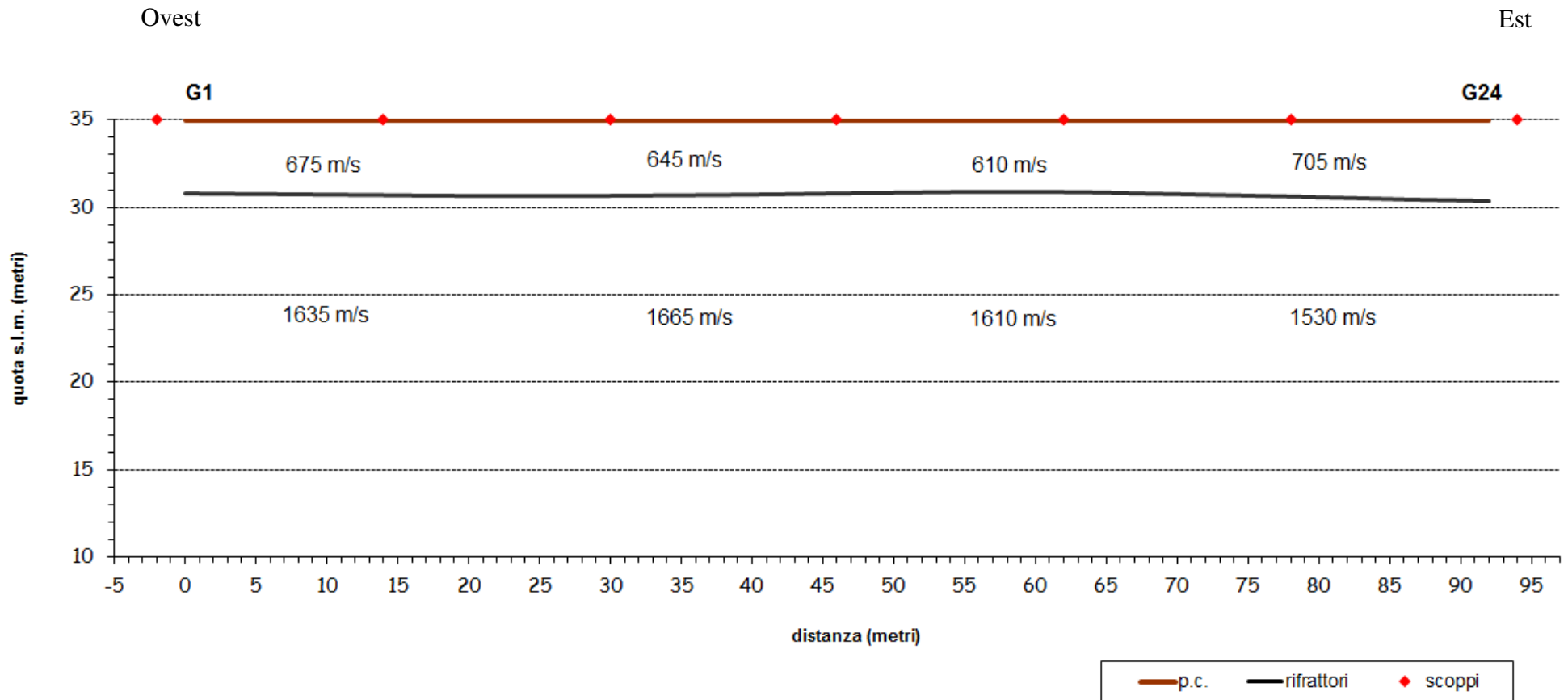
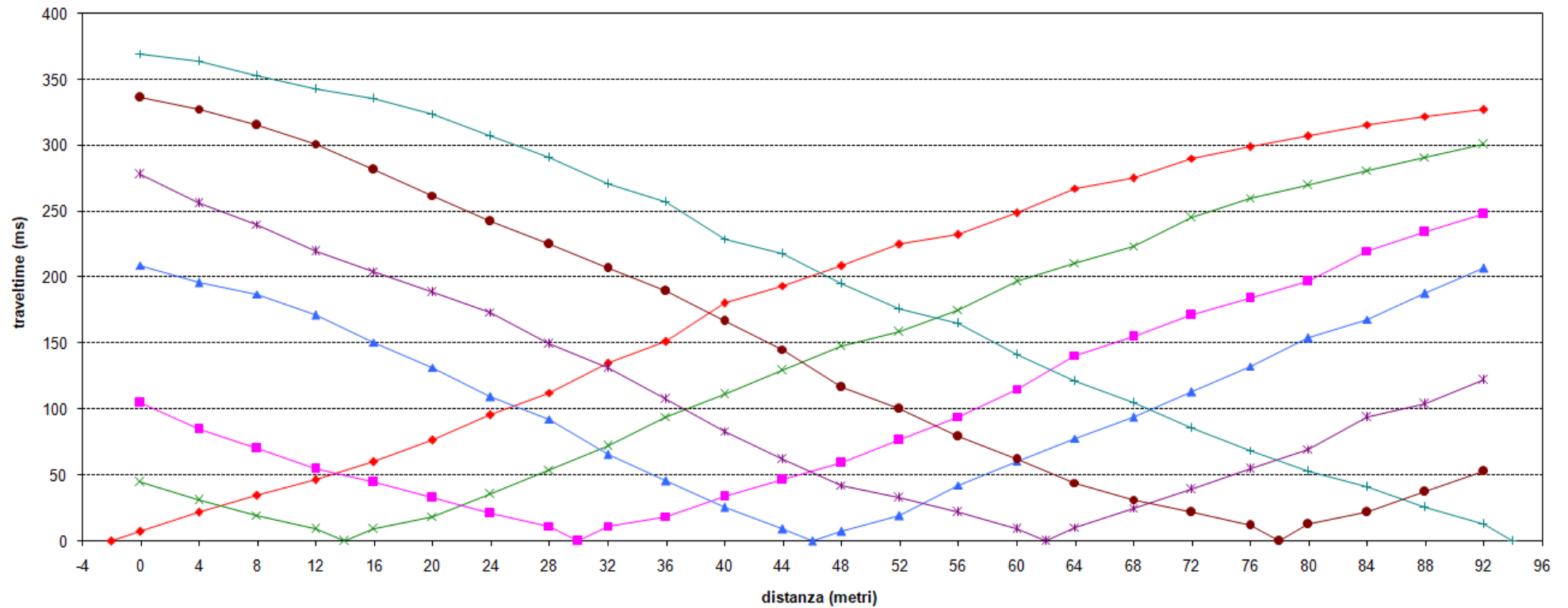
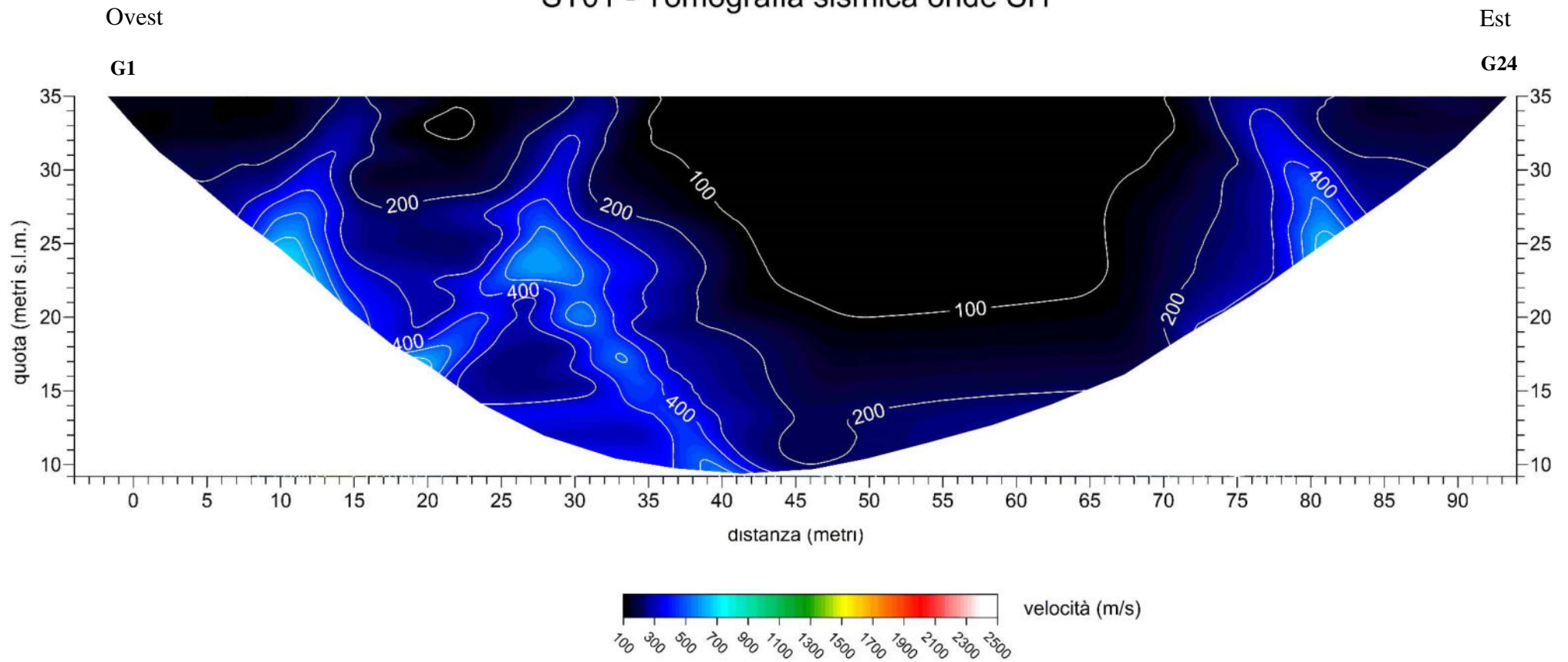


Tabella velocità e spessori - Linea ST01 - Onde P						
Distanza dal geof. 1	Quota (m. slm)	V1 (m/s)	Spessore 1 (m.)	V2 (m/s)	Spessore 2 (m.)	V3 (m/s)
0	35	684	4.2	1605		
2	35	684	4.2	1613		
4	35	684	4.2	1619		
6	35	680	4.2	1625		
8	35	677	4.2	1630		
10	35	674	4.3	1635		
12	35	671	4.3	1639		
14	35	668	4.3	1643		
16	35	664	4.3	1647		
18	35	664	4.3	1650		
20	35	664	4.3	1654		
22	35	662	4.3	1657		
24	35	660	4.4	1661		
26	35	658	4.3	1664		
28	35	656	4.3	1667		
30	35	655	4.3	1669		
32	35	655	4.3	1671		
34	35	653	4.3	1672		
36	35	652	4.3	1671		
38	35	644	4.3	1667		
40	35	636	4.3	1663		
42	35	628	4.2	1658		
44	35	620	4.2	1652		
46	35	613	4.2	1648		
48	35	605	4.2	1643		
50	35	607	4.1	1636		
52	35	609	4.1	1630		
54	35	608	4.1	1625		
56	35	606	4.1	1620		
58	35	602	4.1	1619		
60	35	598	4.1	1612		
62	35	595	4.1	1603		
64	35	592	4.1	1595		
66	35	610	4.2	1587		
68	35	628	4.2	1579		
70	35	633	4.2	1571		
72	35	638	4.3	1563		
74	35	650	4.3	1554		
76	35	662	4.3	1547		
78	35	680	4.4	1540		
80	35	698	4.4	1534		
82	35	715	4.5	1528		
84	35	731	4.5	1521		
86	35	736	4.6	1513		
88	35	741	4.6	1506		
90	35	741	4.6	1501		
92	35	741	4.7	1497		

DROMOCRONE ST01 - ONDE SH



ST01 - Tomografia sismica onde SH



SEZIONE SISMOSTRATIGRAFICA ST01 - ONDE SH

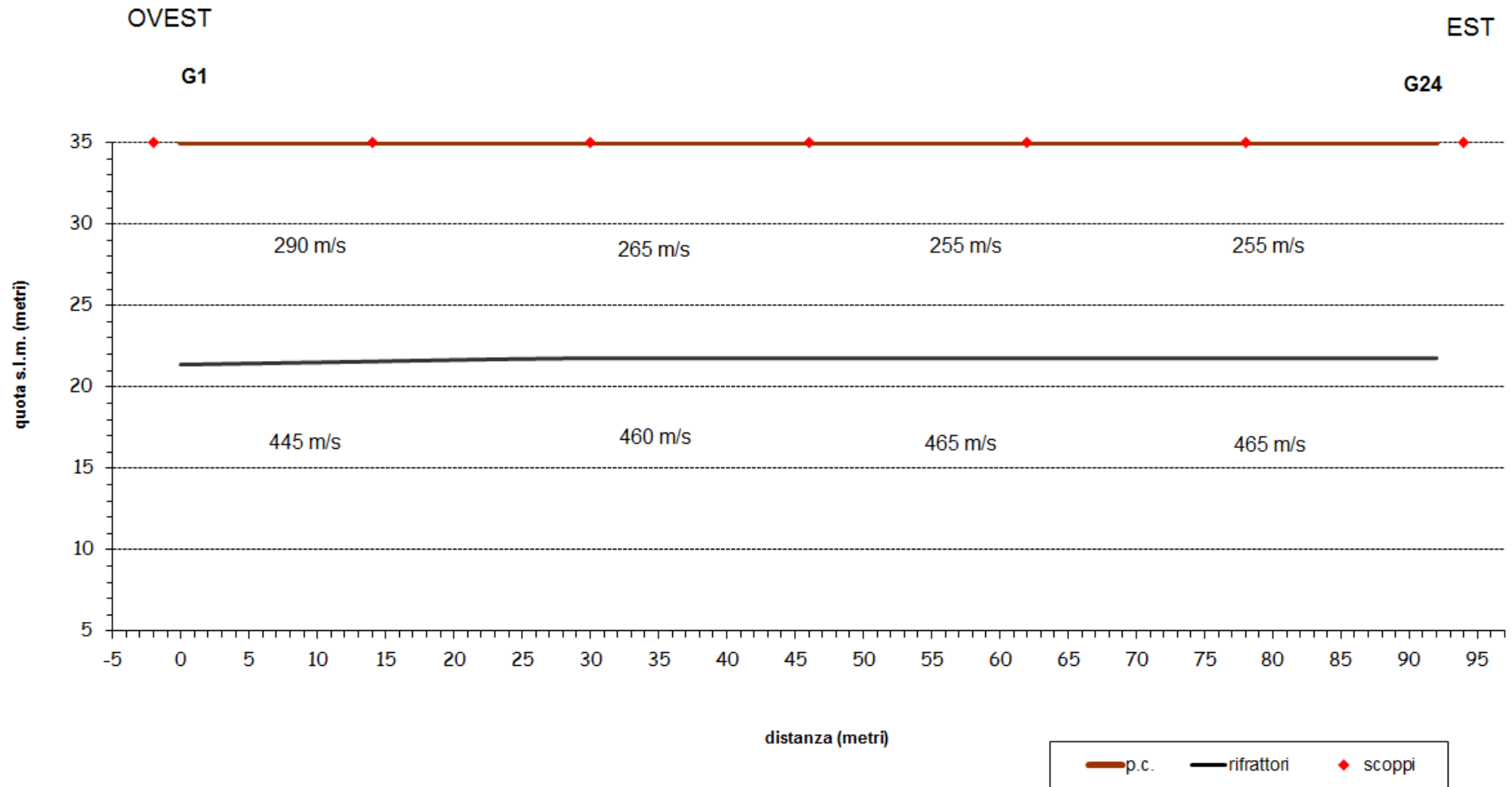


Tabella velocità e spessori - Linea ST01 - Onde SH						
Distanza dal geof. 1	Quota (m. slm)	V1 (m/s)	Spessore 1 (m.)	V2 (m/s)	Spessore 2 (m.)	V3 (m/s)
0	35	304	13.6	429		
2	35	302	13.6	433		
4	35	299	13.6	436		
6	35	297	13.5	440		
8	35	294	13.5	443		
10	35	291	13.5	446		
12	35	289	13.5	450		
14	35	286	13.4	453		
16	35	283	13.4	457		
18	35	279	13.4	460		
20	35	276	13.3	462		
22	35	274	13.3	460		
24	35	272	13.3	460		
26	35	270	13.2	459		
28	35	269	13.2	460		
30	35	266	13.2	461		
32	35	264	13.2	462		
34	35	264	13.2	463		
36	35	263	13.2	463		
38	35	261	13.2	463		
40	35	260	13.2	463		
42	35	259	13.2	463		
44	35	258	13.2	463		
46	35	258	13.2	463		
48	35	257	13.2	463		
50	35	257	13.2	463		
52	35	257	13.2	463		
54	35	257	13.2	463		
56	35	256	13.2	463		
58	35	255	13.2	463		
60	35	254	13.2	463		
62	35	253	13.2	463		
64	35	252	13.2	463		
66	35	252	13.2	463		
68	35	251	13.2	463		
70	35	251	13.2	463		
72	35	251	13.2	463		
74	35	251	13.2	463		
76	35	251	13.2	463		
78	35	253	13.2	463		
80	35	255	13.2	463		
82	35	256	13.2	463		
84	35	257	13.2	463		
86	35	257	13.2	463		
88	35	258	13.2	463		
90	35	258	13.2	463		
92	35	258	13.2	463		

DOCUMENTAZIONE FOTOGRAFICA



INDAGINE DI SISMICA A RIFRAZIONE ST 02



Ubicazione dell'indagine

Risultati:

L'indagine di sismica a rifrazione ha permesso di caratterizzare dinamicamente le unità litologiche presenti nell'area, tramite la misura della velocità di propagazione delle onde di compressione (V_P) e di taglio (V_S), e la determinazione della geometria nel sottosuolo (spessori e superfici di contatto).

I dati acquisiti sono stati elaborati in tecnica tomografica, utilizzando il software Rayfract.

Il profilo ha messo in evidenza una distribuzione delle velocità delle onde sismiche di compressione (P) e di taglio (S) schematizzabile in due sismostrati.

Per le onde P si osserva un livello superficiale con spessore medio di circa 4,7 metri e con velocità media V_P pari a 510 metri/s.

Al di sotto le velocità aumentano e si attestano su livelli medi di 1635 m/s.

Per le onde S il primo sismostrato ha spessore medio di circa 4,9 metri con velocità media V_S pari a 195 metri/s.

Le velocità del substrato hanno un valore medio di 245 m/s.

Calcolo della V_{S30}

A partire dal modello sismico restituito, è possibile calcolare il valore delle $V_{S_{equivalente}}$, che rappresenta la velocità di propagazione delle onde di taglio entro 30 m. di profondità.

Per **velocità equivalente di propagazione delle onde di taglio** si intende la media pesata delle velocità delle onde S negli strati nei primi metri di profondità dal piano di posa della fondazione, secondo la relazione, riportata nel D.M. 17.01.2018 ("Norme tecniche per le costruzioni"):

$$V_{s, eq} = \frac{H}{\sum_{strato=1}^N \frac{h(strato)}{V_s(strato)}}$$

Dove N è il numero di strati individuabili nei primi metri di suolo, ciascuno caratterizzato dallo spessore $h(strato)$ e dalla velocità delle onde S $V_s(strato)$. Per H si intende la profondità del substrato, definito come quella formazione costituita da roccia o terreno molto rigido, caratterizzata da V_s non inferiore a 800 m/s. Per depositi con profondità H del substrato superiore a 30 m, la velocità equivalente delle onde di taglio $V_{s,eq}$ è definita dal parametro V_{s30} , ottenuto ponendo $H=30$ m nella precedente espressione e considerando le proprietà degli strati di terreno fino a tale profondità.

Utilizzando la formula sopra riportata, considerando la quota della fondazione a partire dal piano campagna attuale, si ottiene il seguente valore $V_{s,eq} = 232 \text{ m/s}$ a cui corrisponde la categoria di suolo di fondazione di tipo **C** (si veda la tabella seguente).

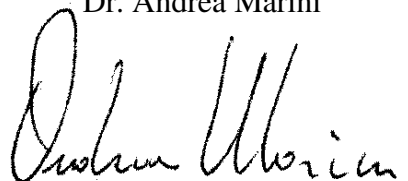
Tabella : Categorie di suolo di fondazione (D.M. 14-09-2005; D.M. 14-01-2008)

CAT.	DESCRIZIONE PROFILO STRATIGRAFICO	PARAMETRI		
		Vs 30 m/sec.	N spt	Cu (Kpa)
A	Ammassi rocciosi affioranti o terreni molto rigidi, caratterizzati da valori di VS30 superiori a 800 m/s, eventualmente comprendenti in superficie uno strato di alterazione, con spessore massimo di 3 m.	> 800	-	-
B	Rocce tenere e depositi di terreni a grana grossa molto addensati o terreni a grana fine molto consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m, caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	360-800	>50	>250
C	Depositi di terreni a grana grossa mediamente addensati o terreni a grana fine mediamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	180-360	<50	70-250
D	Depositi di terreni a grana grossa scarsamente addensati o terreni a grana fine scarsamente consistenti, con spessori superiori a 30 m caratterizzati da graduale miglioramento delle proprietà meccaniche con la profondità	<180	<15	<70
E	E - Terreni dei sottosuoli dei tipi C o D per spessori non superiori a 20 m, posti sul substrato di riferimento (con VS > 800 m/s).			

Il Tecnico:

GeoEcho s.n.c.

Dr. Andrea Marini



INDAGINE DI SISMICA A RIFRAZIONE ST02 - ONDE P E ONDE SH

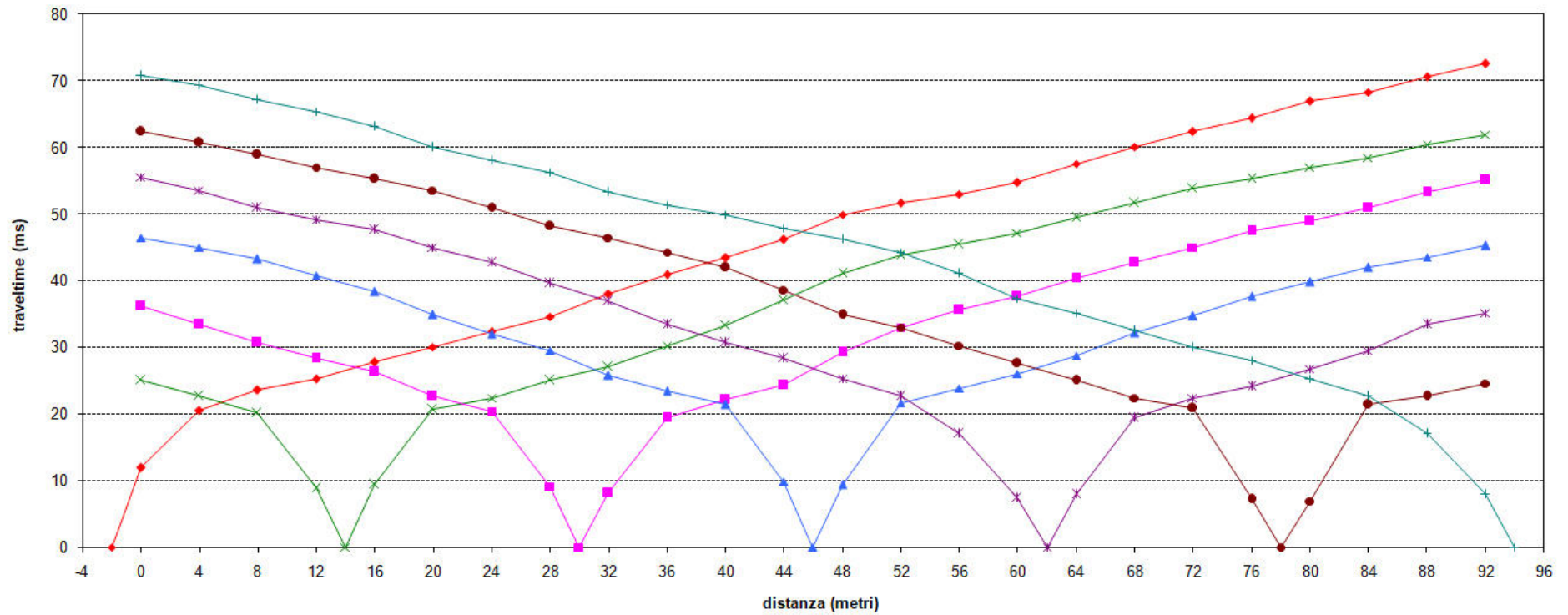
SCHEMA DETTAGLIATO DELLA LINEA DI ACQUISIZIONE

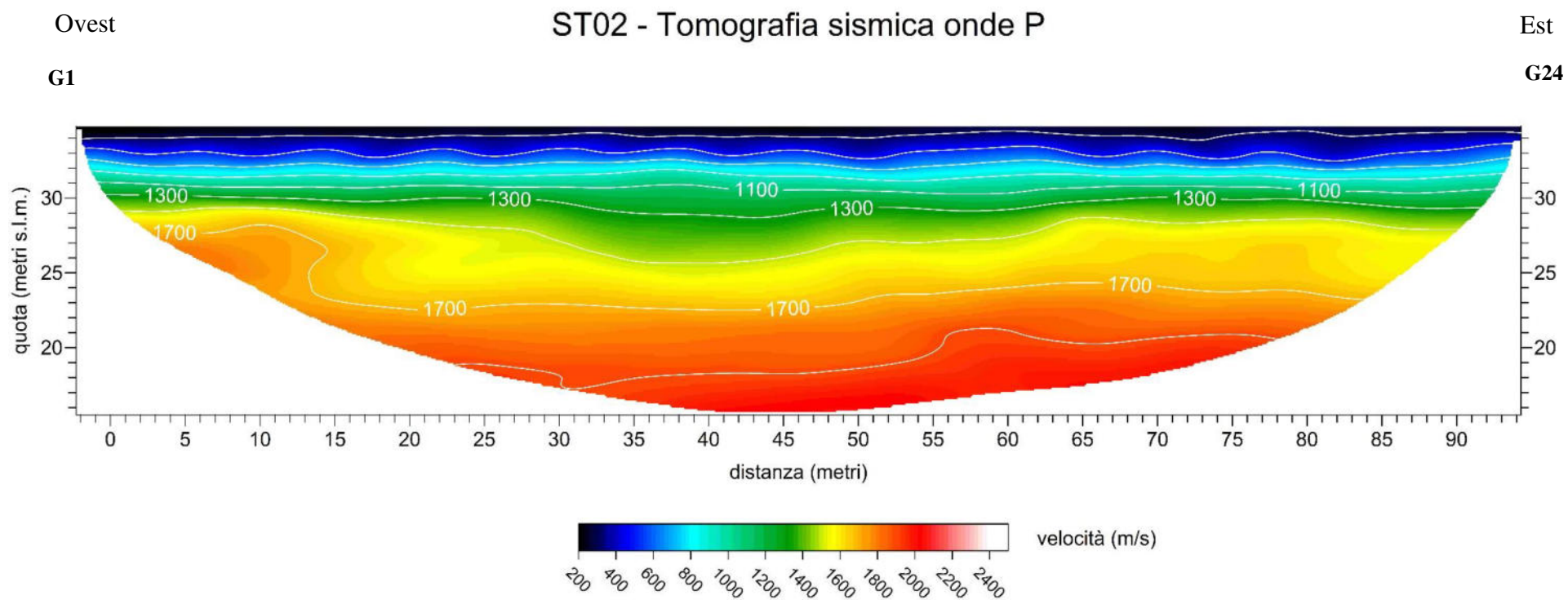
Geofoni n.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Distanza progressiva (m)	0	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	68	72	76	80	84	88	92
Distanza parziale (m)	0	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Quote geof. (m s.l.m.)	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8

PUNTI DI ENERGIZZAZIONE - ONDE SH

	SCOPPIO 1	SCOPPIO 2	SCOPPIO 3	SCOPPIO 4	SCOPPIO 5	SCOPPIO 6	SCOPPIO 7
POSIZ. DAL GEOF. N 1 (m)	-2,0	14	30	46	62	78	94
QUOTA (m s.l.m.)	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8	34,8

DROMOCRONE ST02 - ONDE P





SEZIONE SISMOSTRATIGRAFICA ST02 - ONDE P

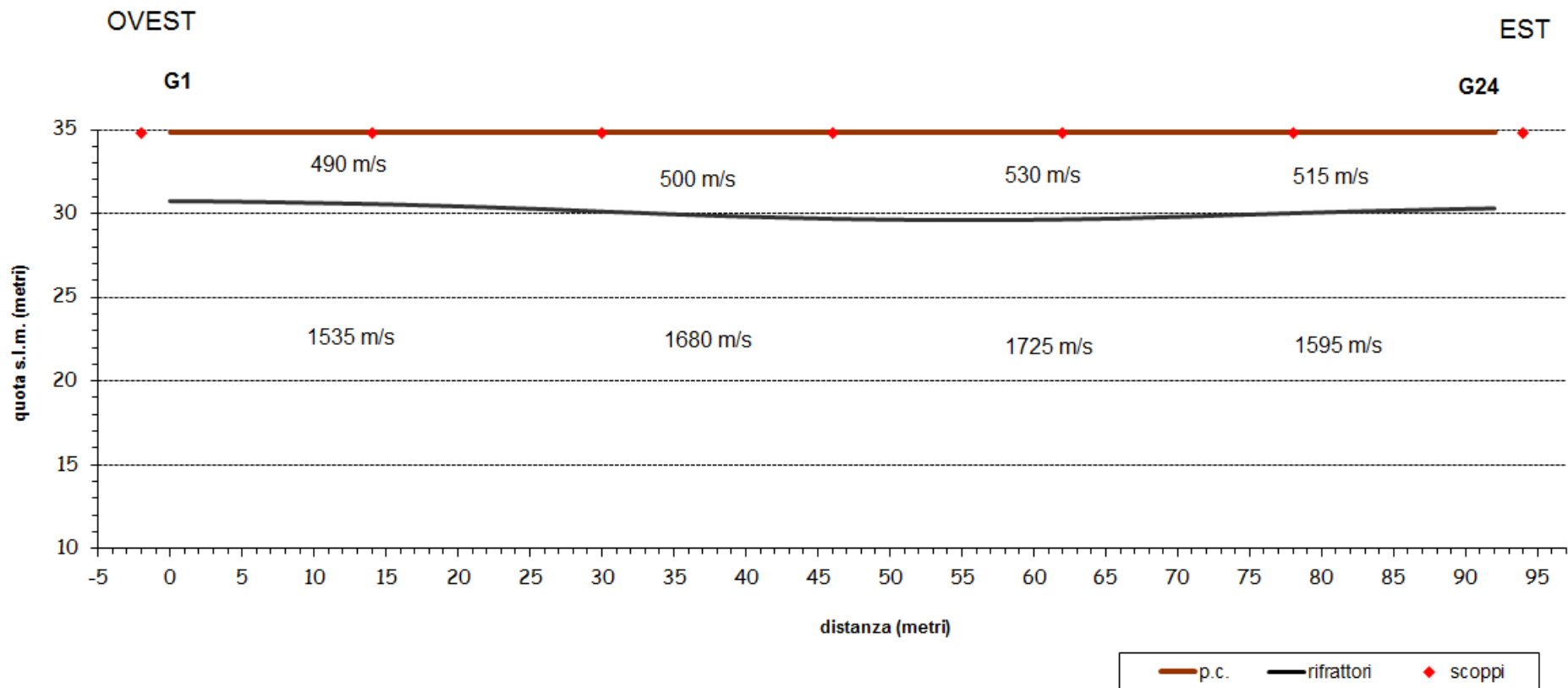
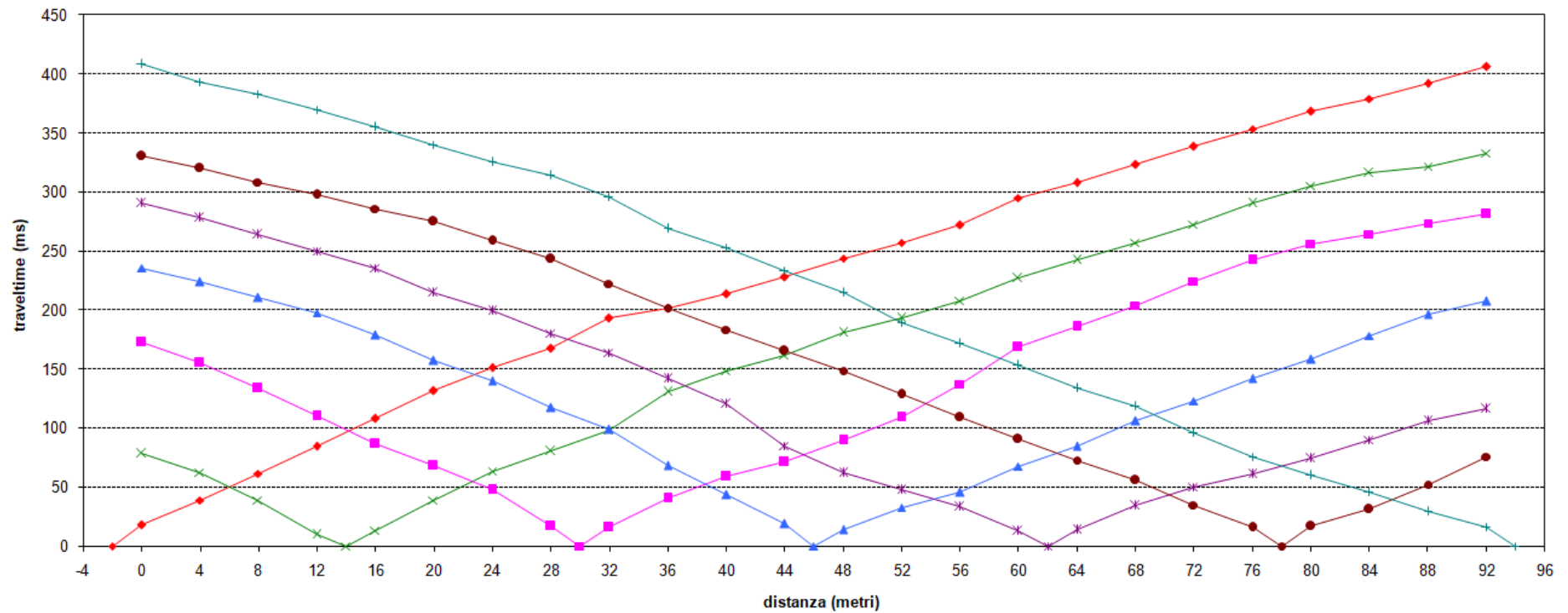
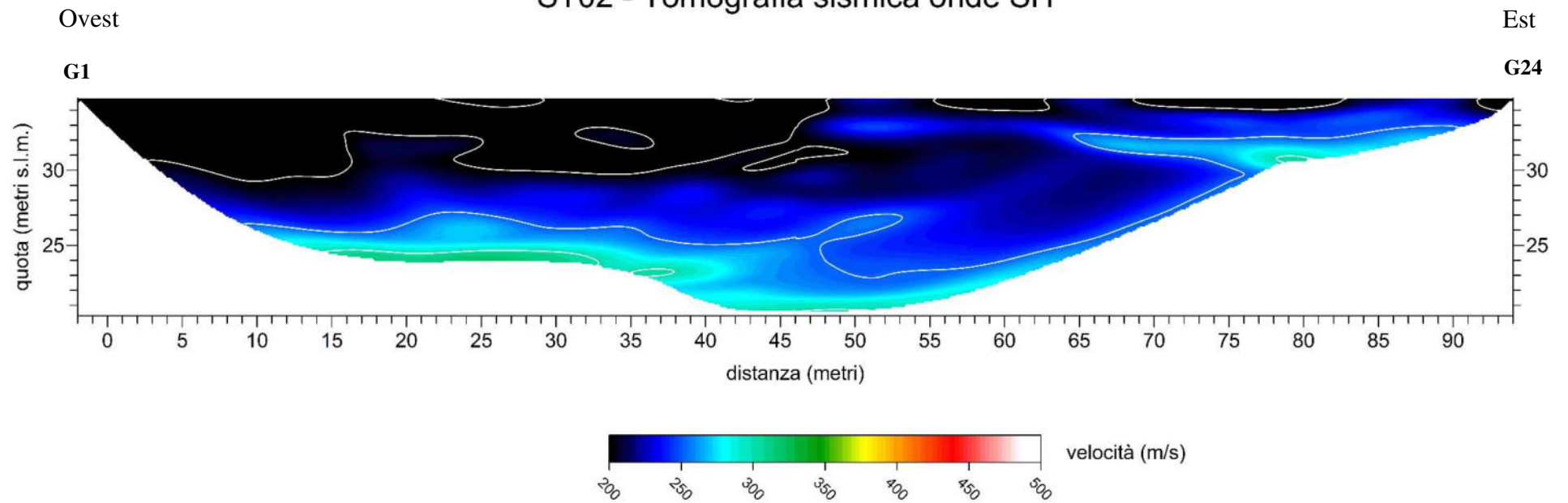


Tabella velocità e spessori - Linea ST02 - Onde P						
Distanza dal geof. 1	Quota (m. slm)	V1 (m/s)	Spessore 1 (m.)	V2 (m/s)	Spessore 2 (m.)	V3 (m/s)
0	34,8	491	4.1	1506		
2	34,8	491	4.1	1507		
4	34,8	491	4.1	1510		
6	34,8	491	4.1	1513		
8	34,8	491	4.1	1517		
10	34,8	491	4.2	1523		
12	34,8	491	4.2	1530		
14	34,8	491	4.2	1542		
16	34,8	491	4.3	1552		
18	34,8	491	4.3	1562		
20	34,8	491	4.4	1573		
22	34,8	491	4.4	1587		
24	34,8	491	4.5	1600		
26	34,8	491	4.5	1616		
28	34,8	491	4.6	1632		
30	34,8	491	4.7	1648		
32	34,8	490	4.7	1663		
34	34,8	494	4.8	1677		
36	34,8	499	4.9	1692		
38	34,8	502	4.9	1704		
40	34,8	505	5.0	1716		
42	34,8	512	5.0	1726		
44	34,8	519	5.1	1736		
46	34,8	524	5.1	1746		
48	34,8	529	5.1	1752		
50	34,8	531	5.2	1755		
52	34,8	532	5.2	1755		
54	34,8	537	5.2	1753		
56	34,8	541	5.2	1742		
58	34,8	536	5.2	1735		
60	34,8	530	5.2	1726		
62	34,8	529	5.1	1716		
64	34,8	527	5.1	1705		
66	34,8	529	5.1	1693		
68	34,8	531	5.0	1680		
70	34,8	527	5.0	1667		
72	34,8	522	4.9	1652		
74	34,8	522	4.9	1639		
76	34,8	522	4.8	1625		
78	34,8	522	4.8	1612		
80	34,8	521	4.7	1600		
82	34,8	521	4.7	1589		
84	34,8	520	4.6	1581		
86	34,8	512	4.6	1570		
88	34,8	503	4.6	1561		
90	34,8	504	4.5	1555		
92	34,8	505	4.5	1550		

DROMOCRONE ST02 - ONDE SH



ST02 - Tomografia sismica onde SH



SEZIONE SISMOSTRATIGRAFICA ST02 - ONDE SH

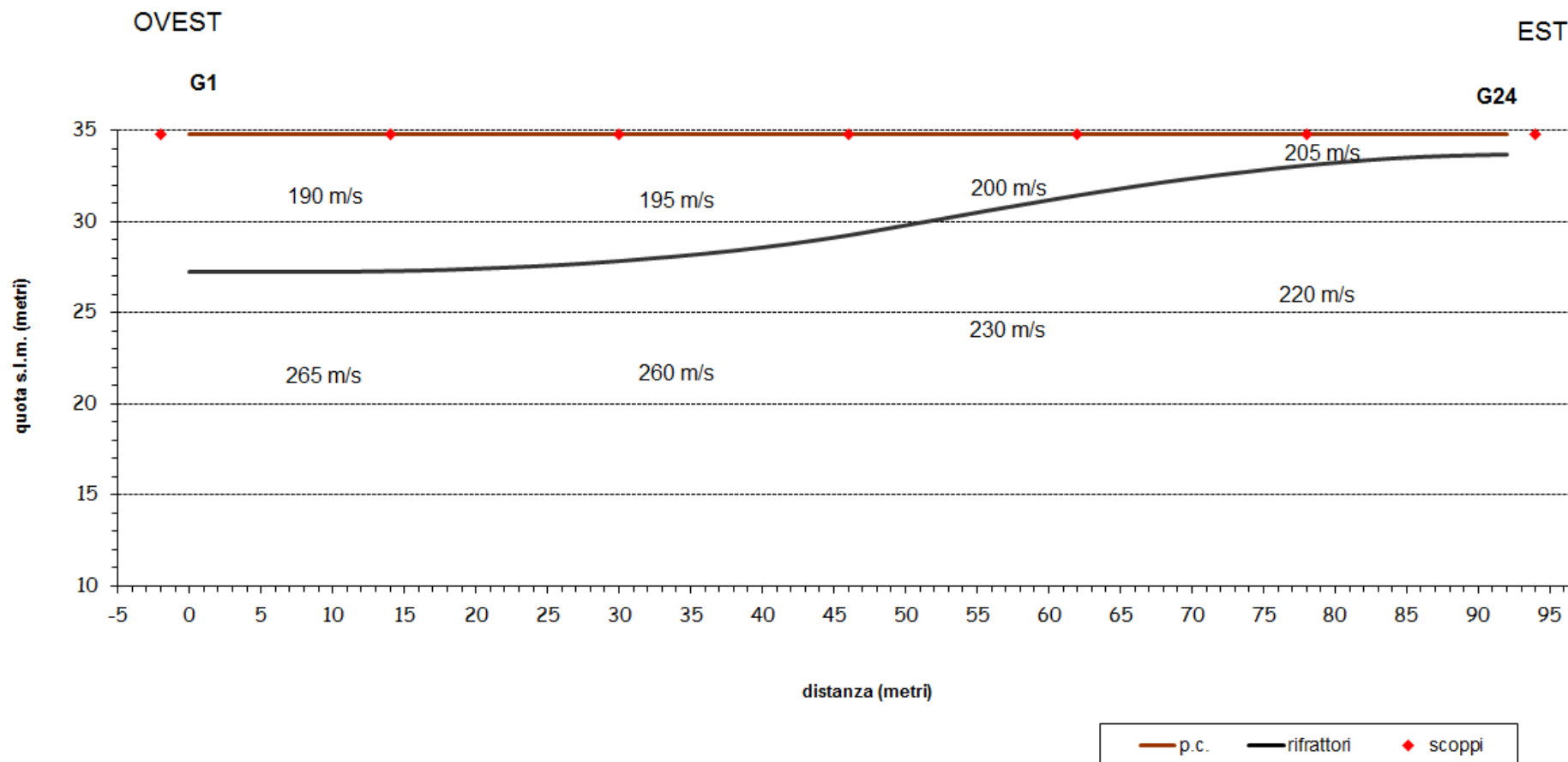


Tabella velocità e spessori - Linea ST02 - Onde SH						
Distanza dal geof. 1	Quota (m. slm)	V1 (m/s)	Spessore 1 (m.)	V2 (m/s)	Spessore 2 (m.)	V3 (m/s)
0	34,8	187	7.6	262		
2	34,8	186	7.6	262		
4	34,8	186	7.6	262		
6	34,8	187	7.6	263		
8	34,8	187	7.6	263		
10	34,8	187	7.6	264		
12	34,8	188	7.5	264		
14	34,8	188	7.5	264		
16	34,8	189	7.5	265		
18	34,8	190	7.5	265		
20	34,8	190	7.4	265		
22	34,8	192	7.3	266		
24	34,8	193	7.3	266		
26	34,8	193	7.2	267		
28	34,8	193	7.1	266		
30	34,8	193	7.0	265		
32	34,8	193	6.8	263		
34	34,8	193	6.7	261		
36	34,8	194	6.6	259		
38	34,8	194	6.4	257		
40	34,8	194	6.2	255		
42	34,8	195	6.0	253		
44	34,8	196	5.8	251		
46	34,8	196	5.6	248		
48	34,8	197	5.3	245		
50	34,8	198	5.0	242		
52	34,8	200	4.7	240		
54	34,8	201	4.5	237		
56	34,8	202	4.2	235		
58	34,8	203	3.9	233		
60	34,8	204	3.6	231		
62	34,8	204	3.4	228		
64	34,8	204	3.1	225		
66	34,8	205	2.9	223		
68	34,8	205	2.7	221		
70	34,8	205	2.4	220		
72	34,8	206	2.2	220		
74	34,8	206	2.1	219		
76	34,8	206	1.9	219		
78	34,8	206	1.7	220		
80	34,8	206	1.6	220		
82	34,8	206	1.5	220		
84	34,8	206	1.3	220		
86	34,8	206	1.3	220		
88	34,8	206	1.2	220		
90	34,8	206	1.2	221		
92	34,8	206	1.1	221		

DOCUMENTAZIONE FOTOGRAFICA



CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA EINSTEIN *HV1

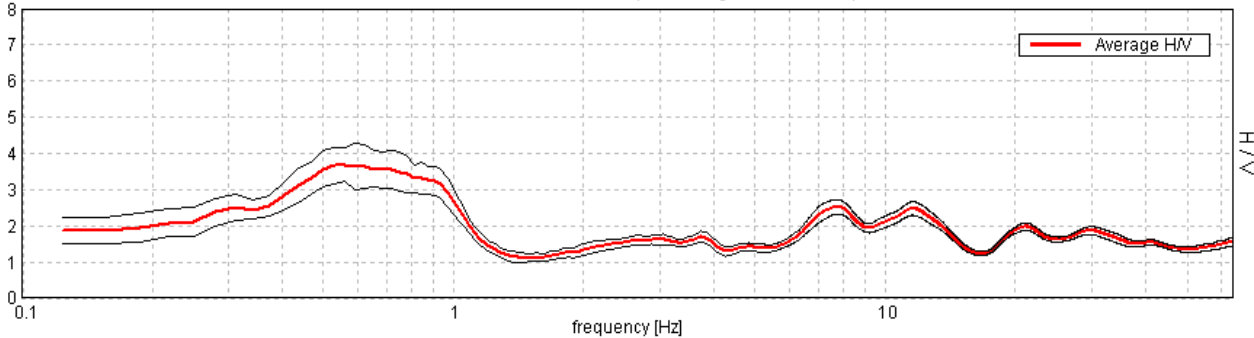
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 25/09/18 11:57:57 End recording: 25/09/18 12:17:57
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 78% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

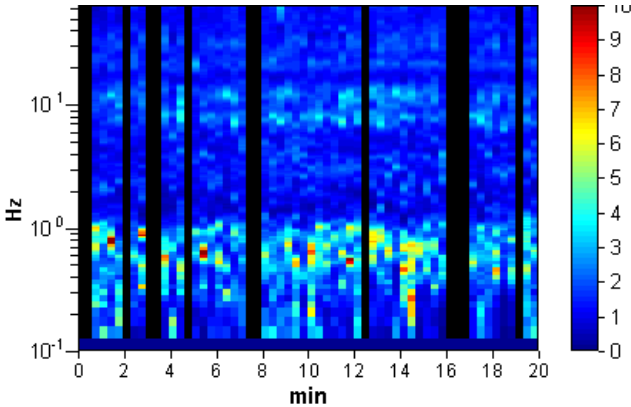


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

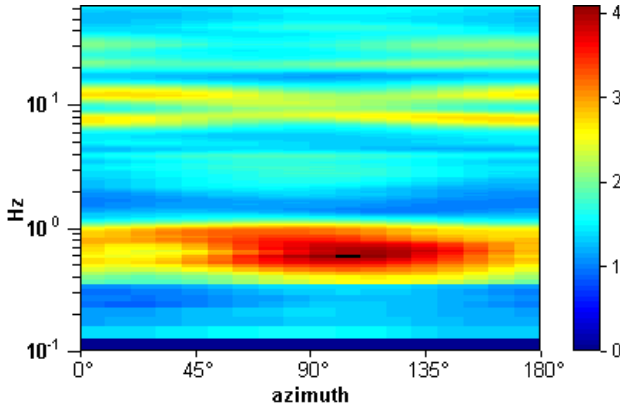
Max. H/V at 0.56 ± 0.12 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



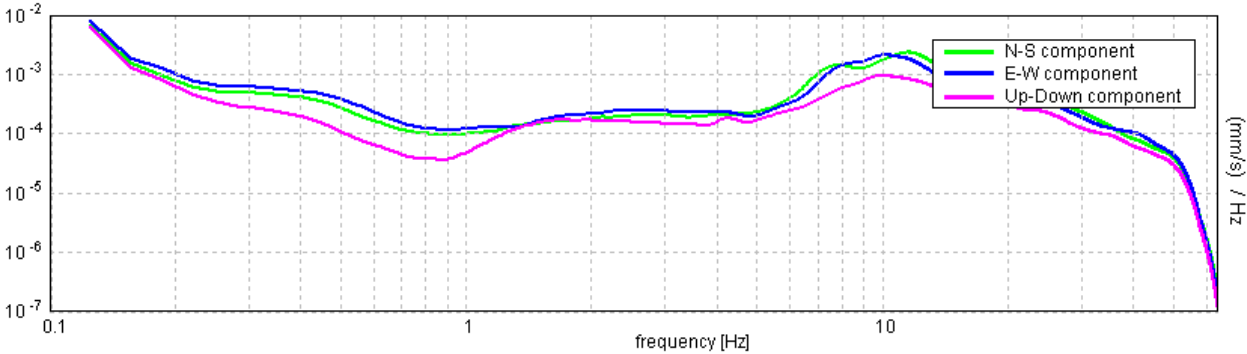
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.56 ± 0.12 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.56 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$528.8 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 28 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.125 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.70 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.20692 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.11639 < 0.08438$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.4717 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

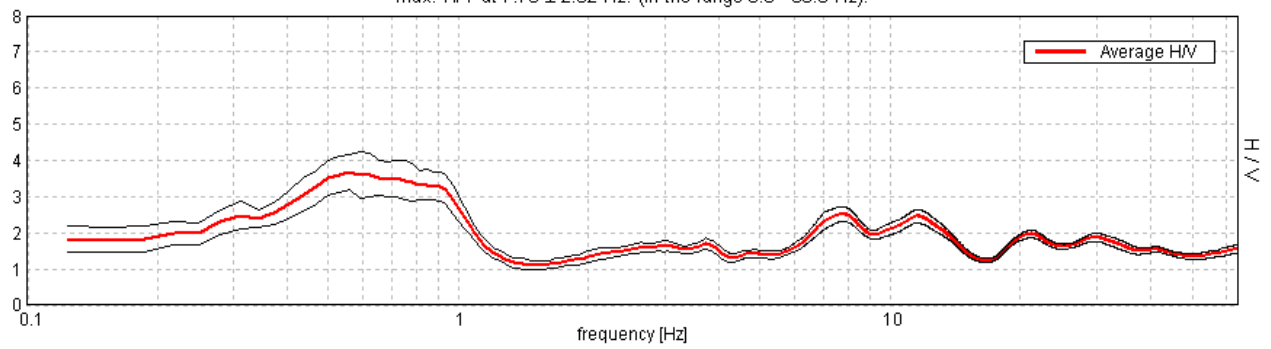
CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA EINSTEIN *HV1

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 25/09/18 11:57:57 End recording: 25/09/18 12:17:57
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

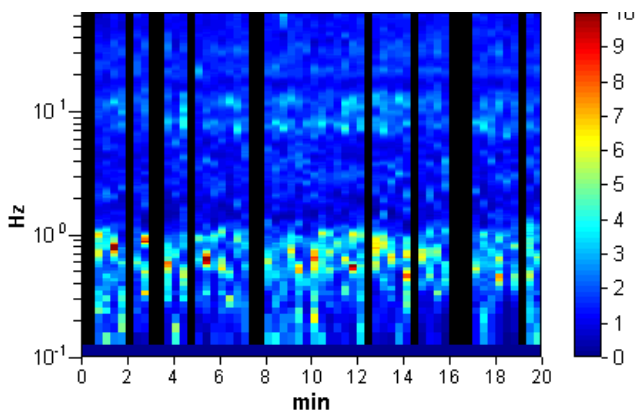
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 77% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

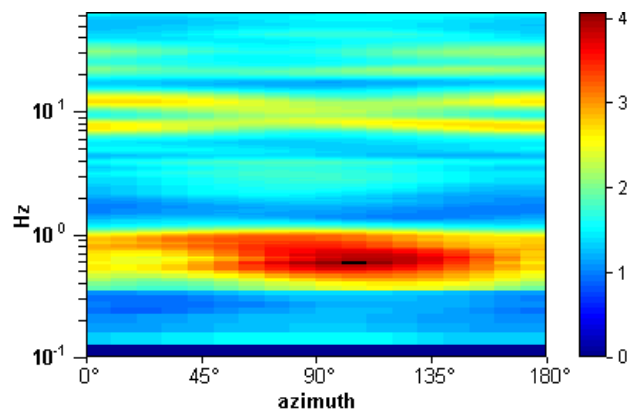
Max. H/V at 7.75 ± 2.52 Hz. (In the range 3.0 - 50.0 Hz).



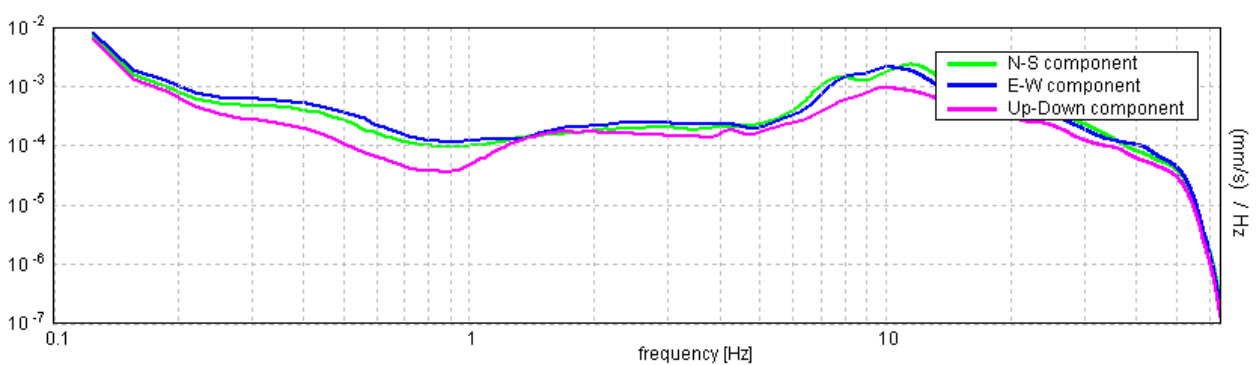
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 7.75 ± 2.52 Hz (in the range 3.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	7.75 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	7130.0 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 373 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	16.125 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	2.52 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.32473 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	2.51667 < 0.3875		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.2042 < 1.58	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA EINSTEIN *HV2

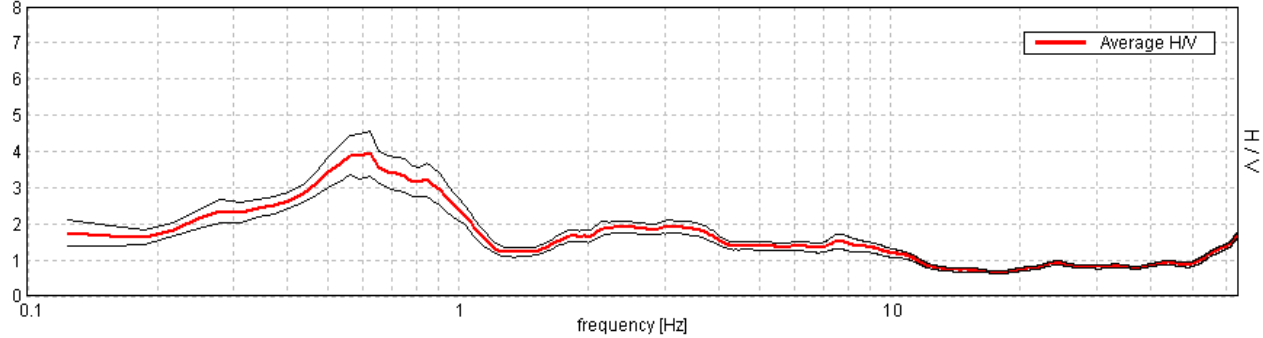
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 25/09/18 12:34:30 End recording: 25/09/18 12:54:30
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analysis performed on the entire trace.
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

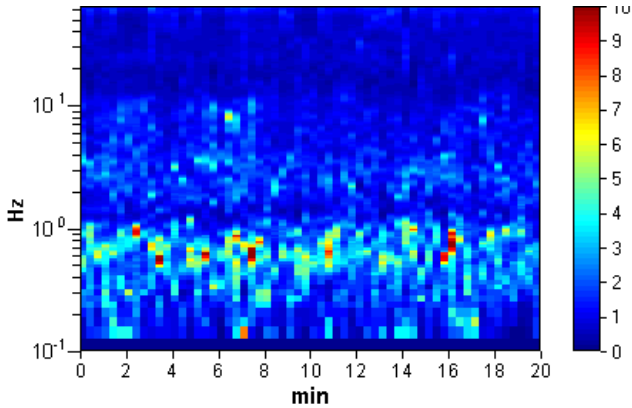


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

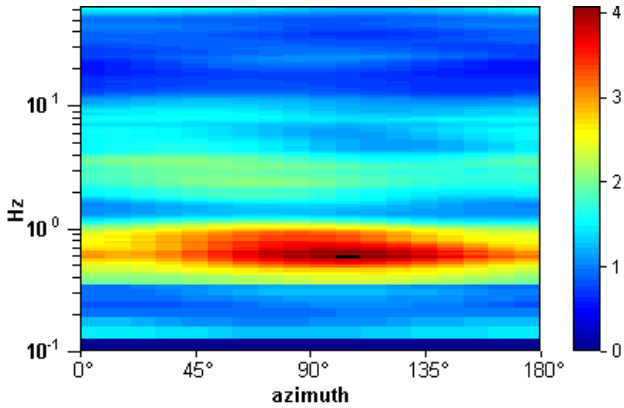
Max. H/V at 0.63 ± 0.07 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



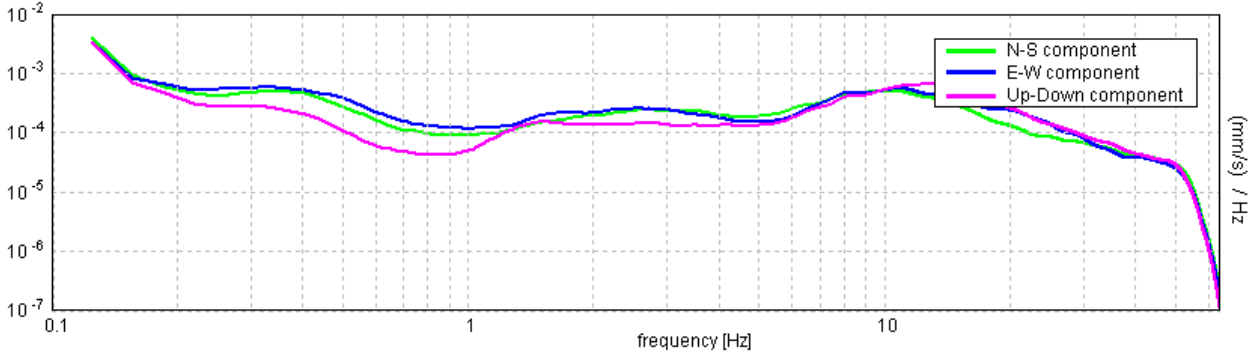
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.63 ± 0.07 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.63 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$750.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 31 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.219 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.094 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.94 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.10821 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.06763 < 0.09375$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.6389 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

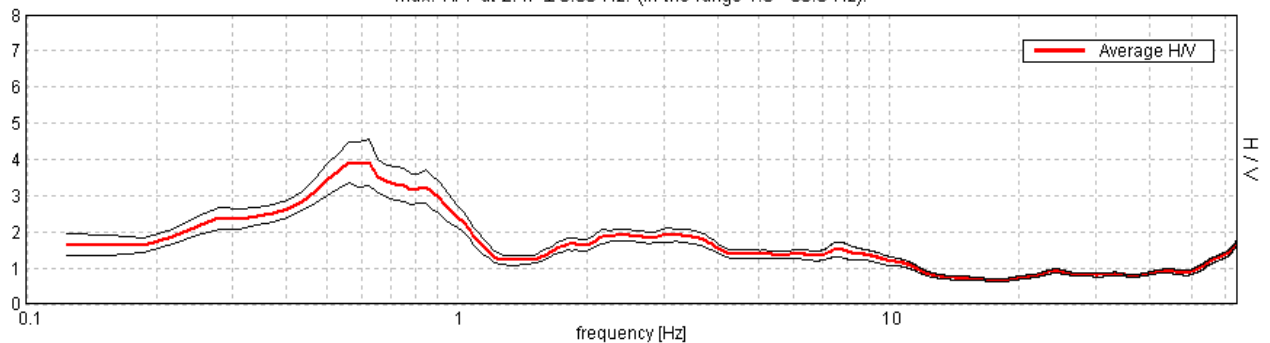
CAMPI BIENZIO, VIA EINSTEIN *HV2

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 25/09/18 12:34:30 End recording: 25/09/18 12:54:30
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

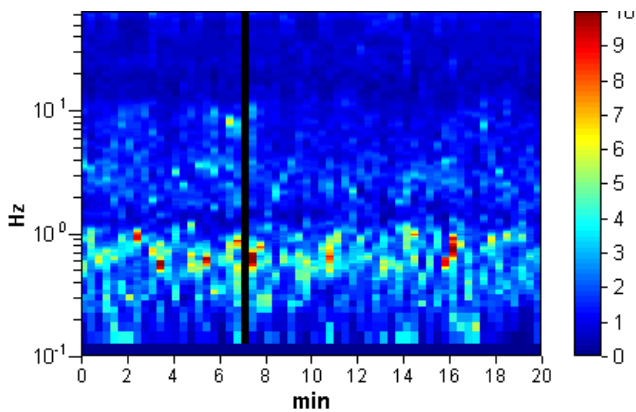
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 98% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

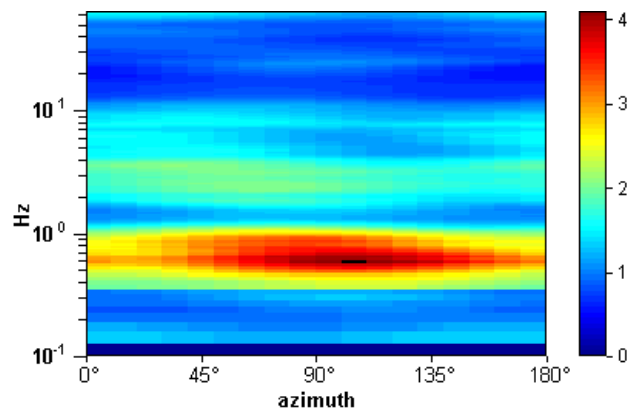
Max. H/V at 2.47 ± 0.88 Hz. (In the range 1.8 - 50.0 Hz).



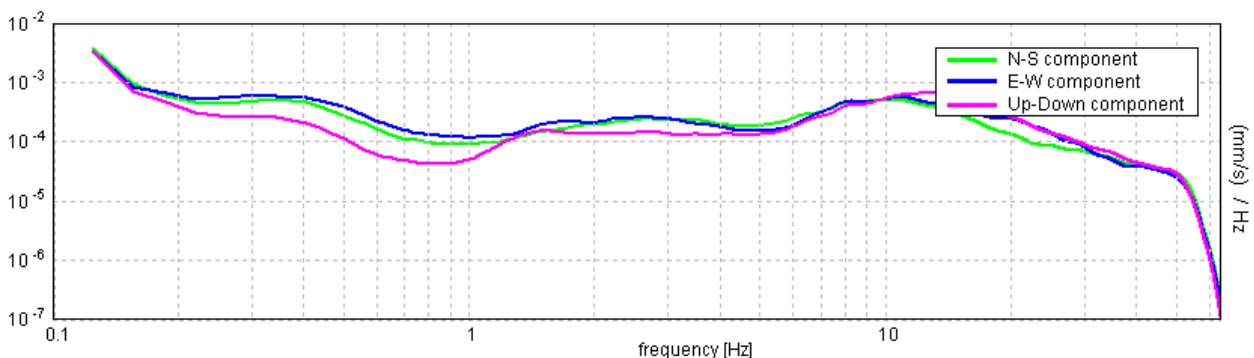
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.47 ± 0.88 Hz (in the range 1.8 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.47 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2913.1 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 120 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$			NO
$A_0 > 2$	$1.92 > 2$		NO
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.35525 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.87701 < 0.12344$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.1667 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA EINSTEIN *HV3

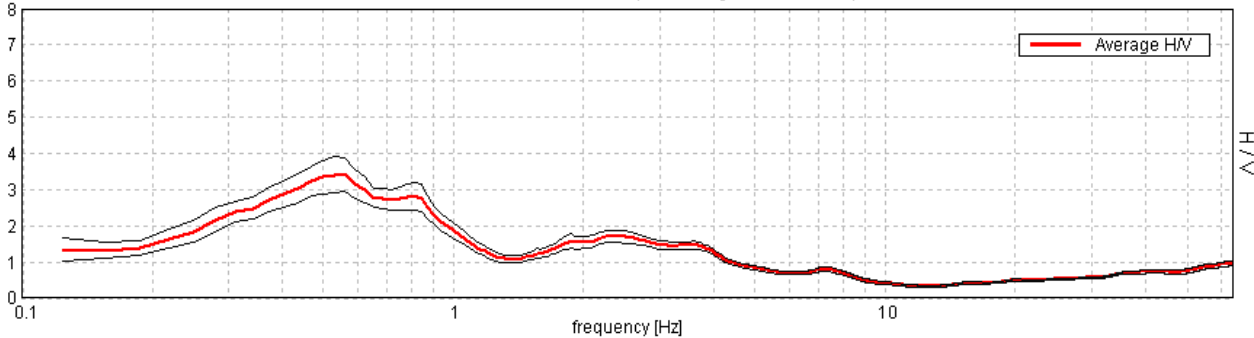
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 25/09/18 13:04:50 End recording: 25/09/18 13:24:50
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analysis performed on the entire trace.
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

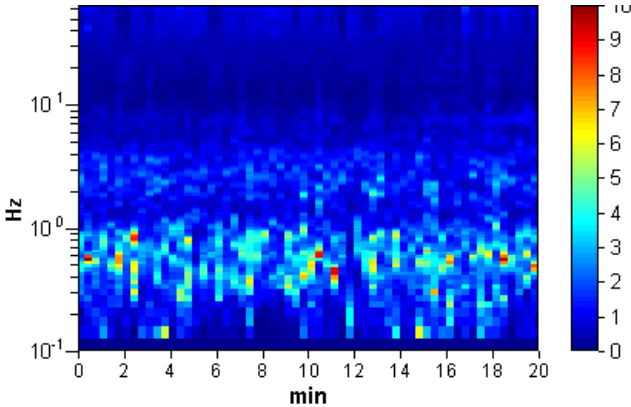


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

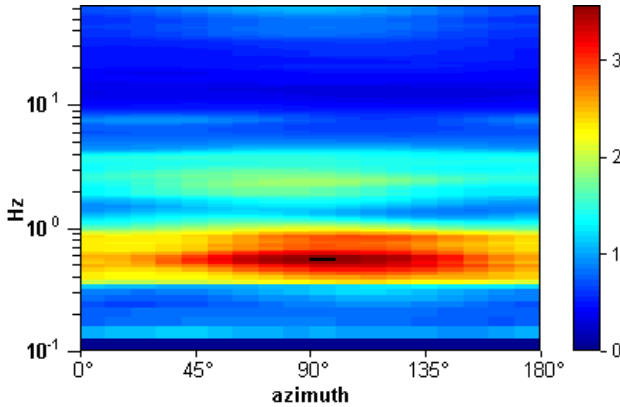
Max. H/V at 0.56 ± 0.03 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



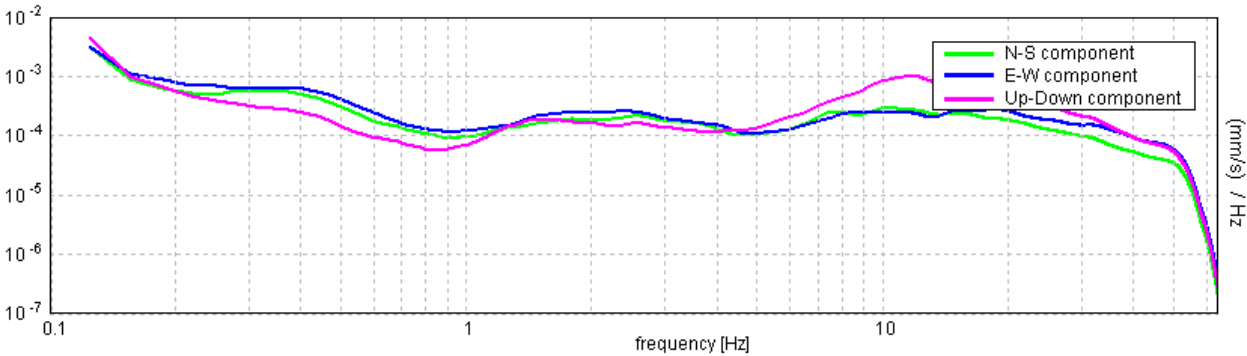
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.56 ± 0.03 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.56 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$675.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 28 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.219 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.063 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.42 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.05509 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.03099 < 0.08438$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.4683 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA FORNELLO *HV4

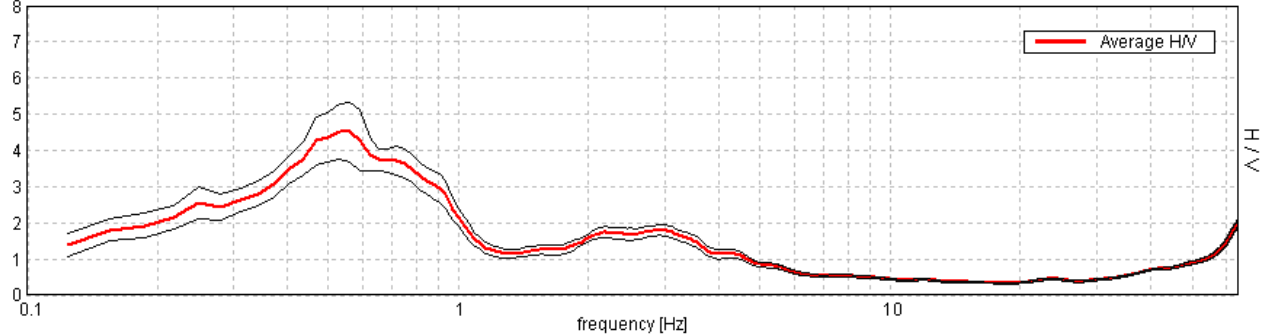
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 25/09/18 13:45:48 End recording: 25/09/18 14:05:48
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

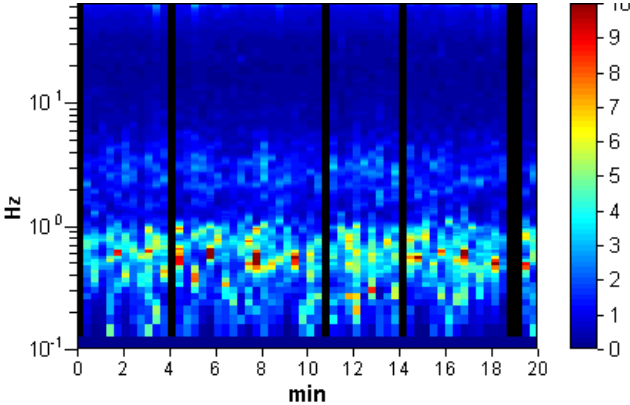


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

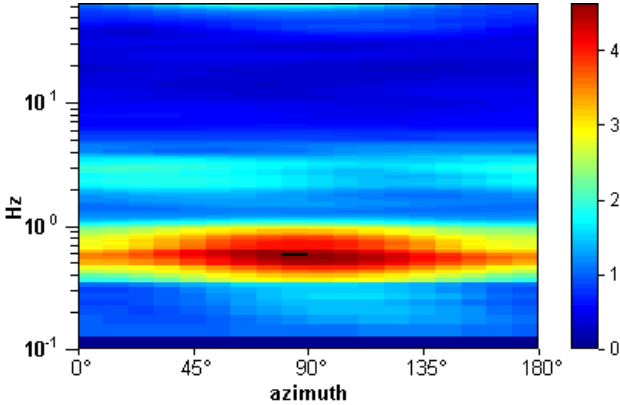
Max. H/V at 0.53 ± 0.08 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



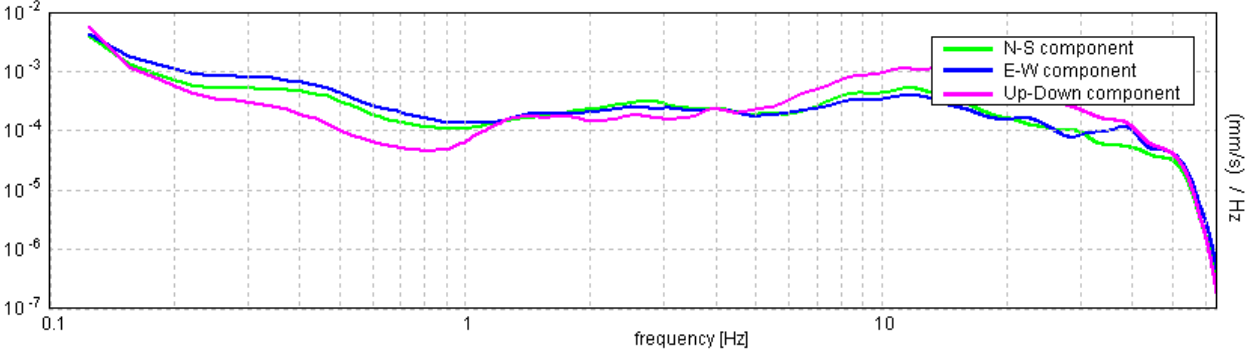
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.53 ± 0.08 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.53 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$573.8 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 26 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.219 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.0 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.51 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.14431 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.07666 < 0.07969$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.7688 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

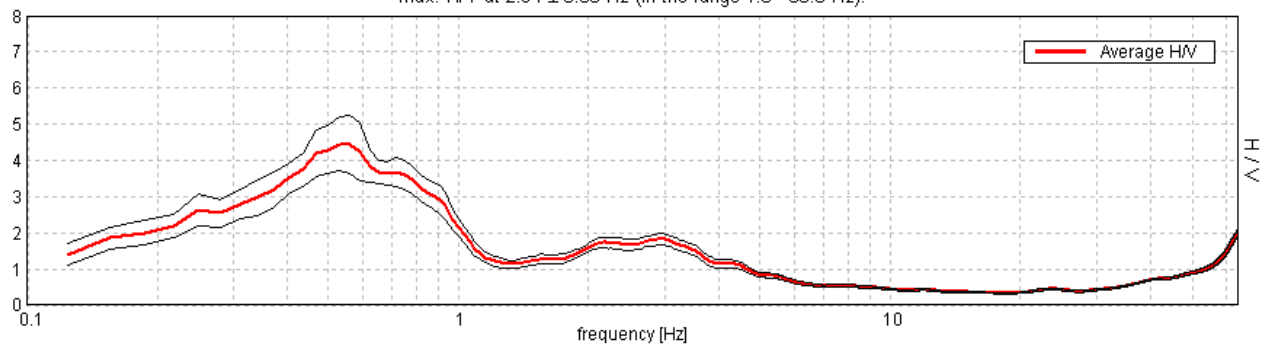
CAMPI BIENZIO, VIA FORNELLO *HV4

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 25/09/18 13:45:48 End recording: 25/09/18 14:05:48
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

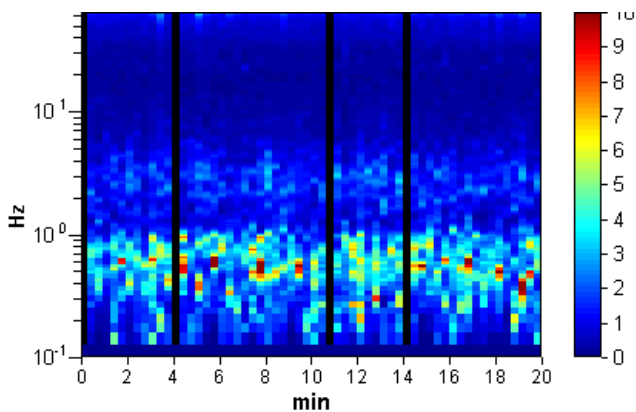
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 93% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

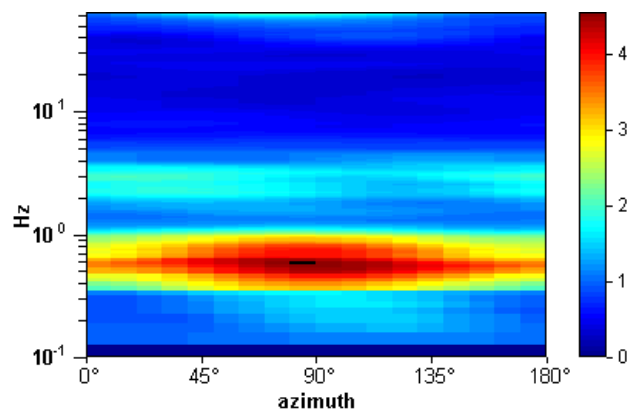
Max. H/V at 2.94 ± 0.38 Hz (in the range 1.5 - 50.0 Hz).



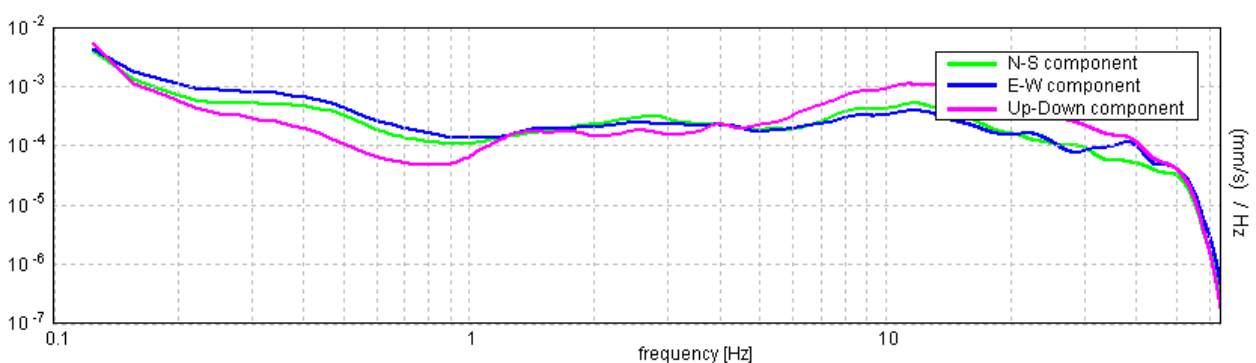
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.94 ± 0.38 Hz (in the range 1.5 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	2.94 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	3290.0 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 142 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.813 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	1.82 > 2		NO
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.13052 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.38339 < 0.14688		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.1569 < 1.58	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA FORNELLO *HV5

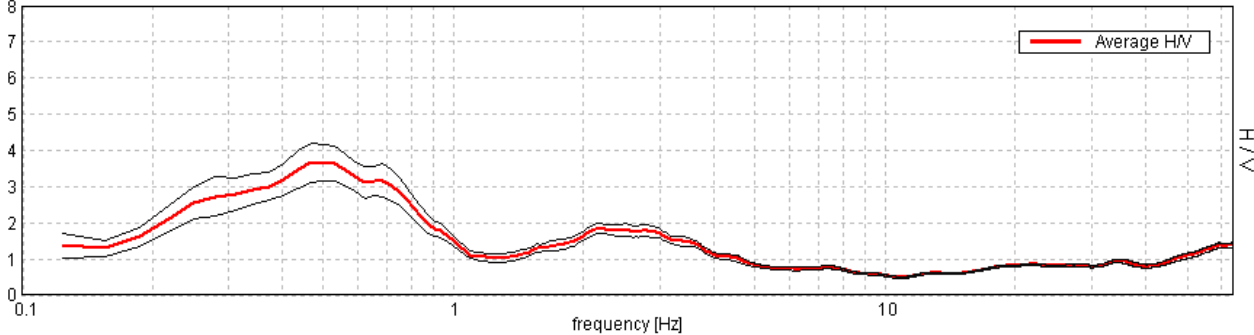
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 25/09/18 14:55:34 End recording: 25/09/18 15:15:34
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 97% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

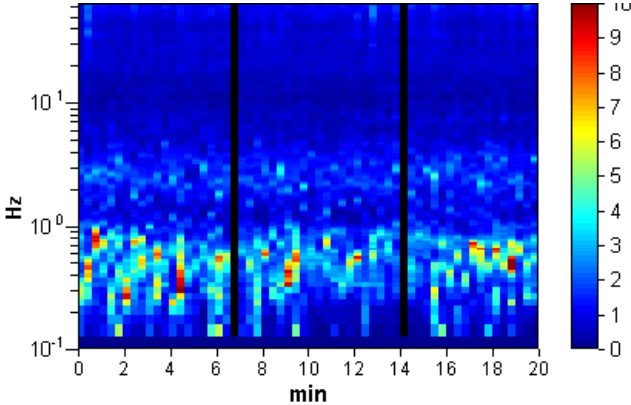


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

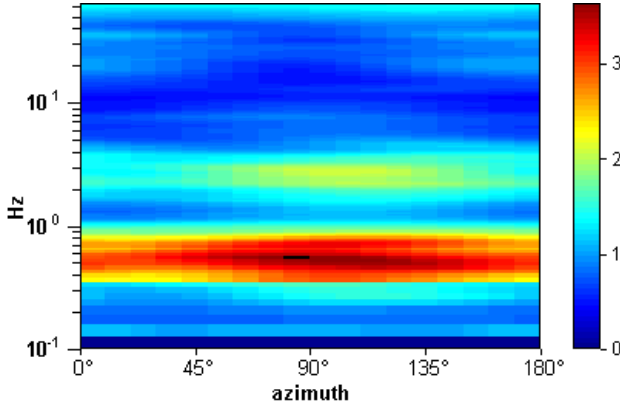
Max. H/V at 0.47 ± 0.13 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



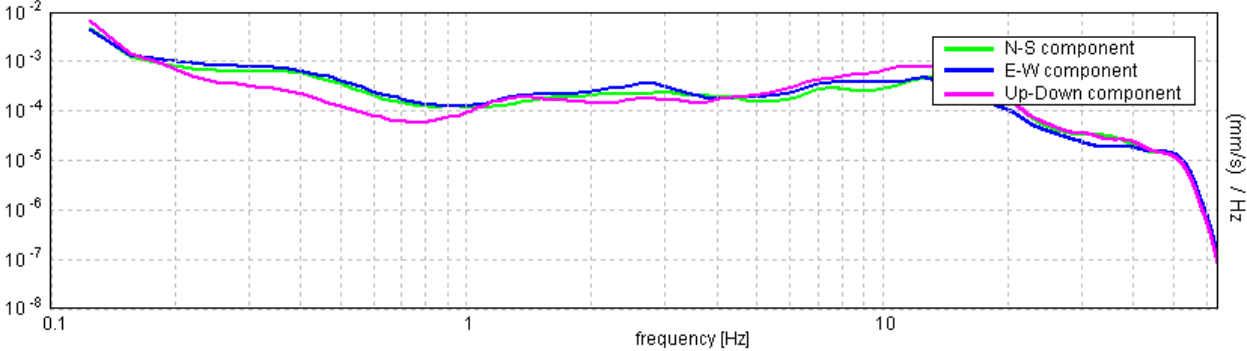
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.47 ± 0.13 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.47 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$562.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 24 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.188 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.938 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.66 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.28087 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.13166 < 0.09375$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5493 < 2.5$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA FORNELLO *HV6

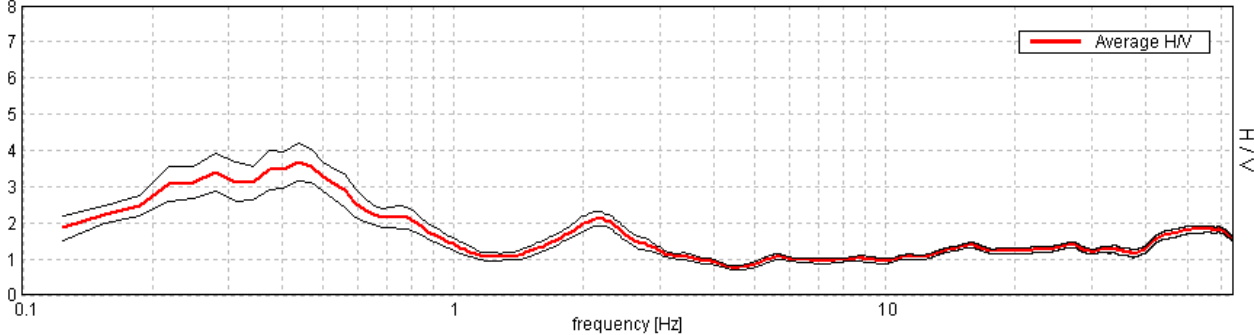
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 25/09/18 15:31:49 End recording: 25/09/18 15:51:49
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

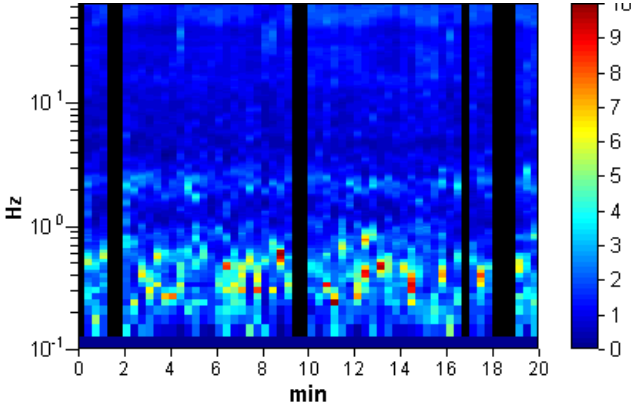


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

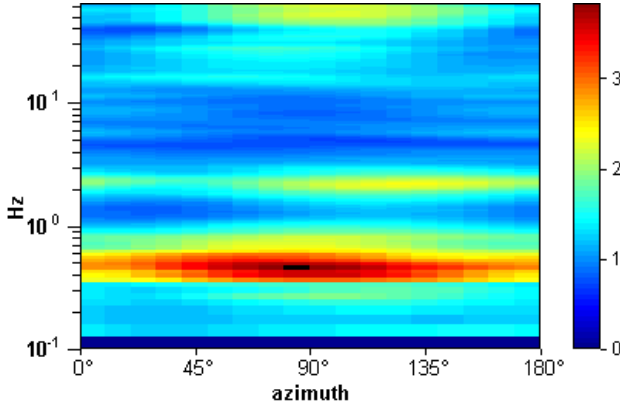
Max. H/V at 0.44 ± 0.09 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



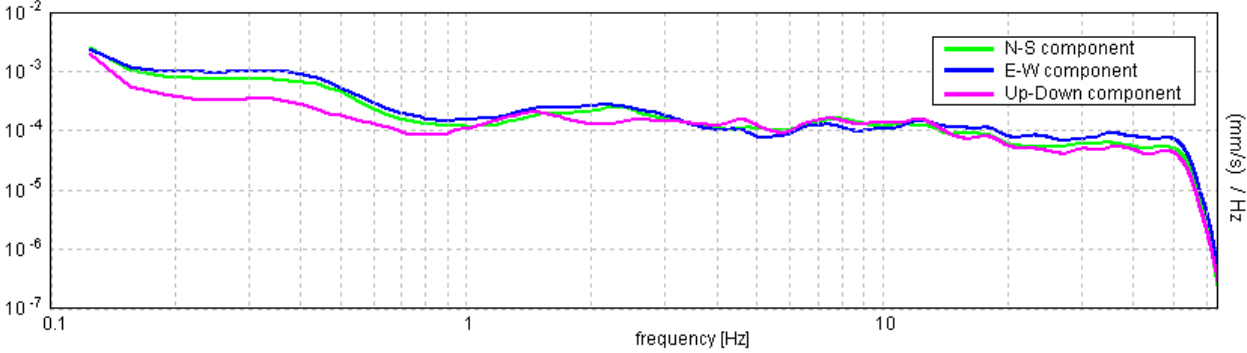
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.44 ± 0.09 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.44 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$446.3 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 22 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.875 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.69 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.20837 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.09116 < 0.0875$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5107 < 2.5$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

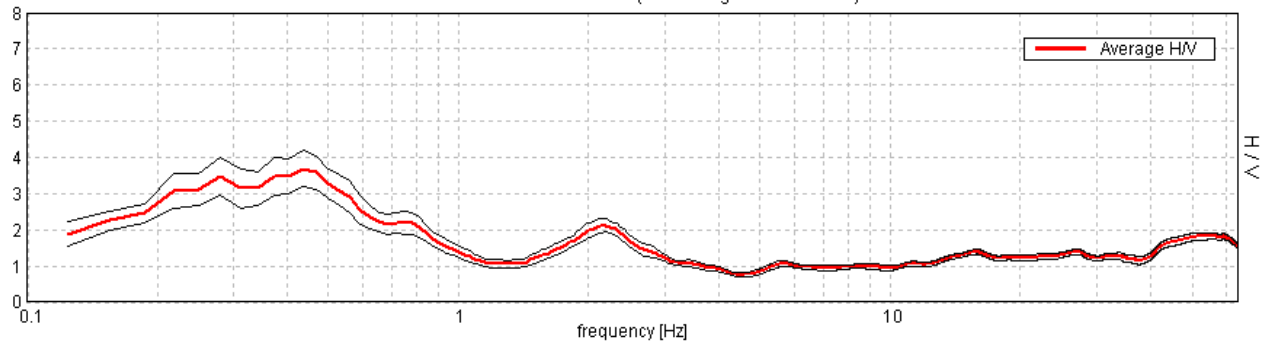
CAMPI BIENZIO, VIA FORNELLO *HV6

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 25/09/18 15:31:49 End recording: 25/09/18 15:51:49
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

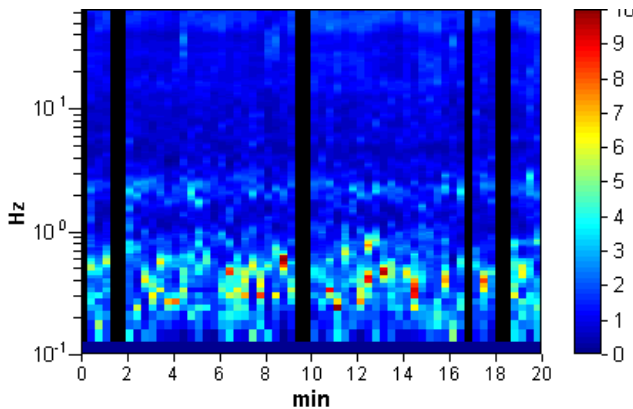
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 87% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

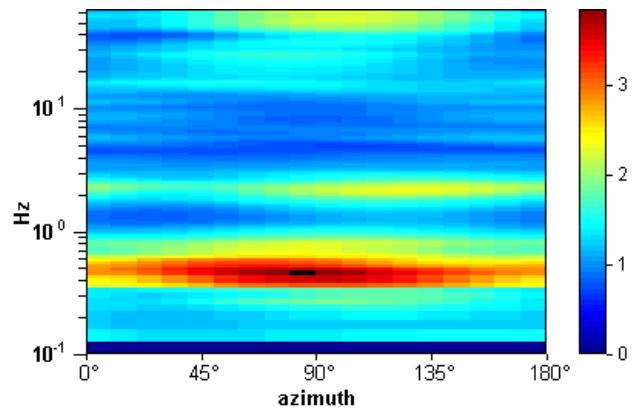
Max. H/V at 2.19 ± 0.02 Hz (in the range 1.0 - 50.0 Hz).



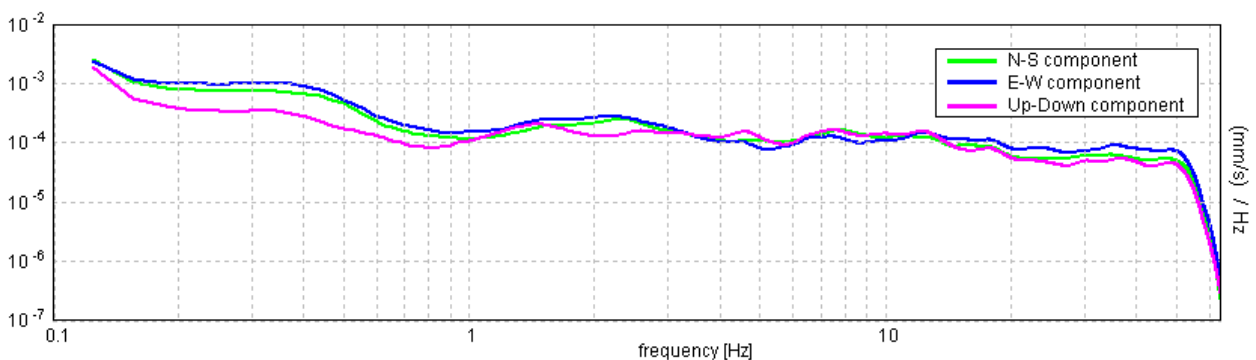
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.19 ± 0.02 Hz (in the range 1.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	2.19 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	2275.0 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 106 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.281 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	3.469 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	2.12 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.00714 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.01563 < 0.10938	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.1871 < 1.58	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA S. QUIRICO, VILLA EL SHADDAI *HV7

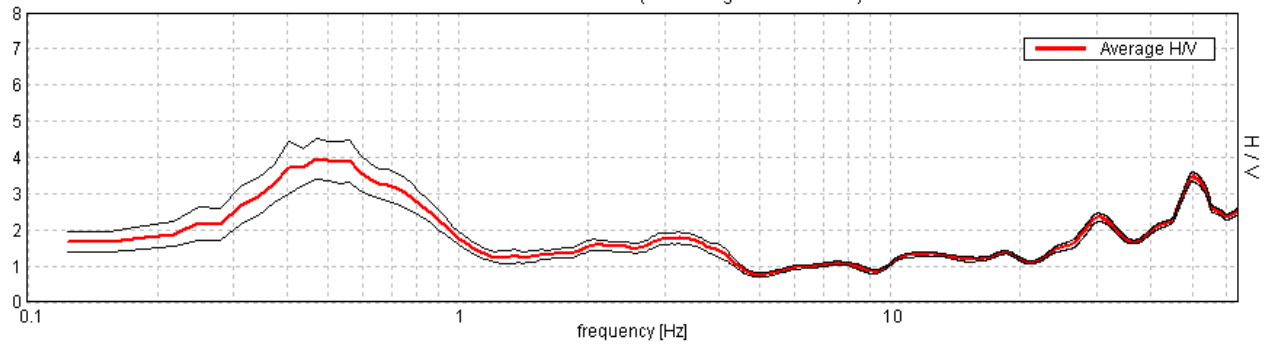
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 25/09/18 16:21:47 End recording: 25/09/18 16:41:47
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 87% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

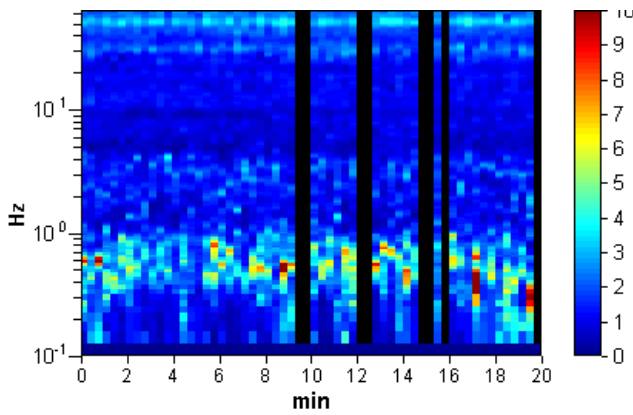


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

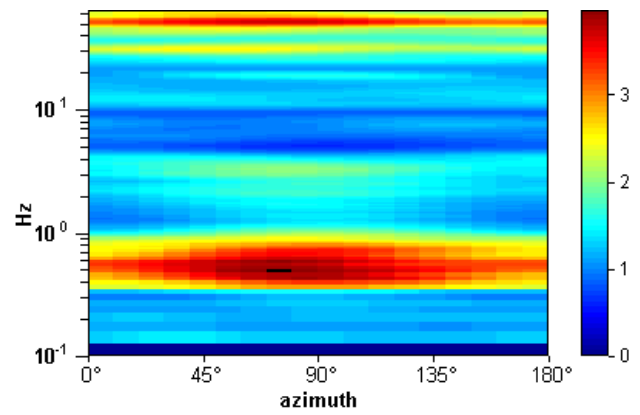
Max. H/V at 0.47 ± 0.09 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



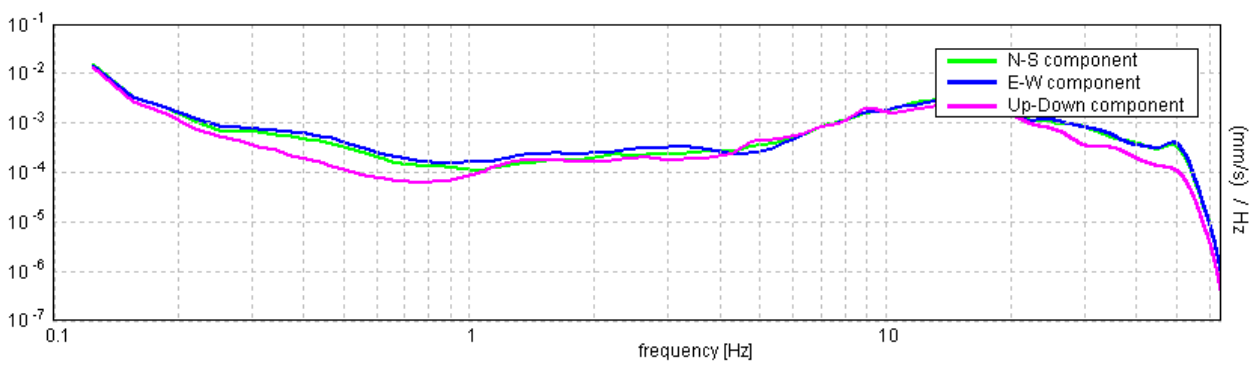
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.47 ± 0.09 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.47 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$487.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 24 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.219 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.969 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.97 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.19304 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.09049 < 0.09375$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.564 < 2.5$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA F.LLI CERVI (UCI) *HV8

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17

Data format: 32 byte

Full scale [mV]: 51

Start recording: 25/09/18 17:01:15 End recording: 25/09/18 17:21:15

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 93% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

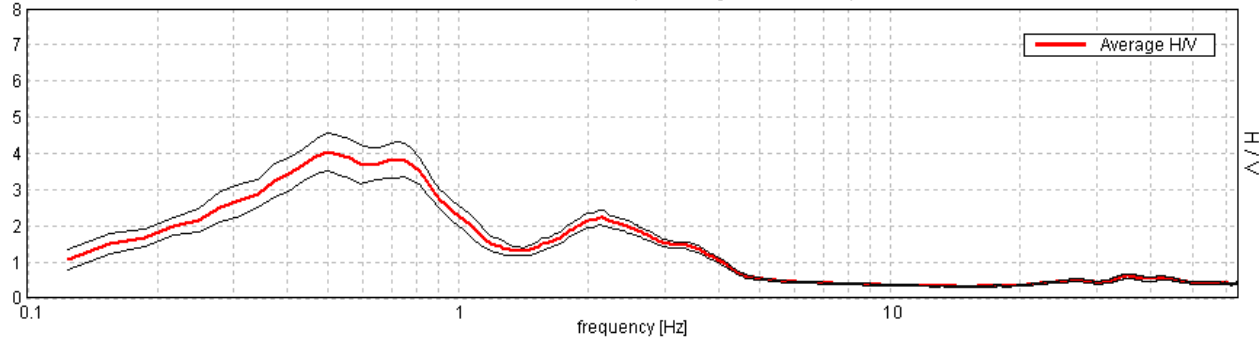
Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 10%

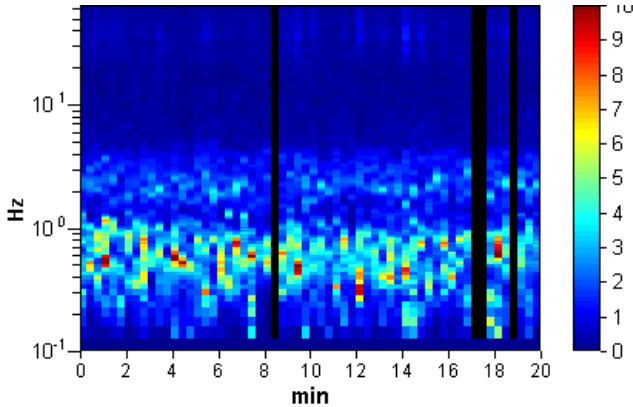


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

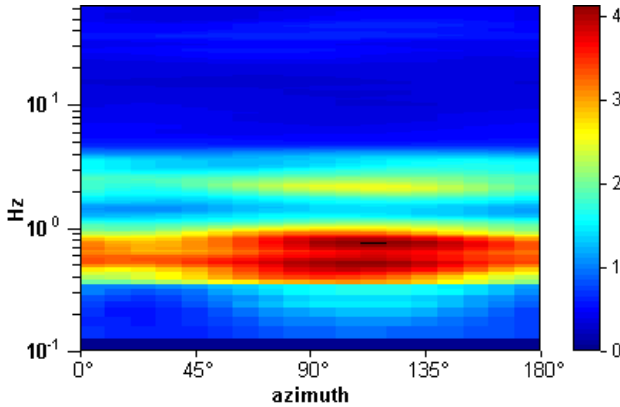
Max. H/V at 0.5 ± 0.03 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



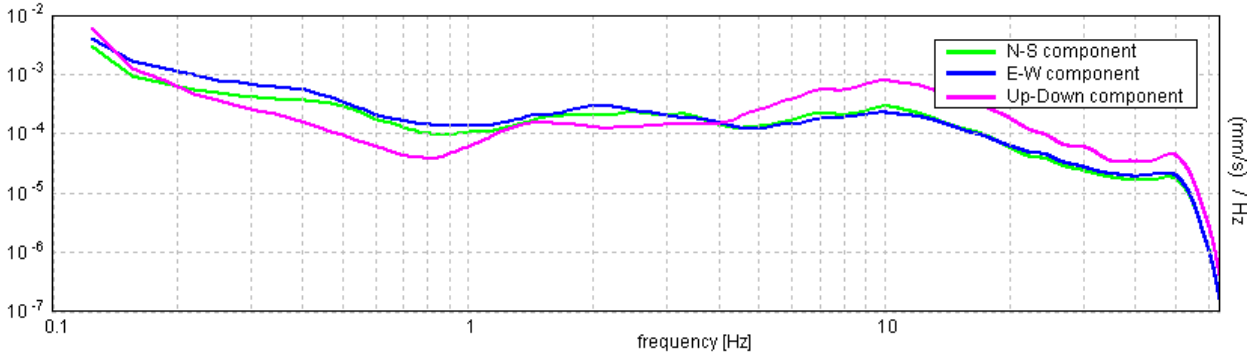
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the Grilla manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.5 ± 0.03 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.50 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$560.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 25 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.219 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.063 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.05 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.05906 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.02953 < 0.075$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5296 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

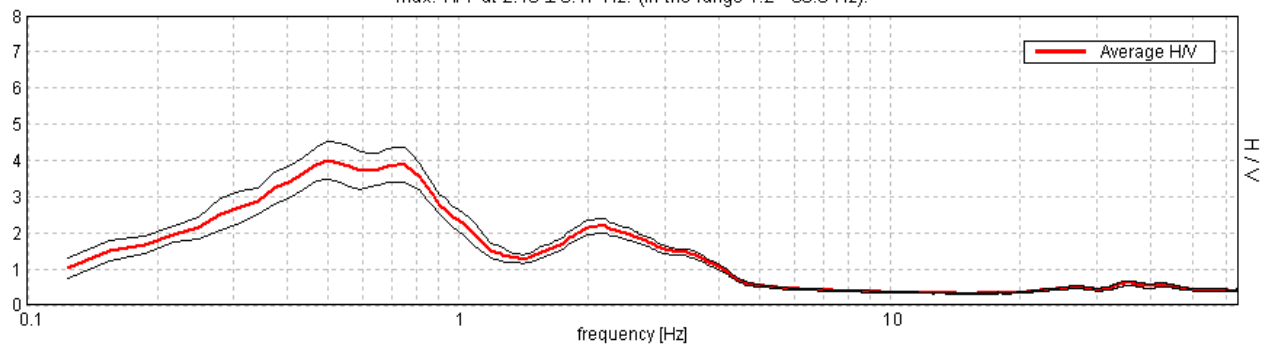
CAMPI BIENZIO, VIA F.LLI CERVI (UCI) *HV8

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 25/09/18 17:01:15 End recording: 25/09/18 17:21:15
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

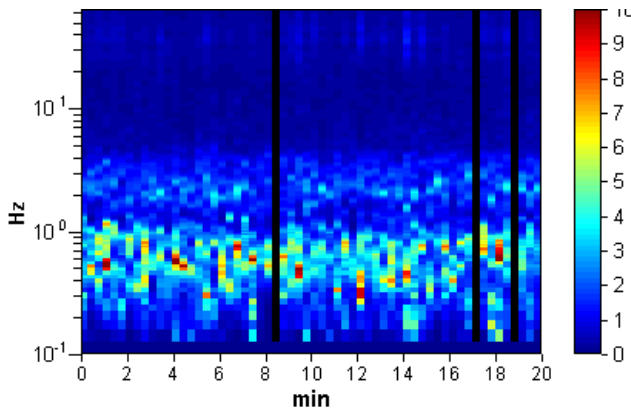
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 95% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

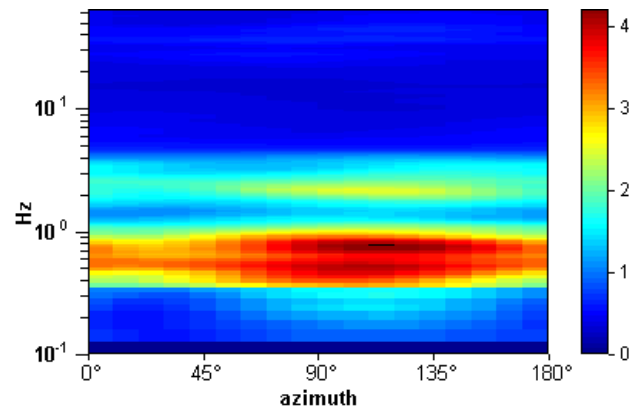
Max. H/V at 2.13 ± 0.17 Hz. (In the range 1.2 - 50.0 Hz).



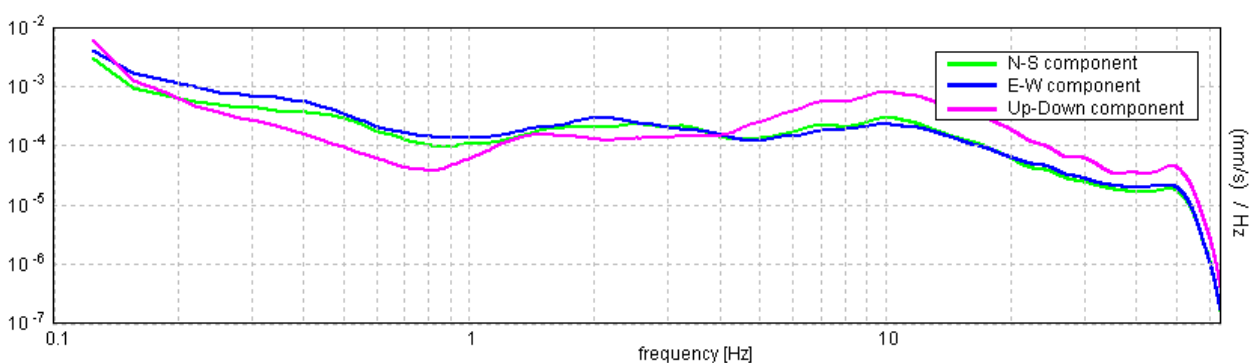
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.13 ± 0.17 Hz (in the range 1.2 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	2.13 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	2422.5 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 103 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	3.938 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	2.21 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.07769 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.1651 < 0.10625		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.1996 < 1.58	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA S. QUIRICO *HV9

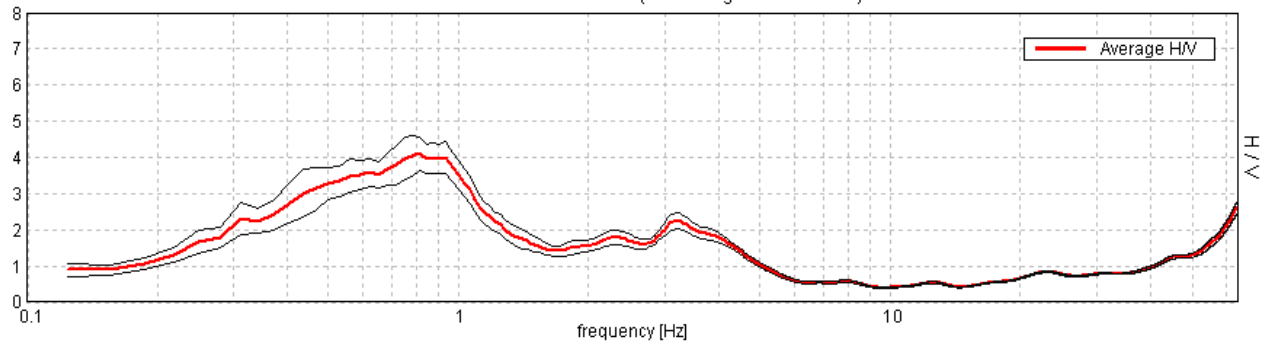
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 25/09/18 17:41:09 End recording: 25/09/18 18:01:09
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 97% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

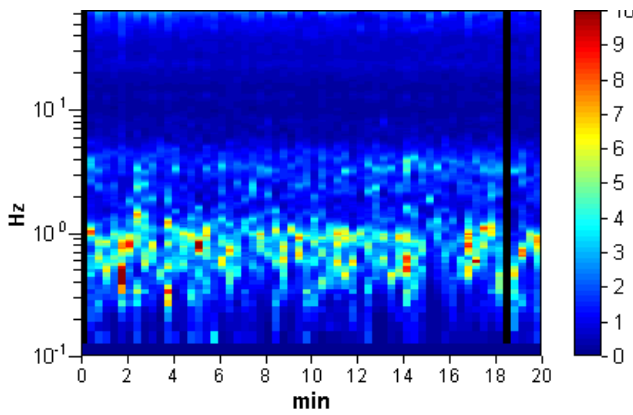


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

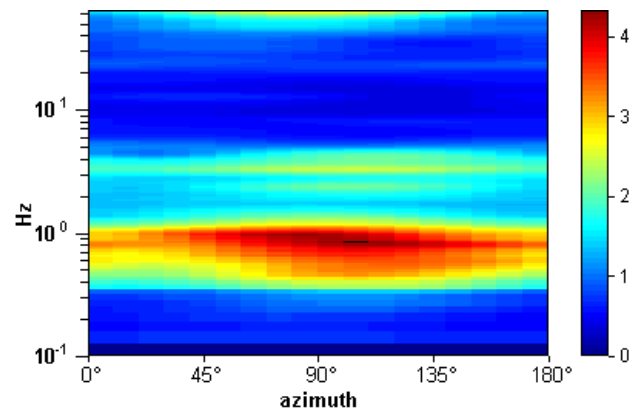
Max. H/V at 0.81 ± 0.06 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



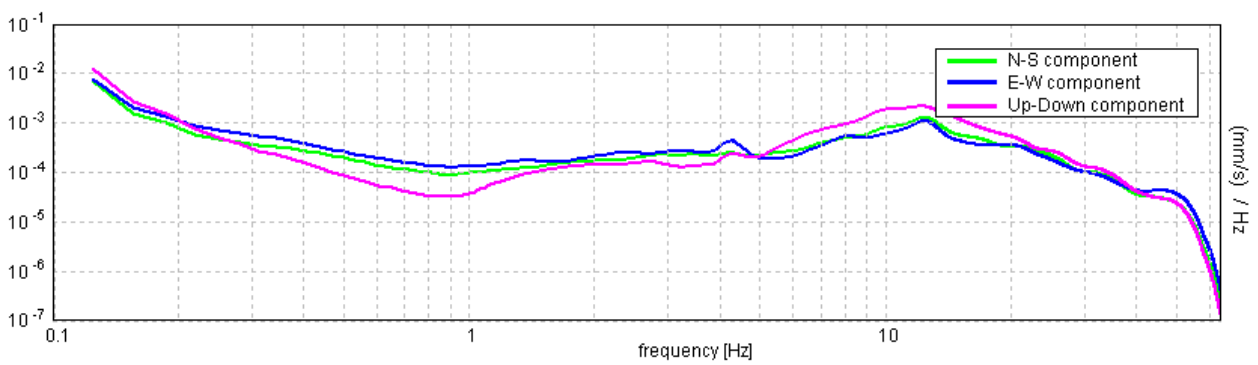
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.81 ± 0.06 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.81 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$942.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 40 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.281 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.281 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.11 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.07889 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.0641 < 0.12188$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.4693 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

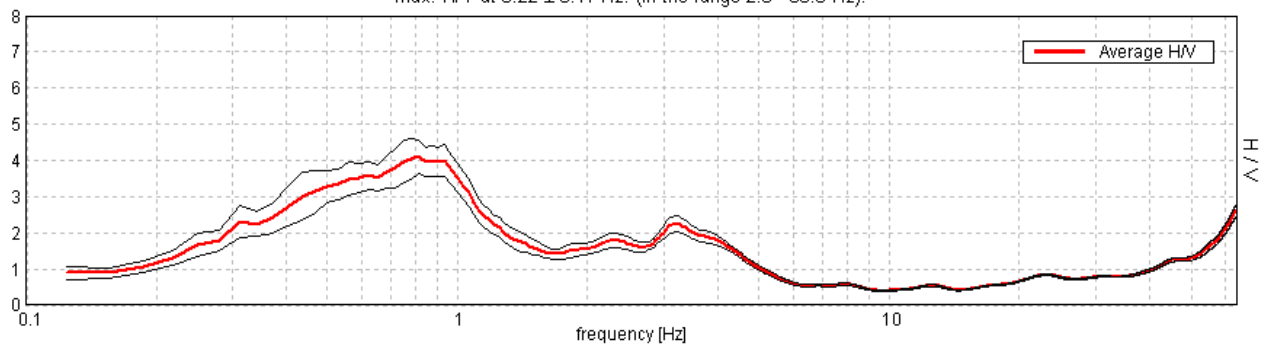
CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA S. QUIRICO *HV9

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 25/09/18 17:41:09 End recording: 25/09/18 18:01:09
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

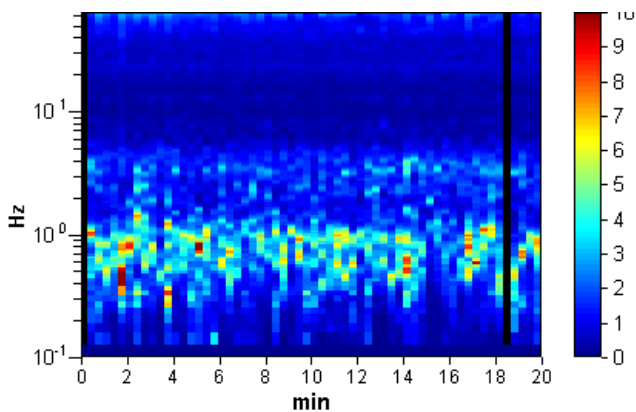
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 97% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

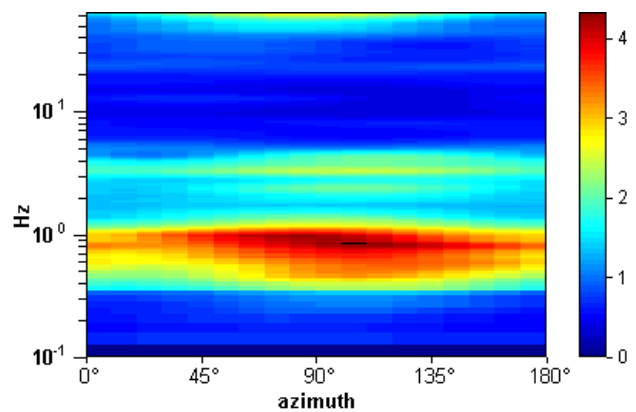
Max. H/V at 3.22 ± 0.11 Hz. (In the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).



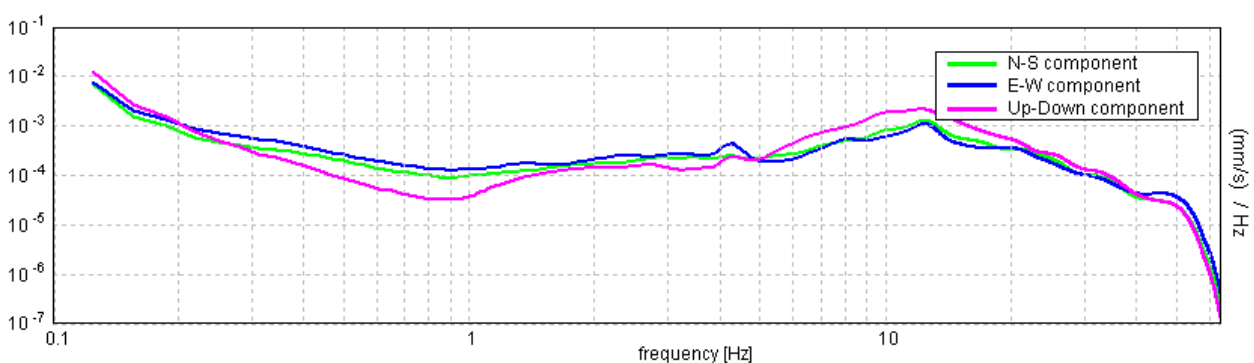
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 3.22 ± 0.11 Hz (in the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$3.22 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3733.8 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 156 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.844 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$2.25 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.03501 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.11267 < 0.16094$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.221 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA SAN QUIRICO *HV10

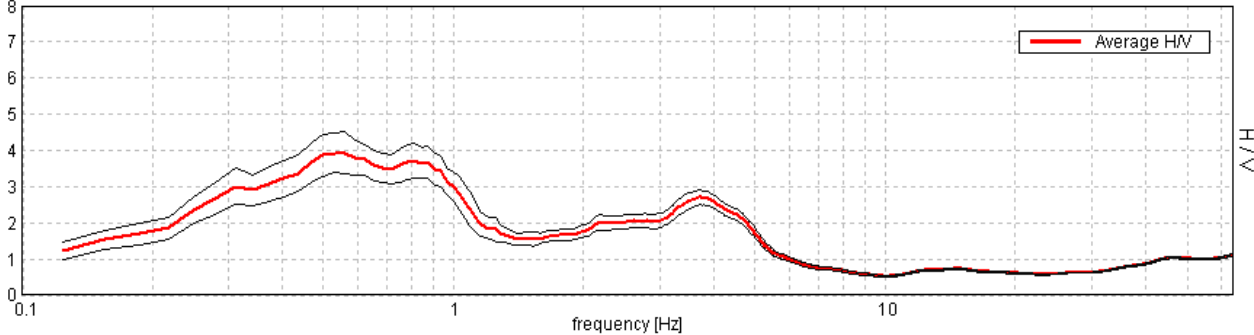
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 25/09/18 18:10:20 End recording: 25/09/18 18:30:20
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

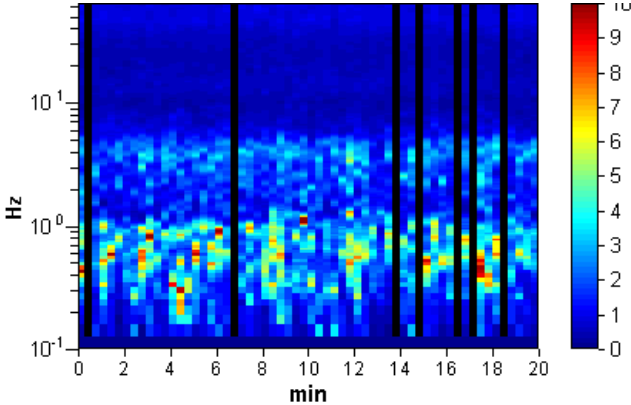


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

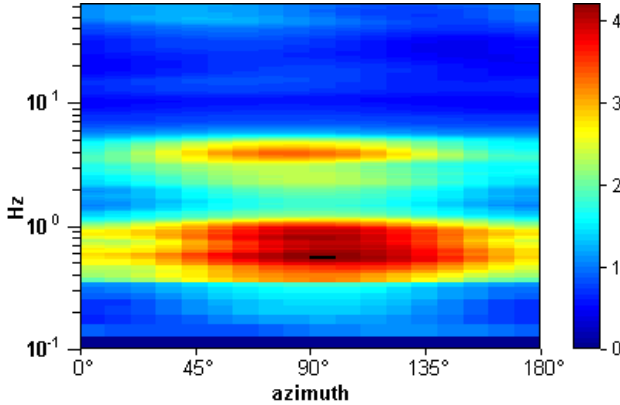
Max. H/V at 0.53 ± 0.25 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



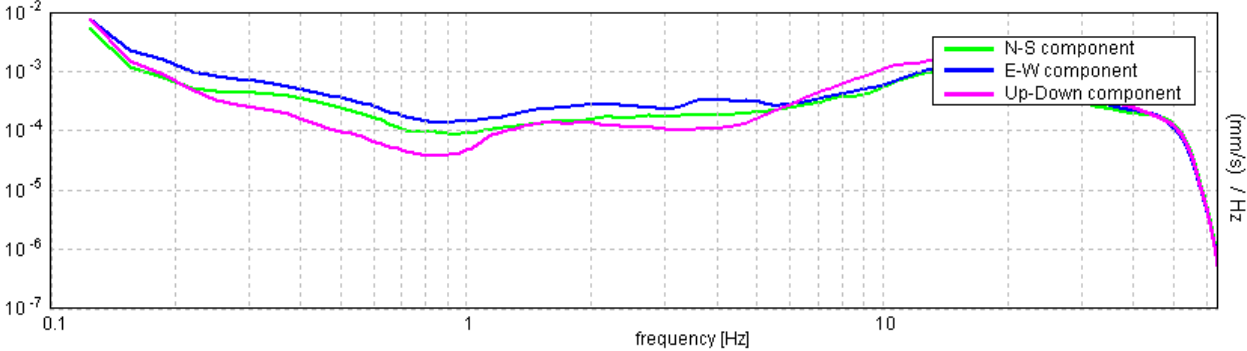
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.53 ± 0.25 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.53 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$563.1 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 26 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.219 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.188 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.94 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.46226 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.24558 < 0.07969$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5362 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

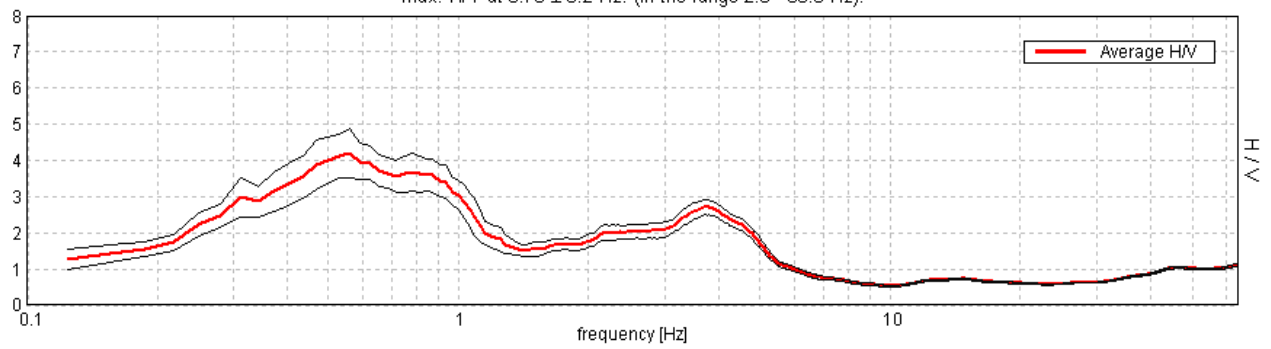
CAMPI BIENZIO, VIA SAN QUIRICO *HV10

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 25/09/18 18:10:20 End recording: 25/09/18 18:30:20
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

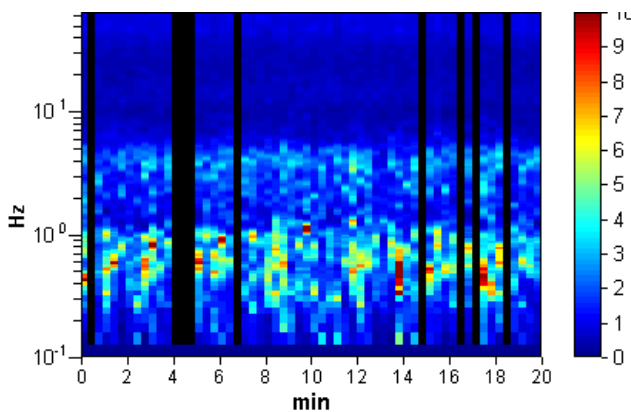
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

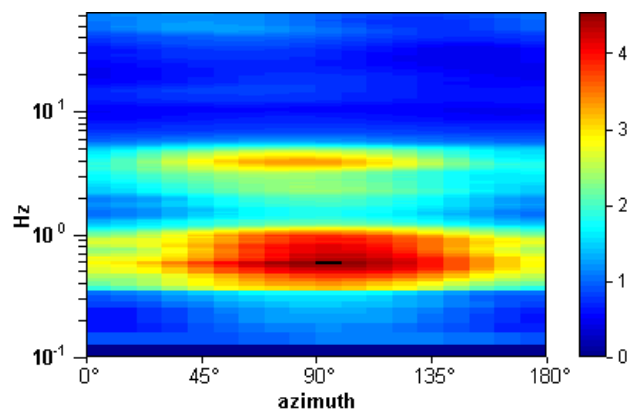
Max. H/V at 3.75 ± 0.2 Hz. (In the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).



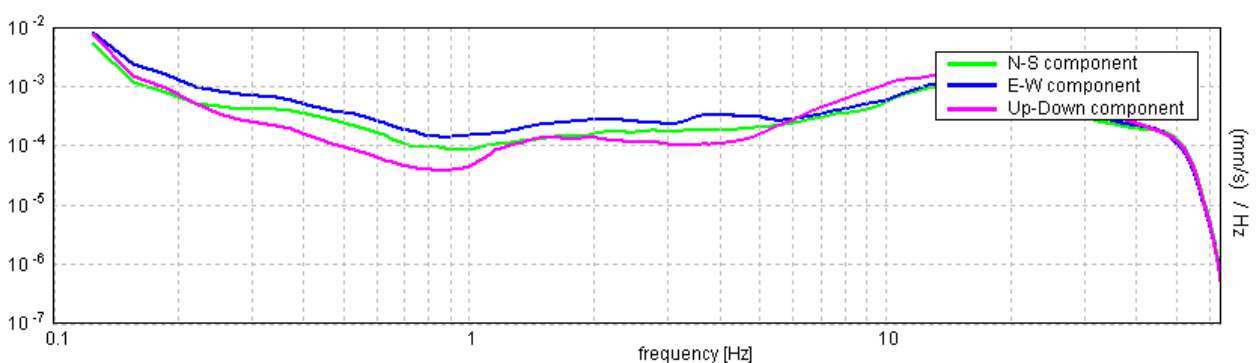
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 3.75 ± 0.2 Hz (in the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$3.75 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3825.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 181 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	5.313 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$2.72 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.05283 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.19813 < 0.1875$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.2103 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA SAN QUIRICO *HV11

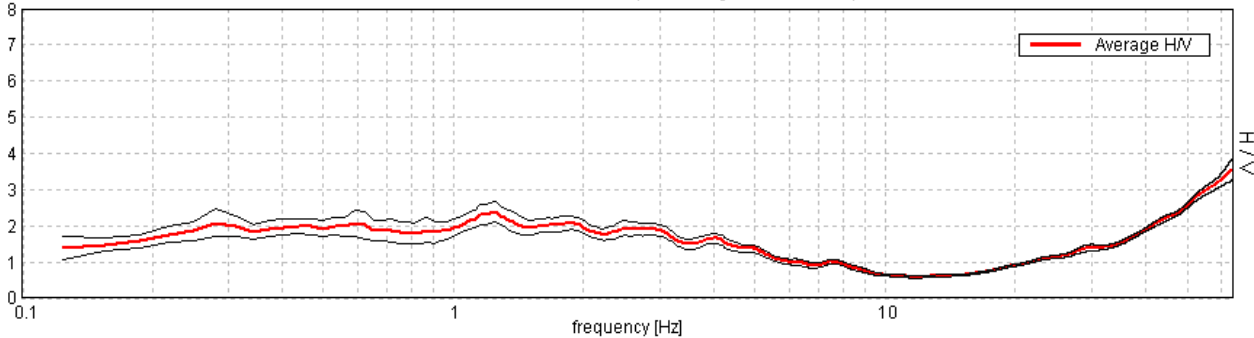
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 25/09/18 18:41:50 End recording: 25/09/18 19:01:50
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 92% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

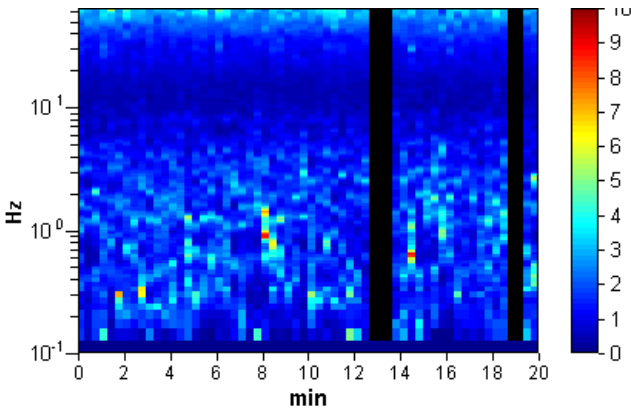


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

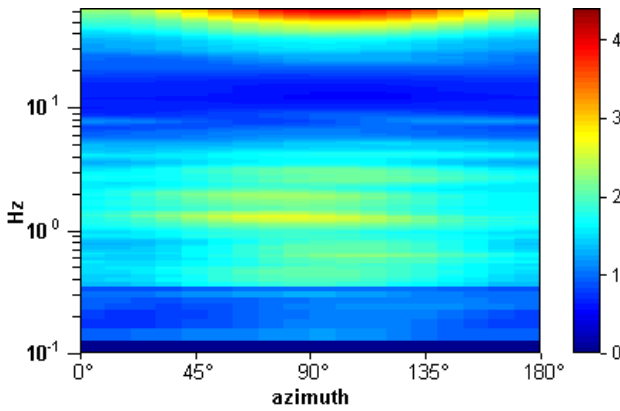
Max. H/V at 1.25 ± 0.45 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).



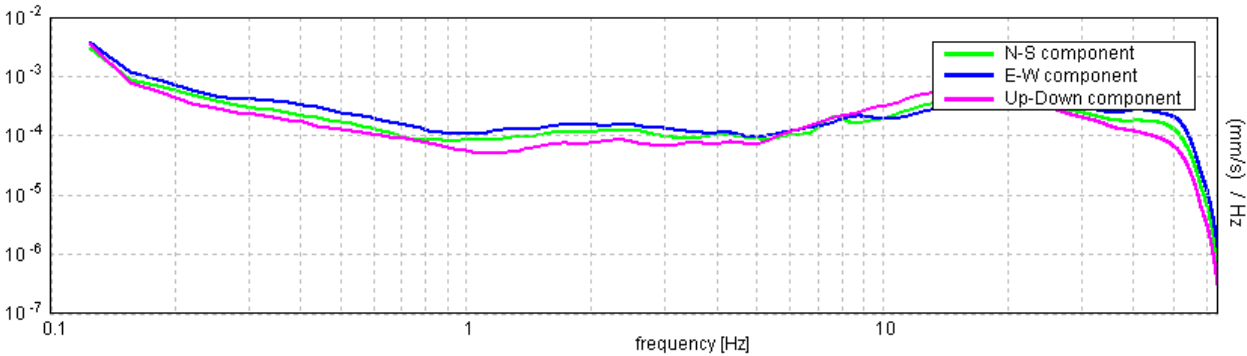
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.25 ± 0.45 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 20.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.25 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1375.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 61 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$			NO
$A_0 > 2$	$2.39 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.35923 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.44904 < 0.125$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.2872 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA PARCO MARINELLA (CARLINI GOMME) *HV12

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17

Data format: 32 byte

Full scale [mV]: 51

Start recording: 26/09/18 11:34:58 End recording: 26/09/18 11:54:58

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 83% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

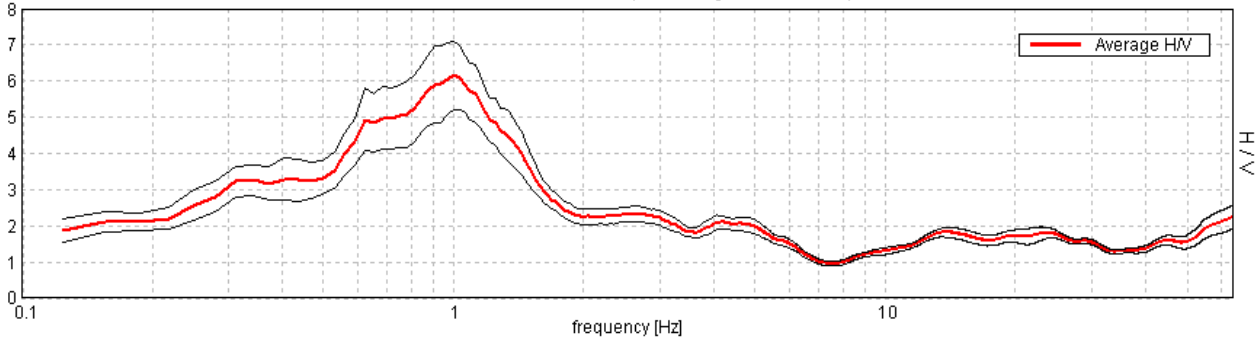
Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 10%

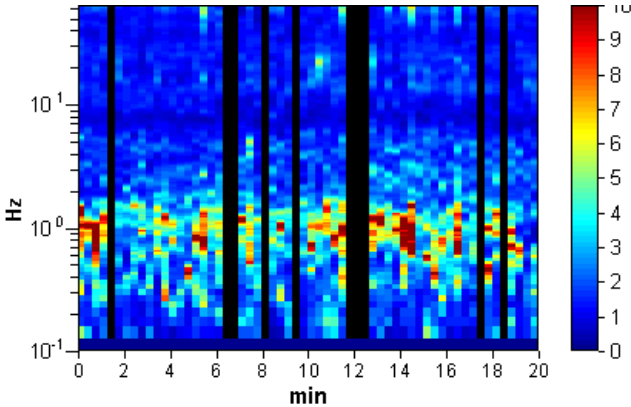


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

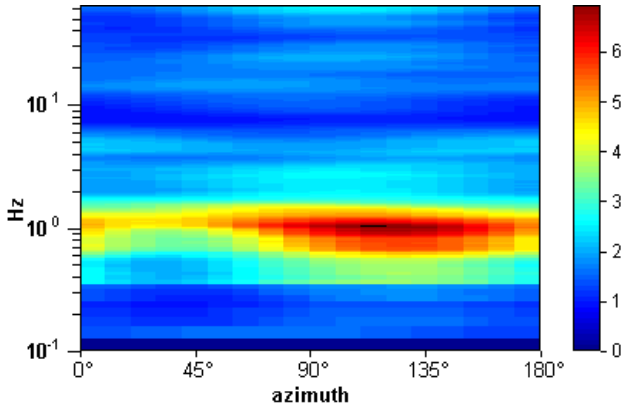
Max. H/V at 1.0 ± 0.05 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



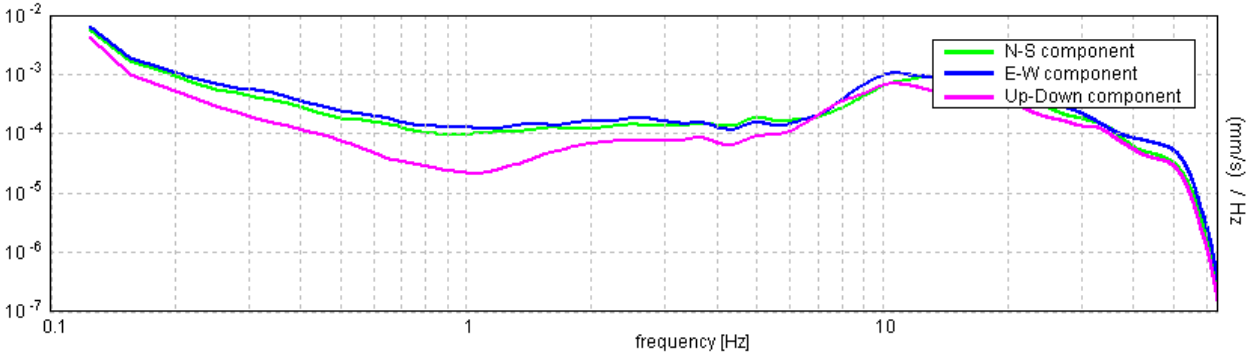
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.0 ± 0.05 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.00 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1000.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 49 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.281 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.594 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$6.16 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.05192 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.05192 < 0.1$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.9481 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA PARCO MARINELLA *HV13

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17

Data format: 32 byte

Full scale [mV]: 51

Start recording: 26/09/18 12:08:08 End recording: 26/09/18 12:28:08

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 82% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

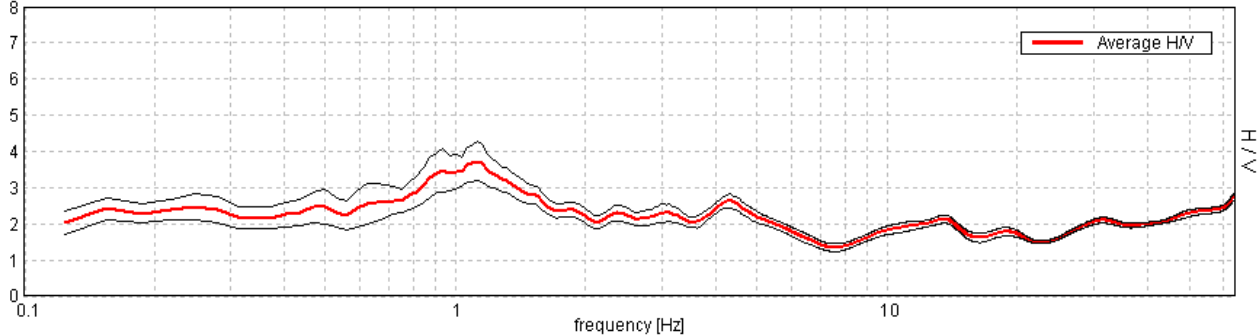
Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 10%

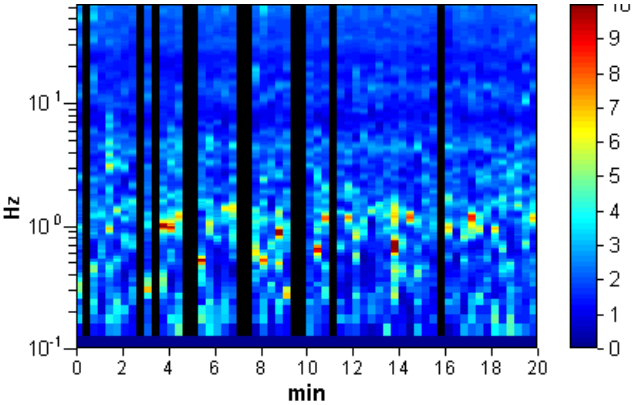


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

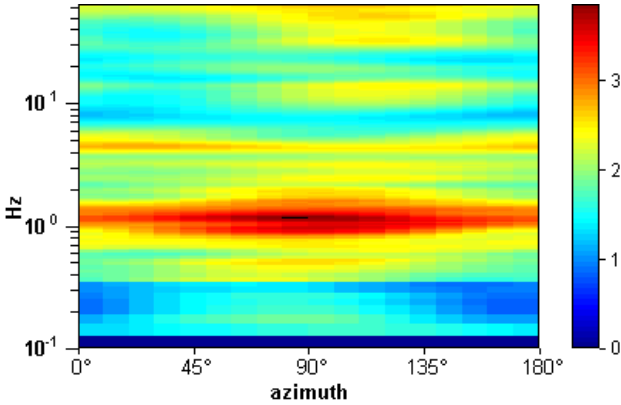
Max. H/V at 1.13 ± 0.27 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



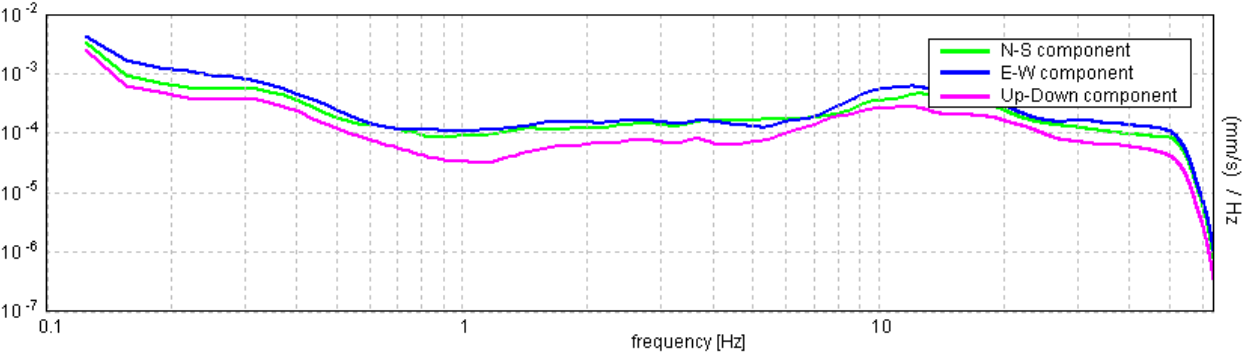
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.13 ± 0.27 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	1.13 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	1102.5 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 55 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$			NO
$A_0 > 2$	3.73 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.2363 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.26584 < 0.1125$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5333 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

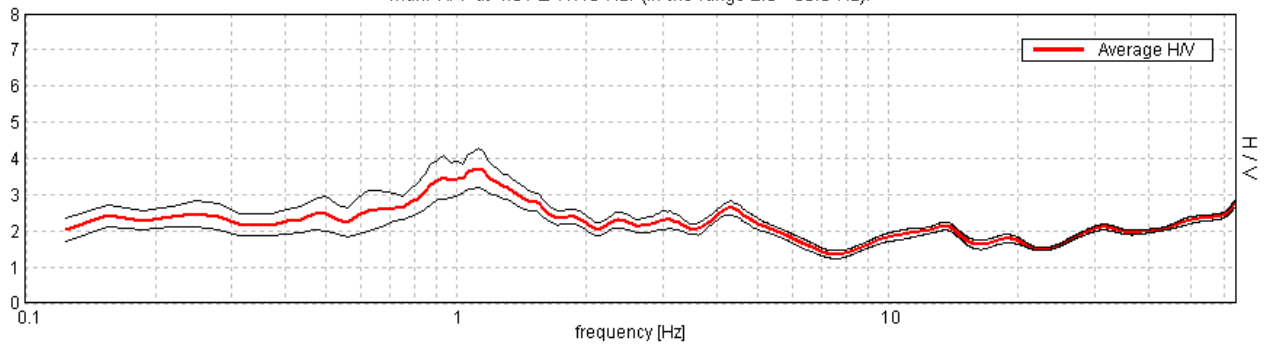
CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA PARCO MARINELLA *HV13

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 26/09/18 12:08:08 End recording: 26/09/18 12:28:08
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

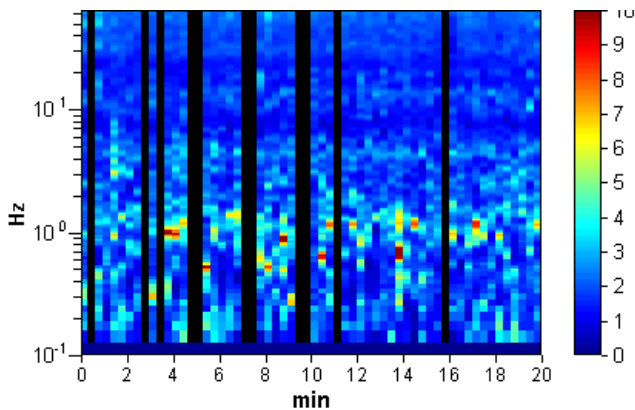
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 82% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

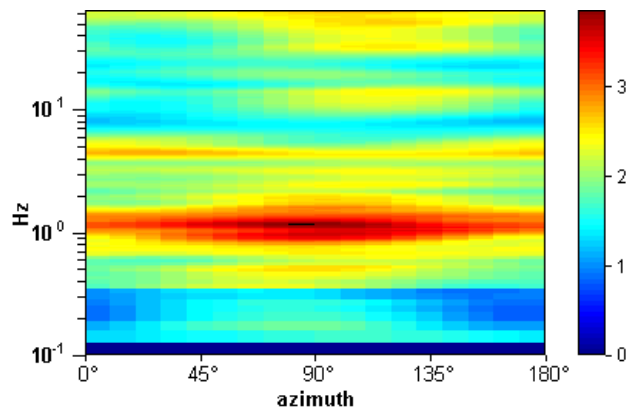
Max. H/V at 4.31 ± 11.13 Hz. (In the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).



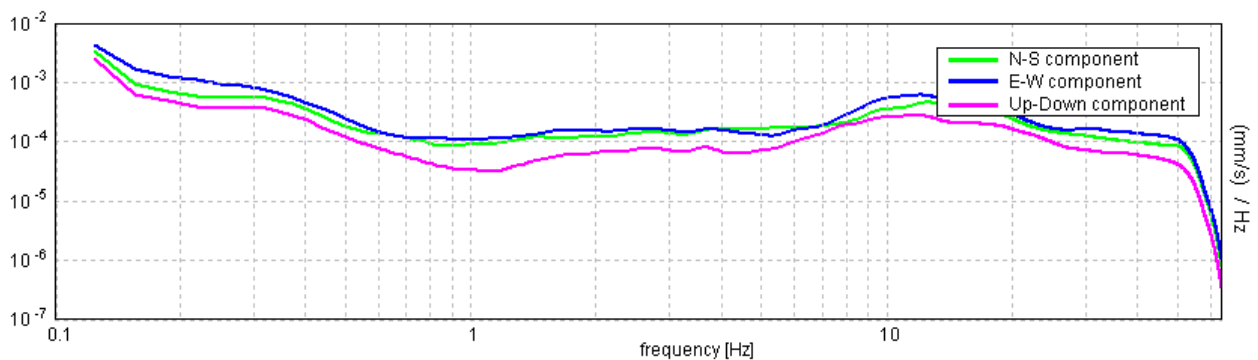
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 4.31 ± 11.13 Hz (in the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$4.31 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$4226.3 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 208 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$			NO
$A_0 > 2$	$2.63 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 2.58141 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$11.13231 < 0.21563$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.1858 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA PARCO MARINELLA *HV14

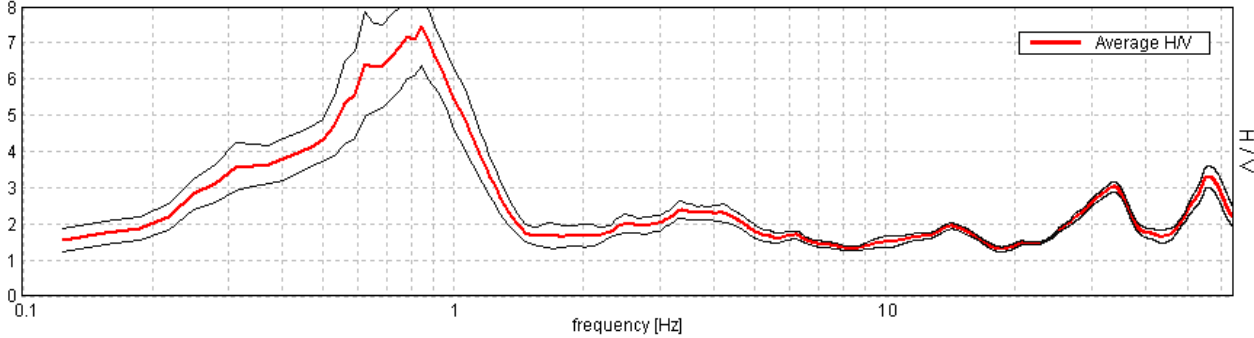
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 26/09/18 12:38:53 End recording: 26/09/18 12:58:53
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 63% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

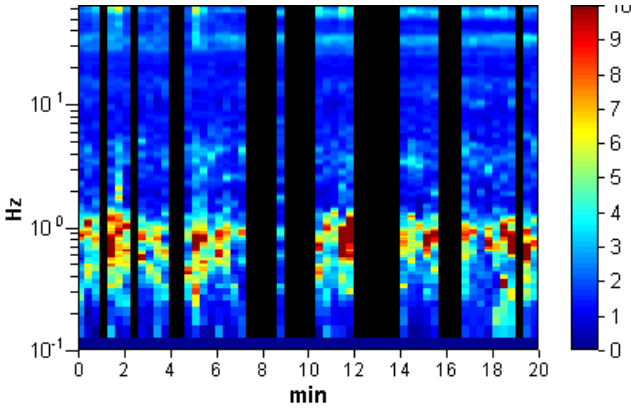


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

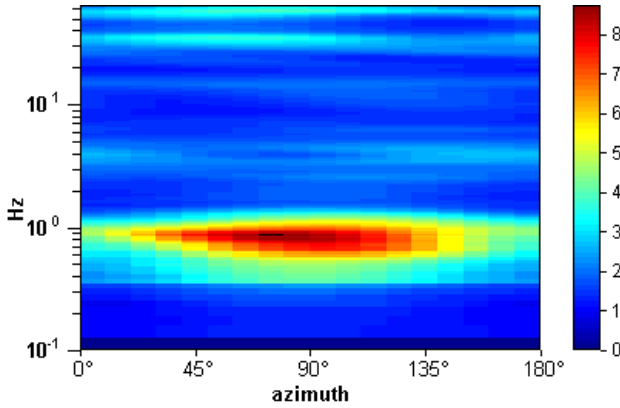
Max. H/V at 0.84 ± 0.02 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



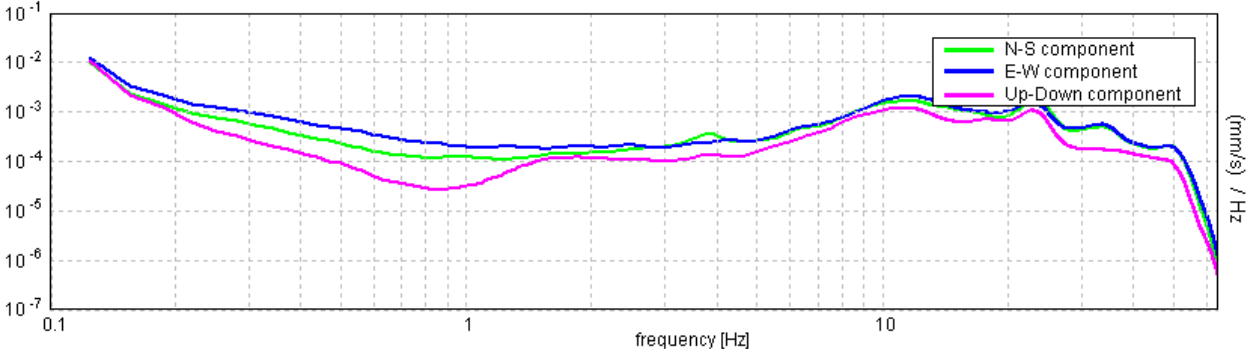
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.84 ± 0.02 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.84 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$641.3 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 42 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.375 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.188 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$7.45 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.02943 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.02483 < 0.12656$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$1.0621 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

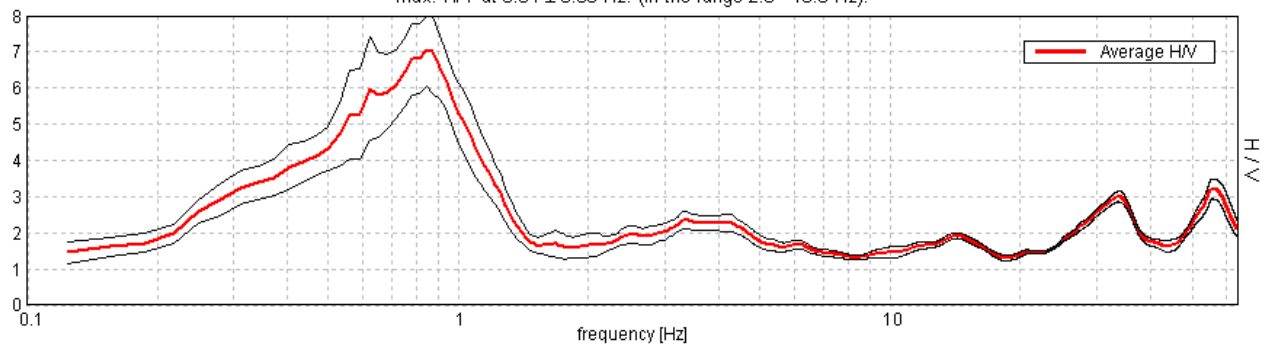
CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA PARCO MARINELLA *HV14

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 26/09/18 12:38:53 End recording: 26/09/18 12:58:53
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

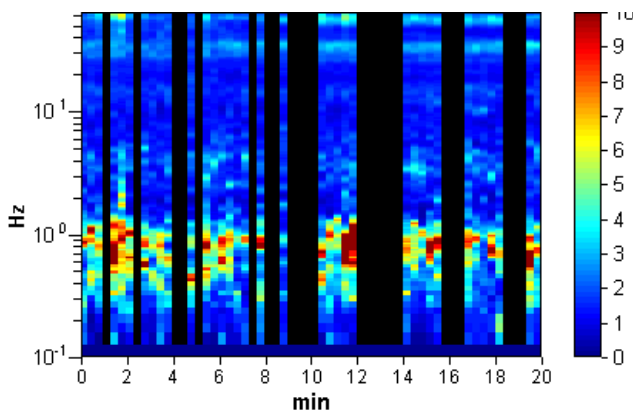
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 60% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

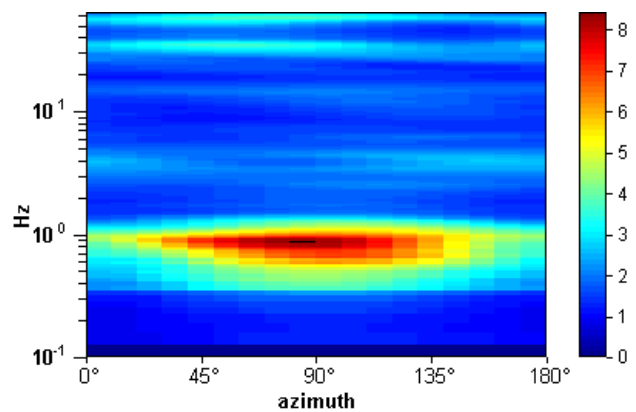
Max. H/V at 3.34 ± 0.63 Hz. (In the range 2.0 - 10.0 Hz).



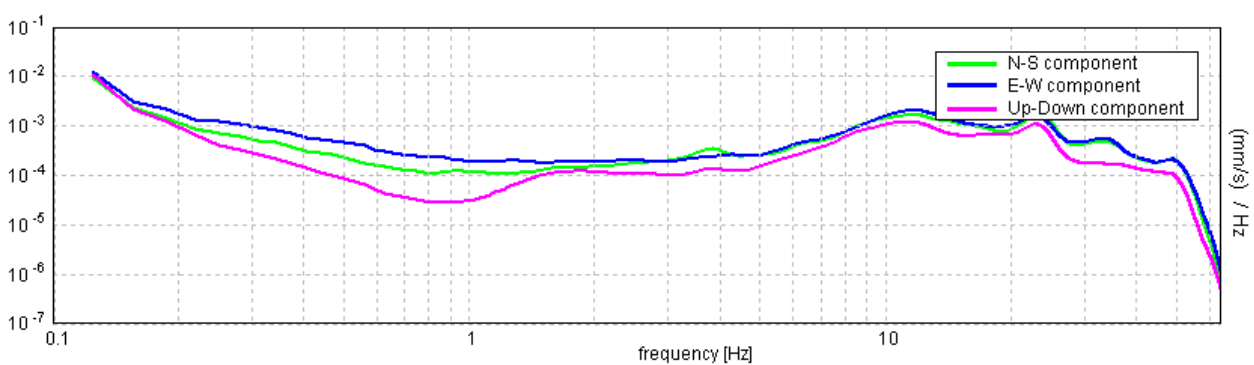
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 3.34 ± 0.63 Hz (in the range 2.0 - 10.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$3.34 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2407.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 162 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$			NO
$A_0 > 2$	$2.36 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.18757 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.62719 < 0.16719$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.243 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA DEL PANTANO *HV15

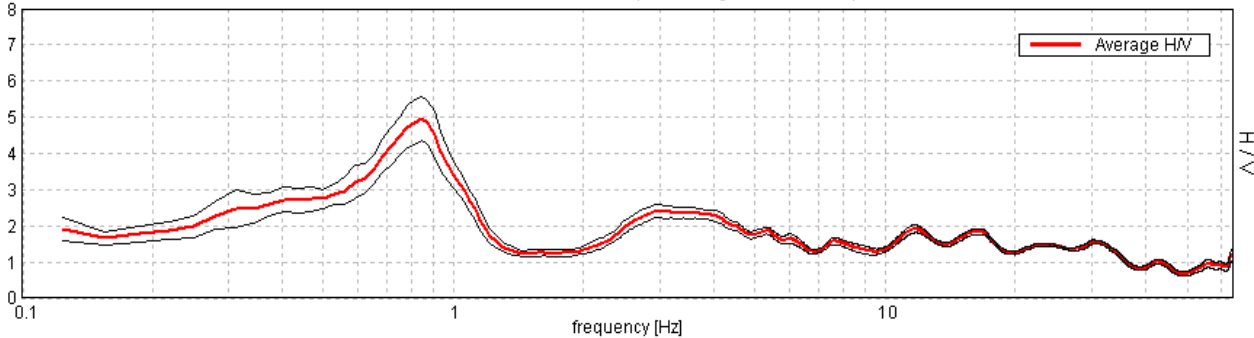
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 26/09/18 13:25:14 End recording: 26/09/18 13:45:14
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 93% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

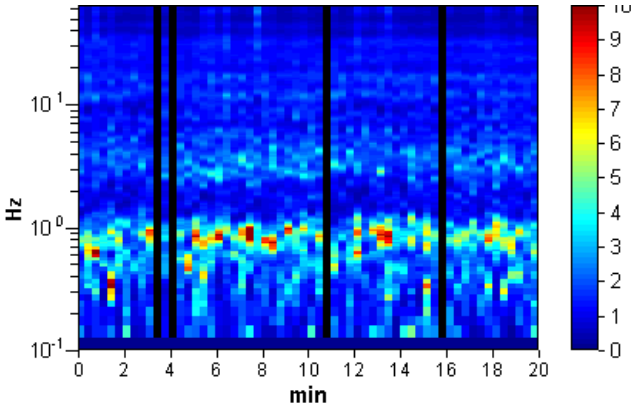


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

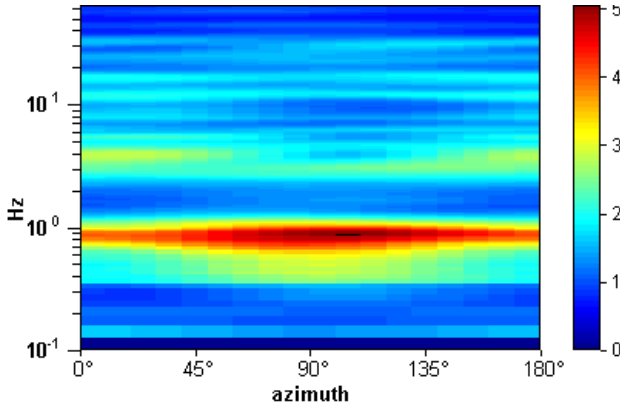
Max. H/V at 0.84 ± 0.08 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



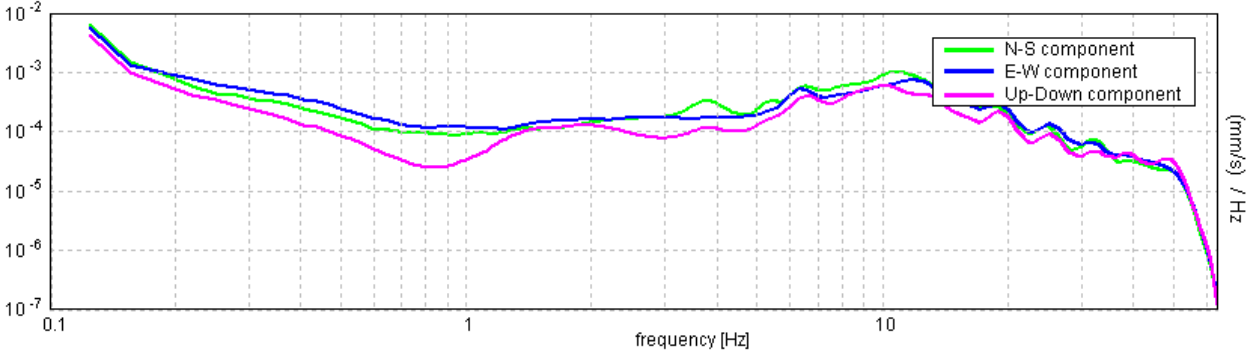
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.84 ± 0.08 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.84 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$945.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 42 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.344 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.125 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.97 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.0952 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.08033 < 0.12656$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.6059 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

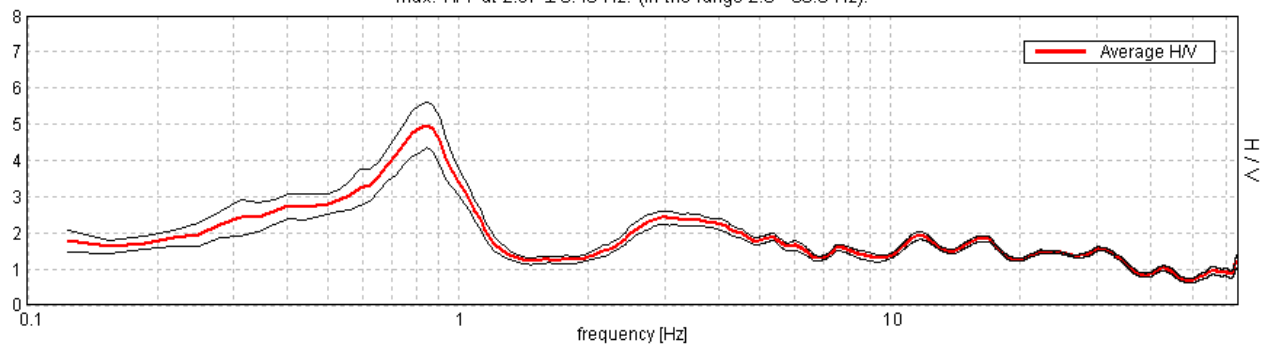
CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA DEL PANTANO *HV15

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 26/09/18 13:25:14 End recording: 26/09/18 13:45:14
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

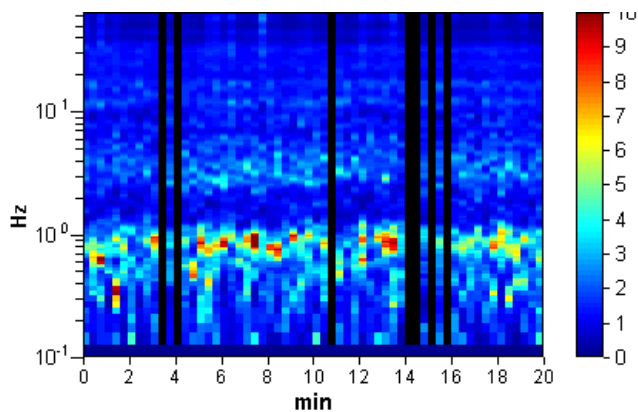
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

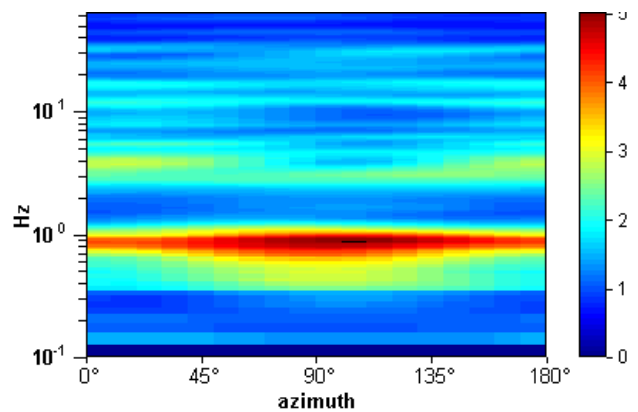
Max. H/V at 2.97 ± 0.45 Hz. (In the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).



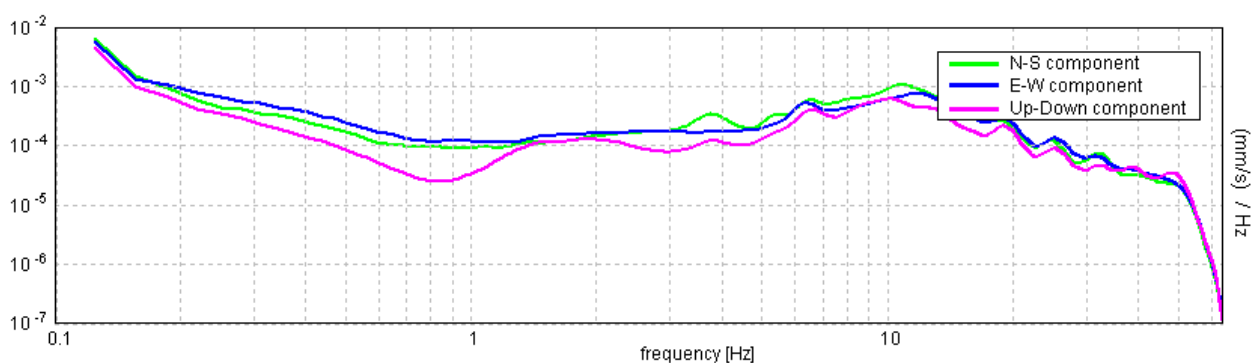
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.97 ± 0.45 Hz (in the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.97 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3146.9 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 144 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$			NO
$A_0 > 2$	$2.42 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.15048 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.44675 < 0.14844$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.1823 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA DEL PANTANO *HV16

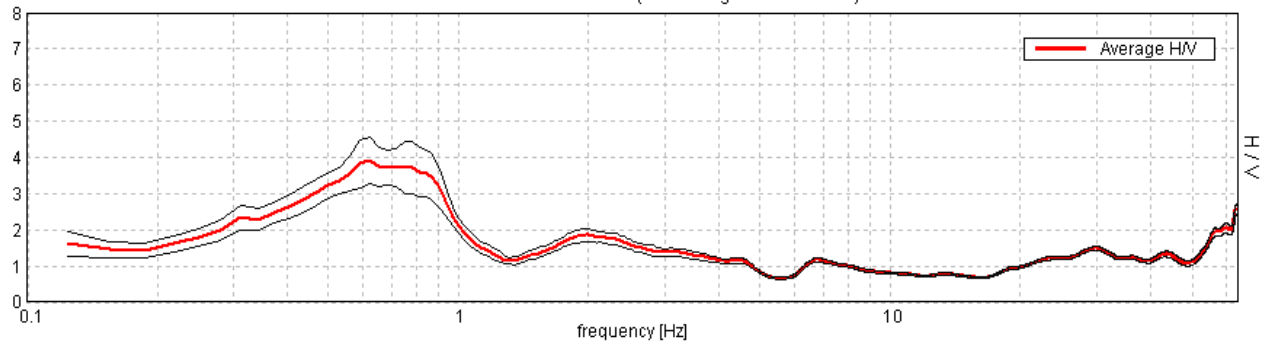
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 26/09/18 13:59:47 End recording: 26/09/18 14:19:47
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analysis performed on the entire trace.
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

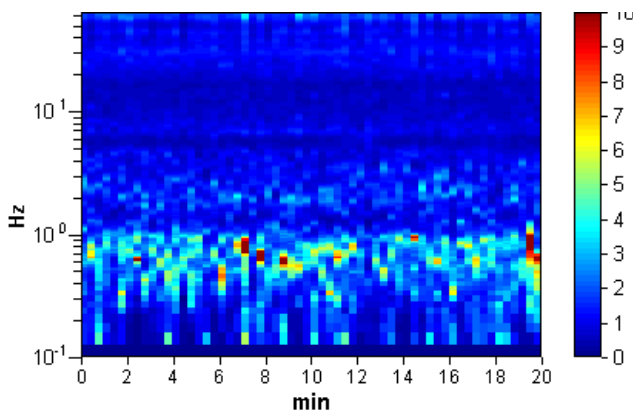


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

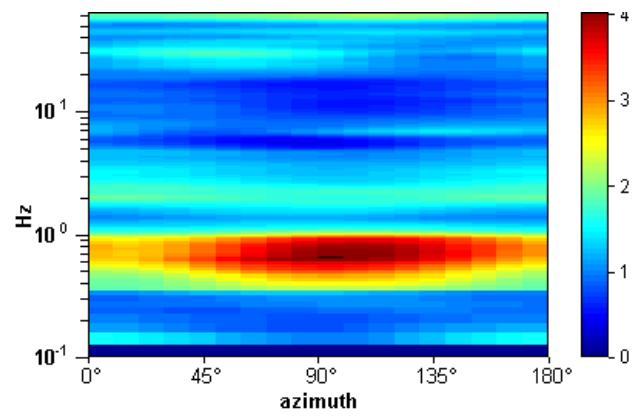
Max. H/V at 0.63 ± 0.07 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



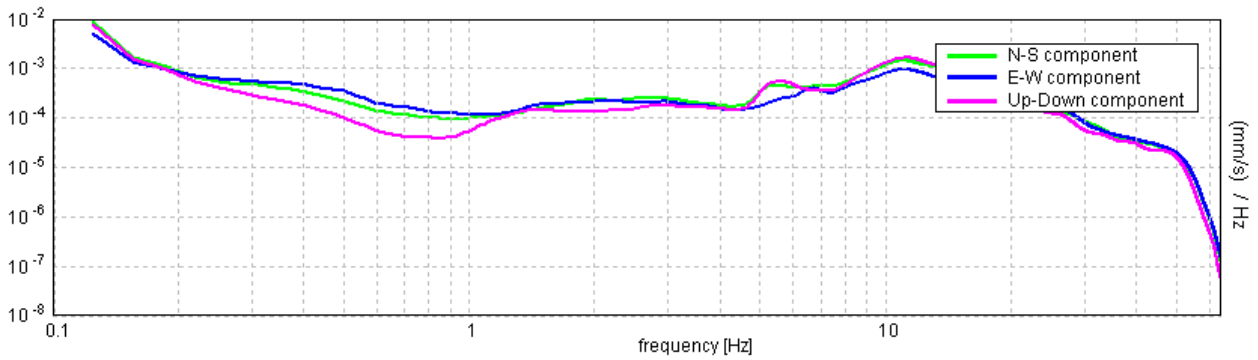
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.63 ± 0.07 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	0.63 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	750.0 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 31 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.25 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.031 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	3.90 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.10973 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.06858 < 0.09375	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.6459 < 2.0	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

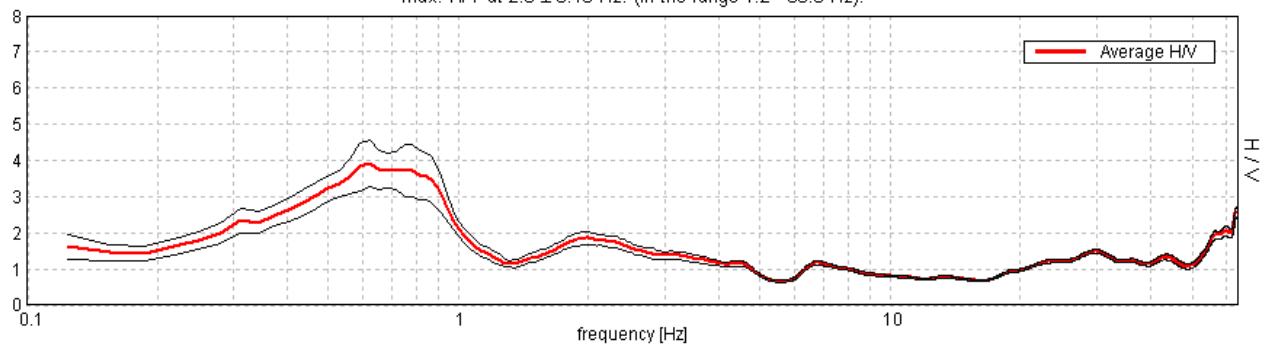
CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA DEL PANTANO *HV16

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 26/09/18 13:59:47 End recording: 26/09/18 14:19:47
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

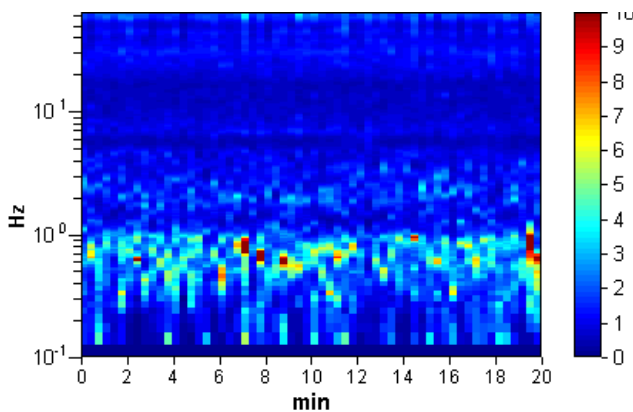
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analysis performed on the entire trace.
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

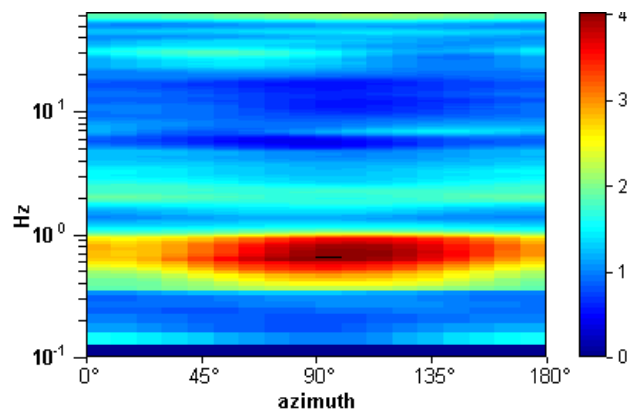
Max. H/V at 2.0 ± 0.18 Hz. (In the range 1.2 - 50.0 Hz).



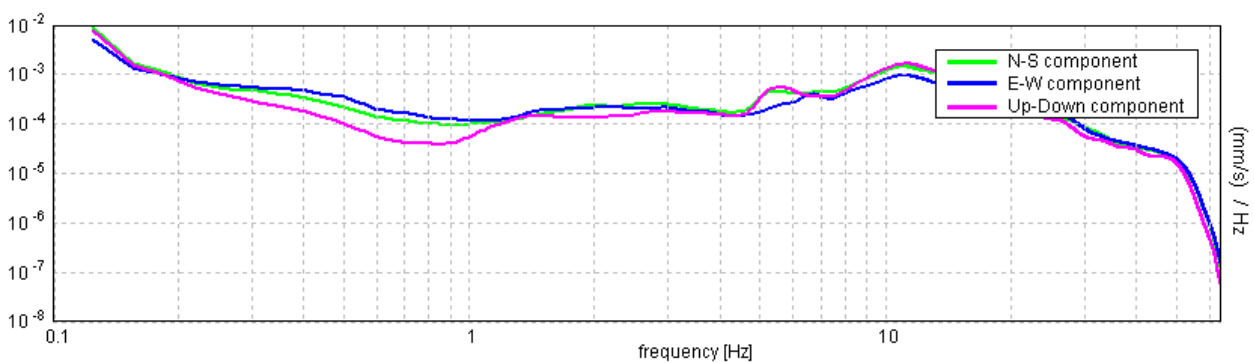
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.0 ± 0.18 Hz (in the range 1.2 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.00 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2400.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 97 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.875 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$1.85 > 2$		NO
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.08866 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.17733 < 0.1$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.1783 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA DEL PANTANO *HV17

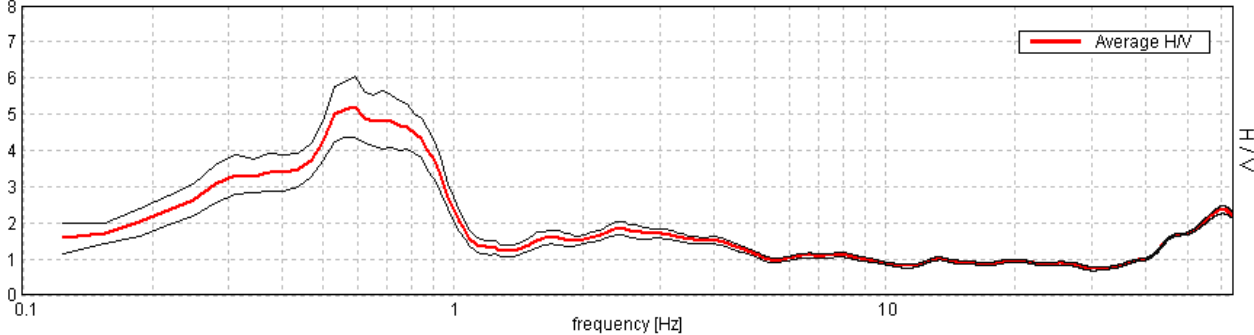
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 26/09/18 14:24:51 End recording: 26/09/18 14:44:51
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 73% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

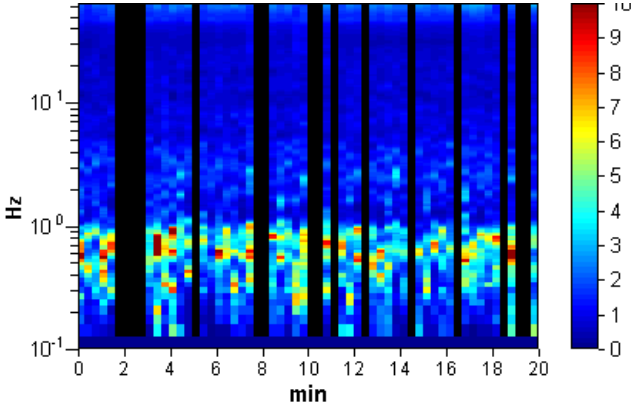


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

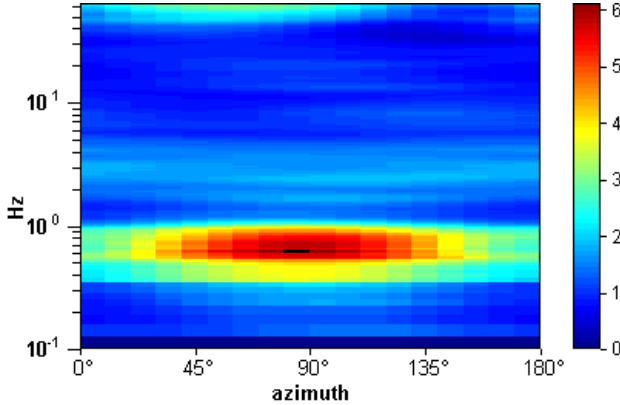
Max. H/V at 0.59 ± 0.04 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



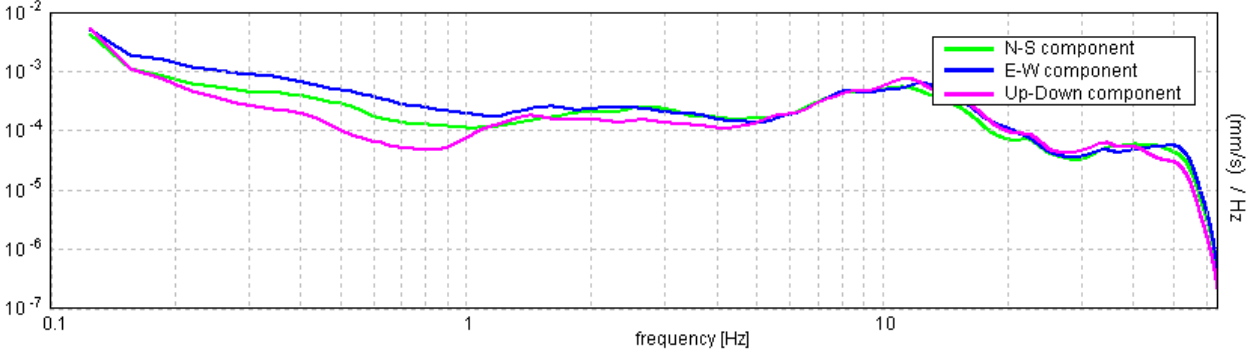
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.59 ± 0.04 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.59 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$522.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 30 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.219 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.0 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$5.21 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.06779 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.04025 < 0.08906$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.8572 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, PARCO CHICO MENDEZ *HV18

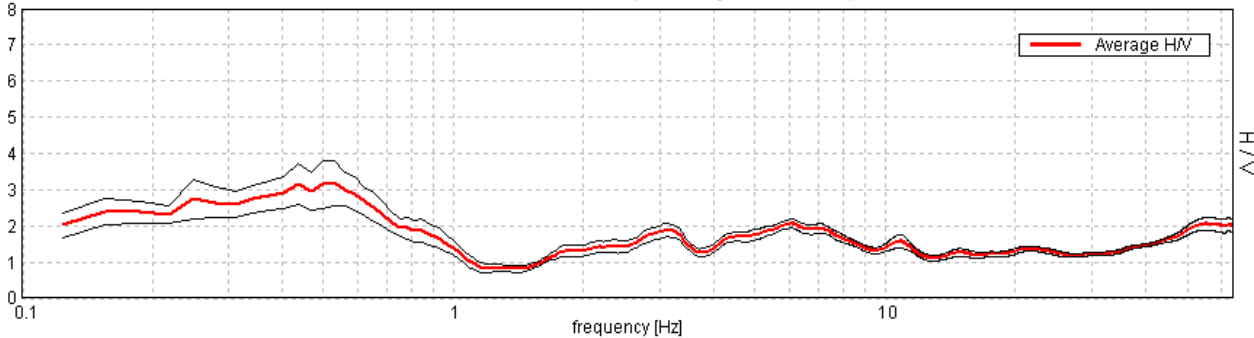
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 26/09/18 15:22:31 End recording: 26/09/18 15:42:31
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 60% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

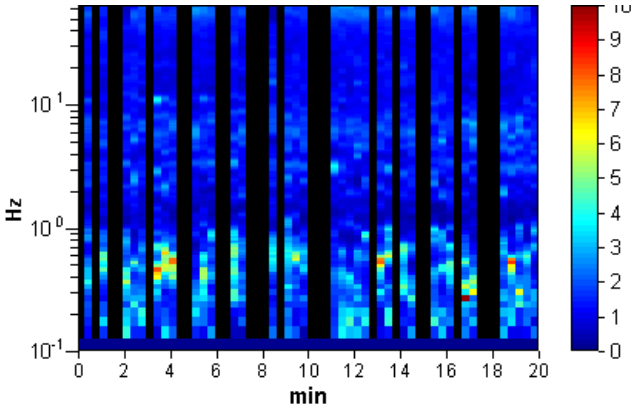


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

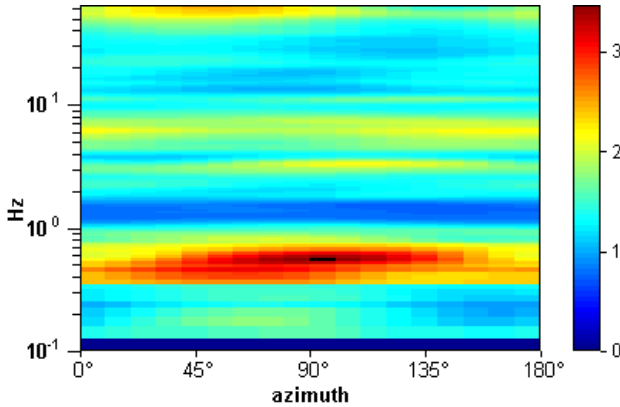
Max. H/V at 0.53 ± 0.09 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



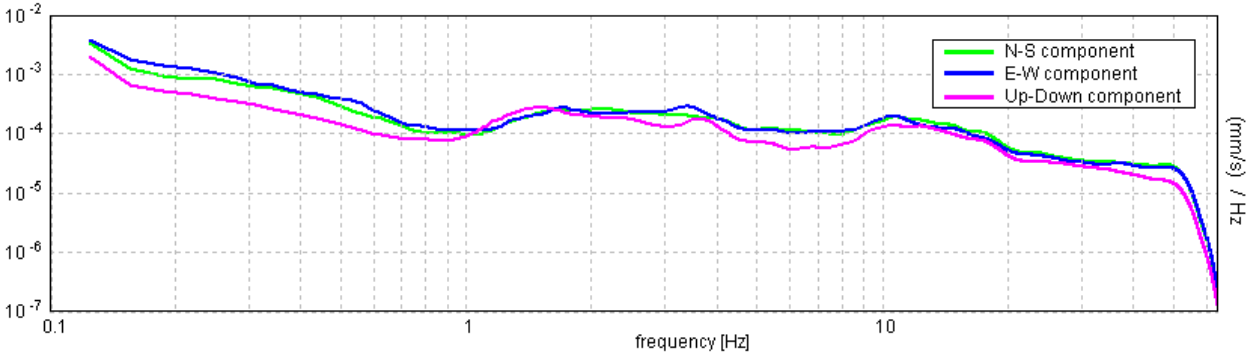
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.53 ± 0.09 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.53 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$382.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 26 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.969 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.18 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.1715 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.09111 < 0.07969$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.6131 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA DELLE MOLINA *HV19

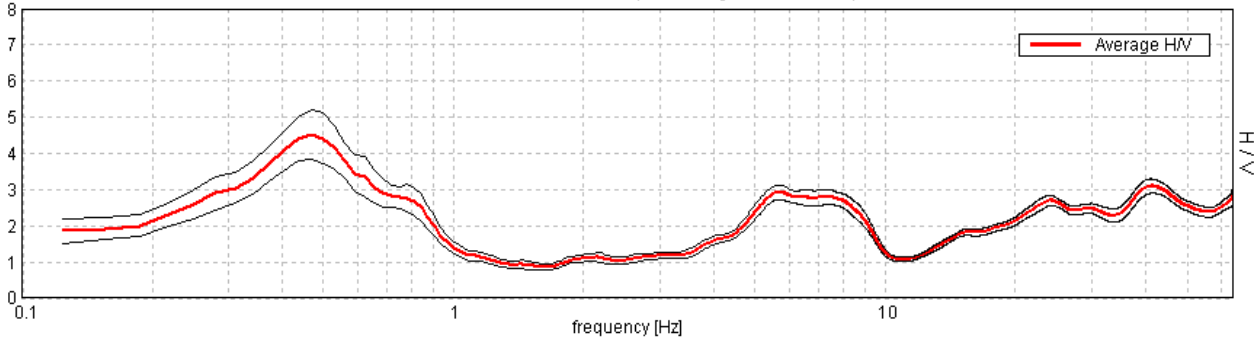
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 26/09/18 15:59:36 End recording: 26/09/18 16:19:36
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

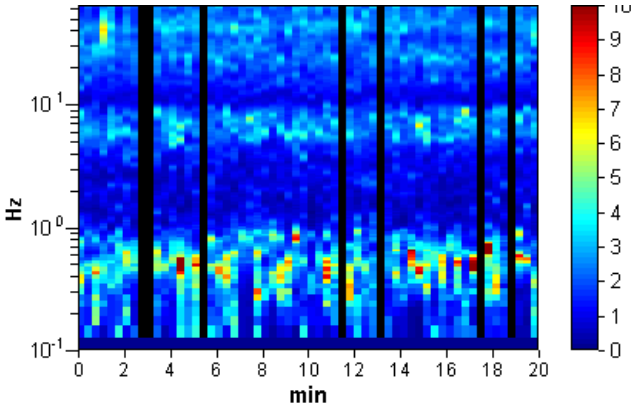


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

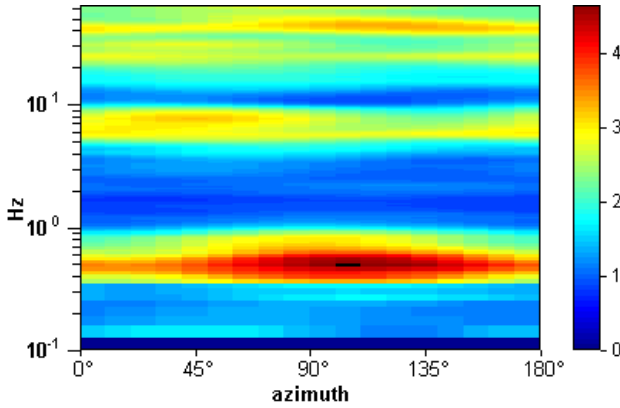
Max. H/V at 0.47 ± 0.03 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



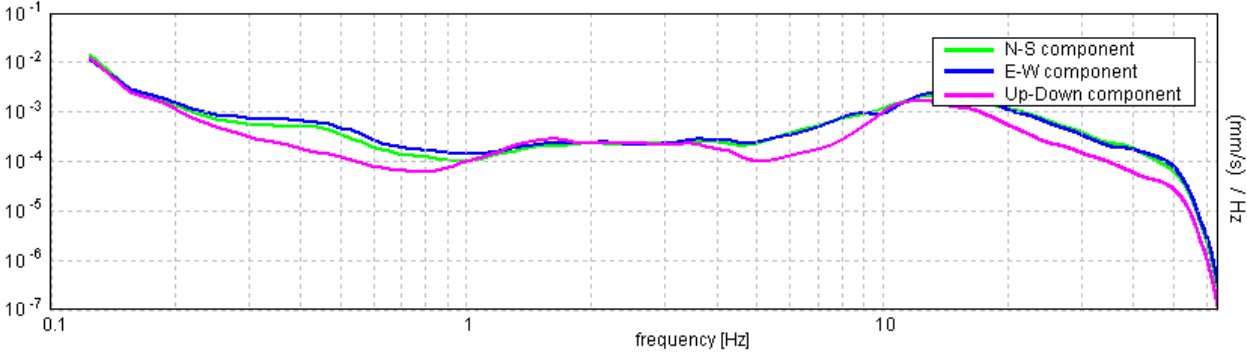
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.47 ± 0.03 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.47 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$496.9 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 24 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.188 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.875 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.54 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.06143 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.0288 < 0.09375$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.6843 < 2.5$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

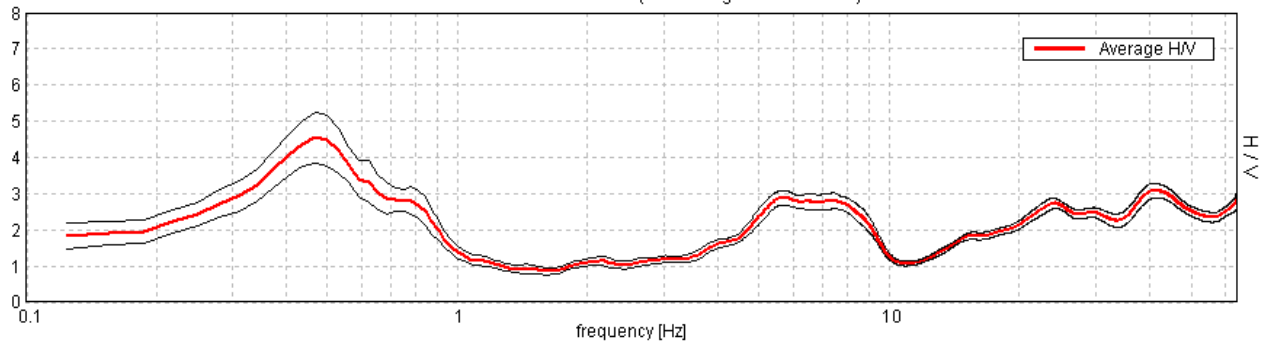
CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA DELLE MOLINA *HV19

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 26/09/18 15:59:36 End recording: 26/09/18 16:19:36
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

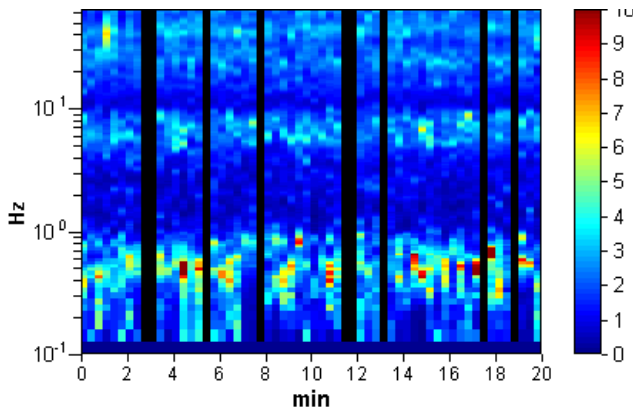
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

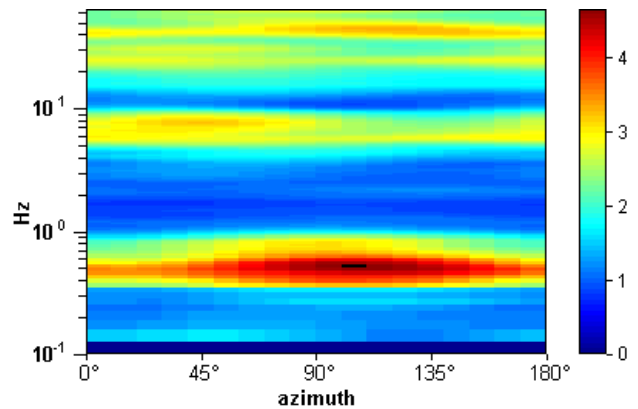
Max. H/V at 5.63 ± 0.43 Hz. (In the range 1.0 - 10.0 Hz).



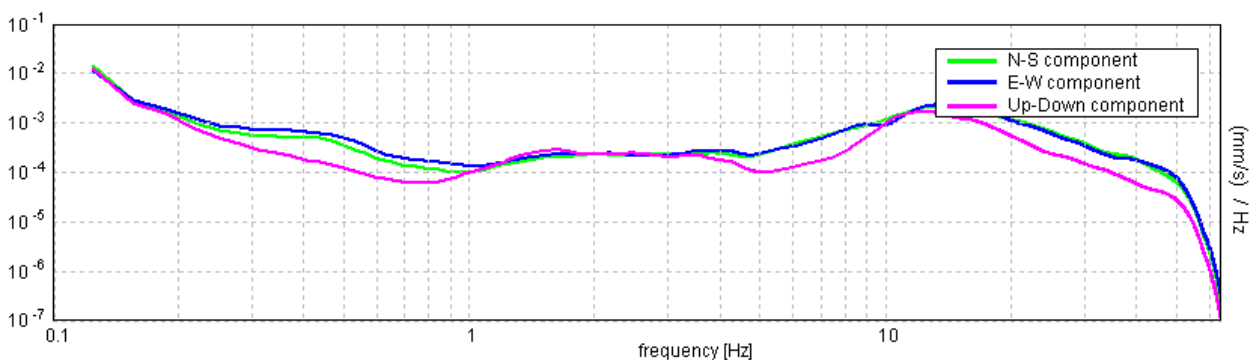
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 5.63 ± 0.43 Hz (in the range 1.0 - 10.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$5.63 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$5737.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 271 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	3.75 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	9.75 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$2.89 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.07659 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.43082 < 0.28125$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.2018 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, S. PIERO A PONTI, VIA DELLA REPUBBLICA *HV20

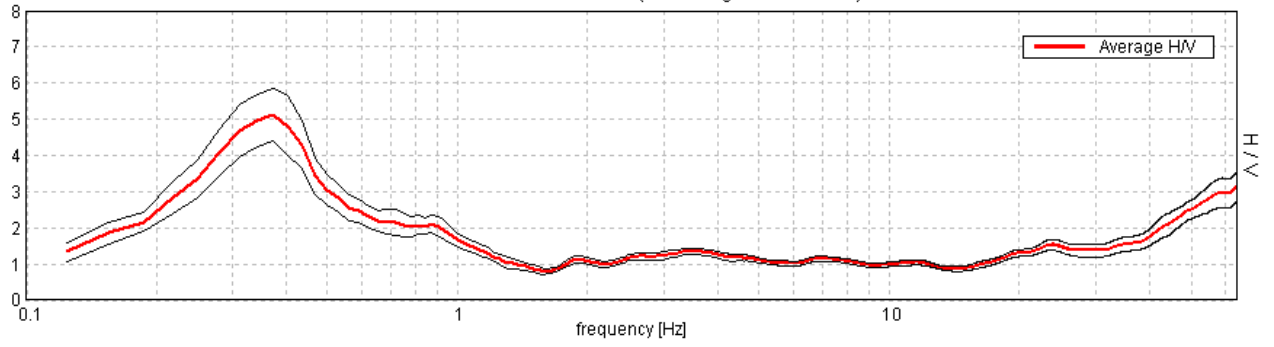
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 26/09/18 16:41:29 End recording: 26/09/18 17:01:29
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 83% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

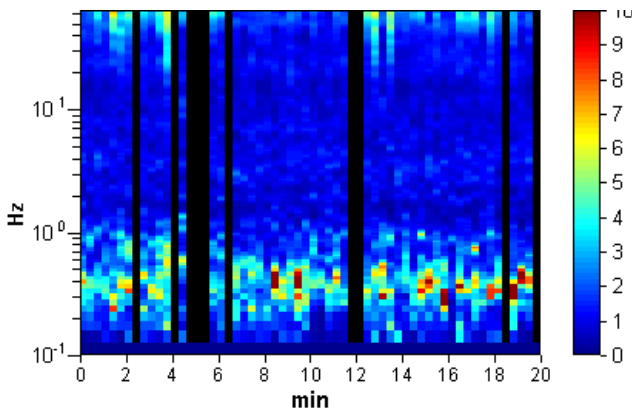


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

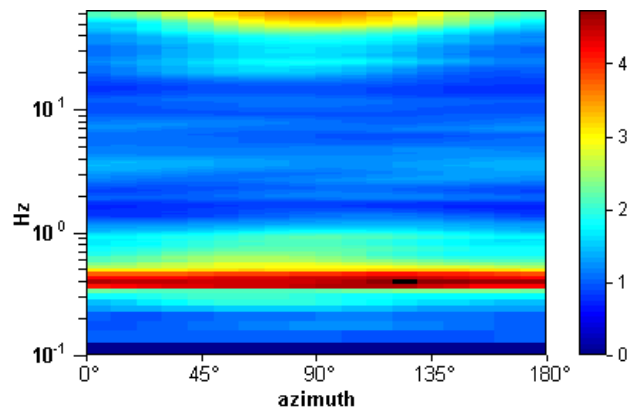
Max. H/V at 0.38 ± 0.01 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



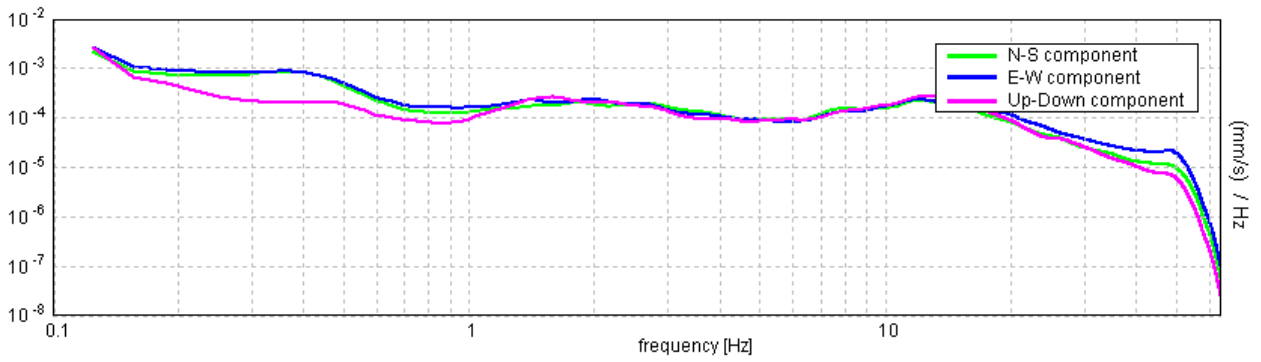
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.38 ± 0.01 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.38 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$375.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 19 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.188 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.594 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$5.11 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.03333 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.0125 < 0.075$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.7211 < 2.5$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, S. PIERO A PONTI, VIA TOMMASO FONDI *HV21

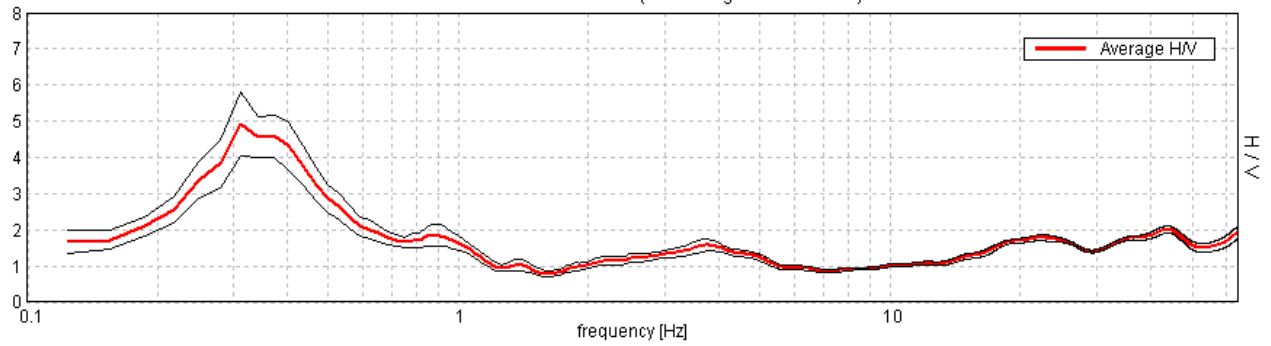
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 26/09/18 17:15:56 End recording: 26/09/18 17:35:56
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

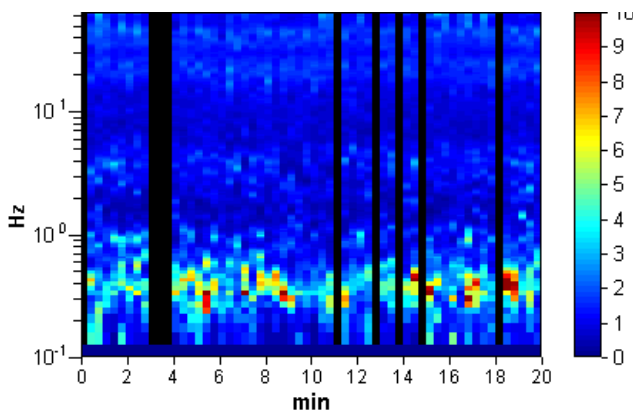


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

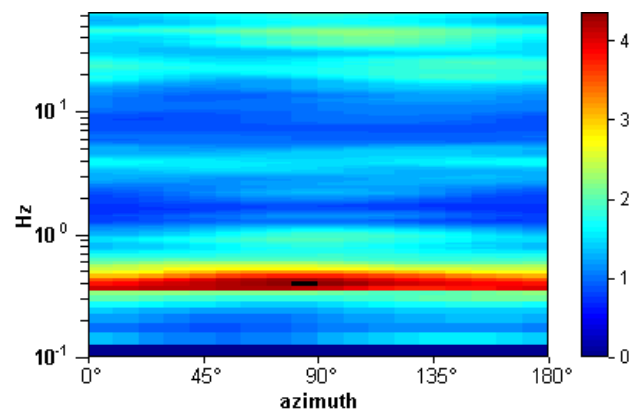
Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 0.04 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



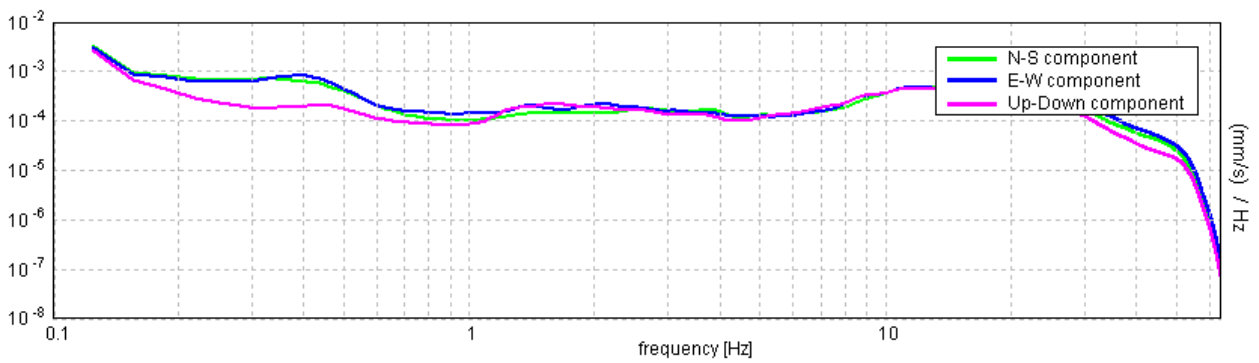
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 0.04 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	0.31 > 0.50		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	318.8 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 16 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.188 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.563 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	4.93 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.11547 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.03608 < 0.0625	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.8928 < 2.5	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, GORINELLO, VIA CARRAIA *HV22

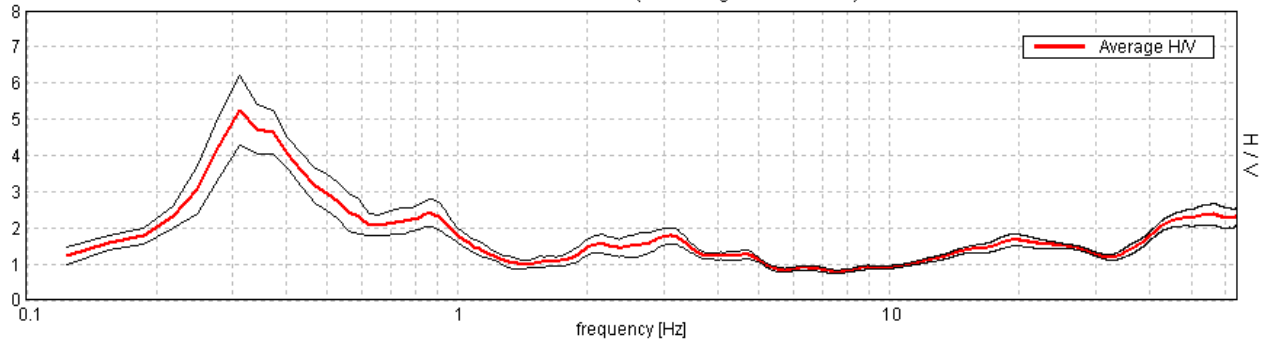
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 26/09/18 17:51:01 End recording: 26/09/18 18:11:01
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 80% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

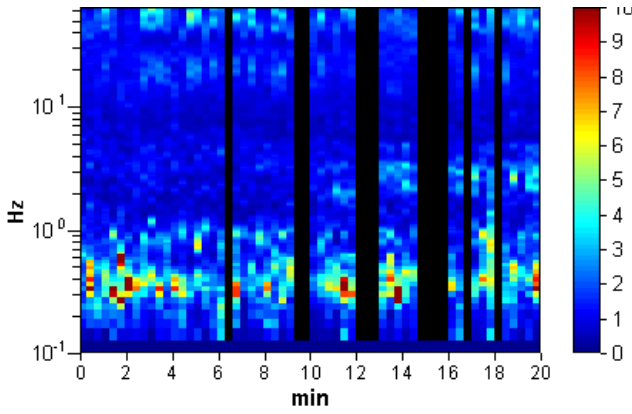


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

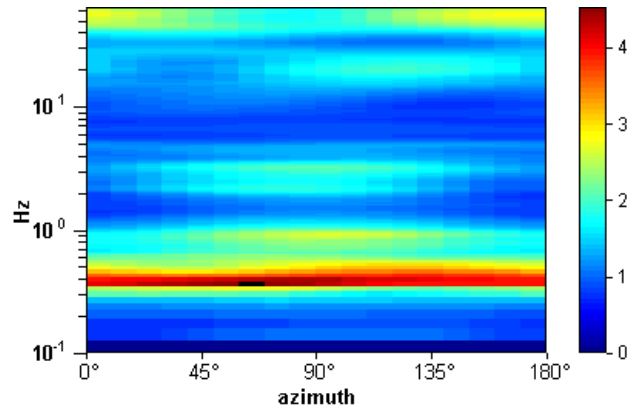
Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 0.04 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



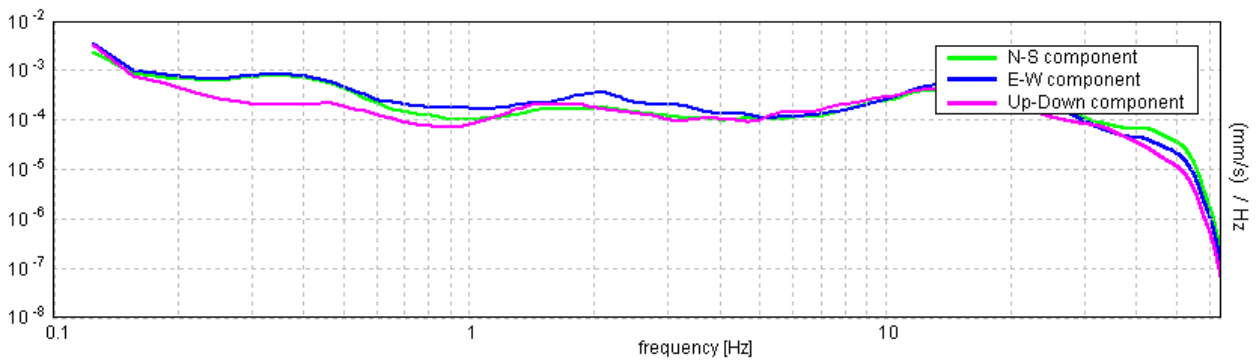
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 0.04 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.31 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$300.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 16 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.219 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.563 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$5.24 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.1299 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.04059 < 0.0625$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.9738 < 2.5$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA VINGONE *HV23

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17

Data format: 32 byte

Full scale [mV]: 51

Start recording: 26/09/18 18:22:31 End recording: 26/09/18 18:42:31

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

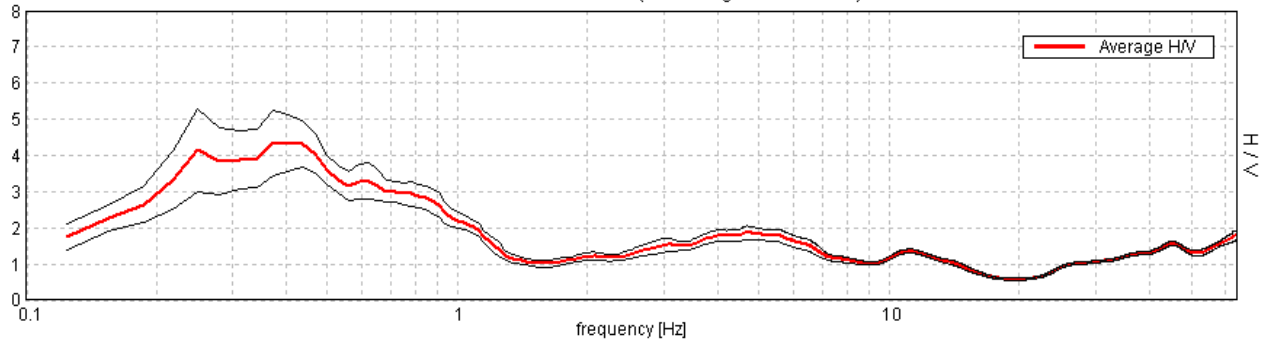
Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 10%

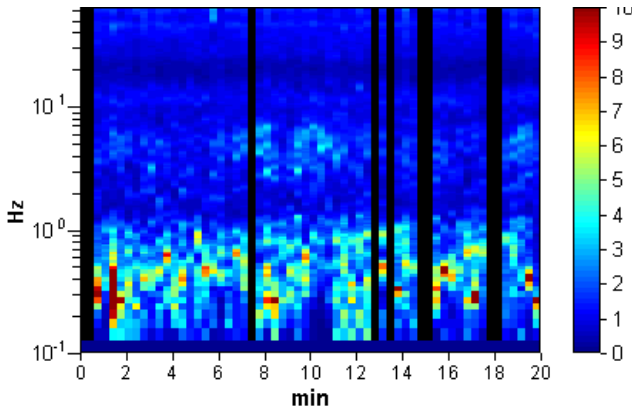


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

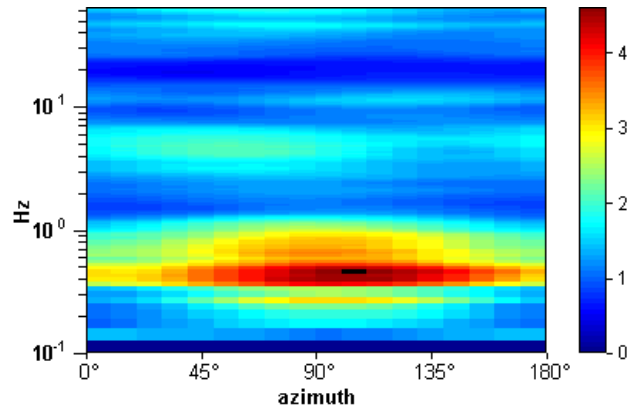
Max. H/V at 0.38 ± 0.05 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



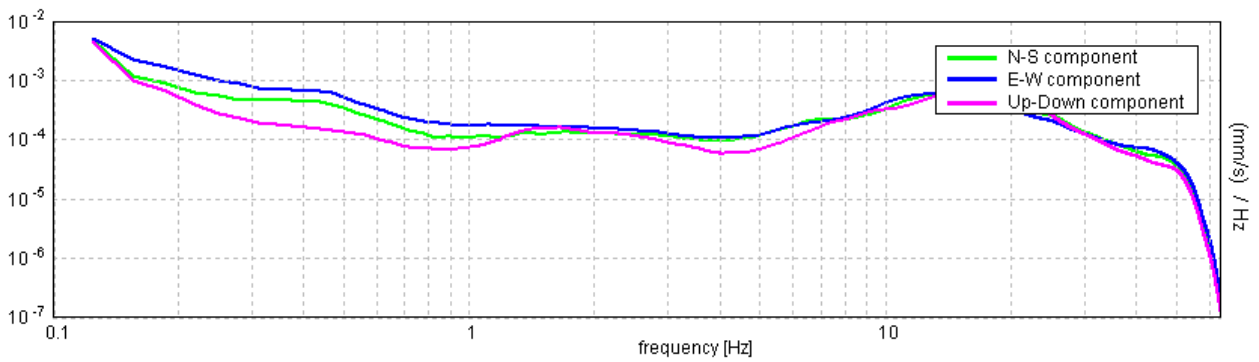
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.38 ± 0.05 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.38 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$382.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 19 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.125 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.031 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.35 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.12404 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.04652 < 0.075$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.9166 < 2.5$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

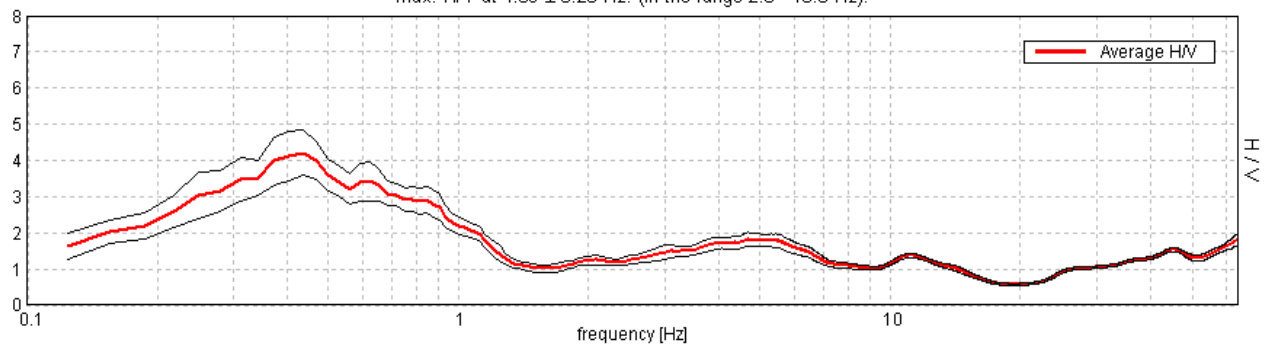
CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA VINGONE *HV23

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 26/09/18 18:22:31 End recording: 26/09/18 18:42:31
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

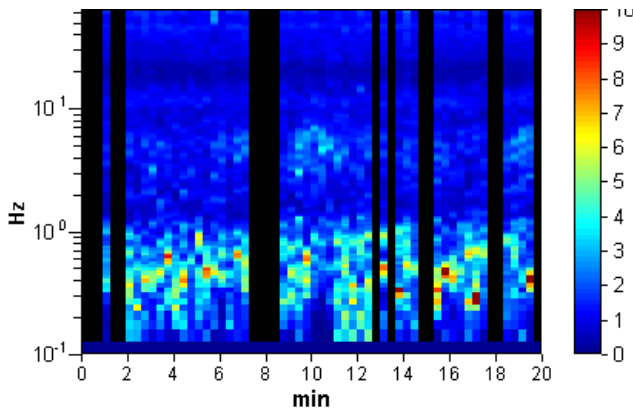
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 73% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

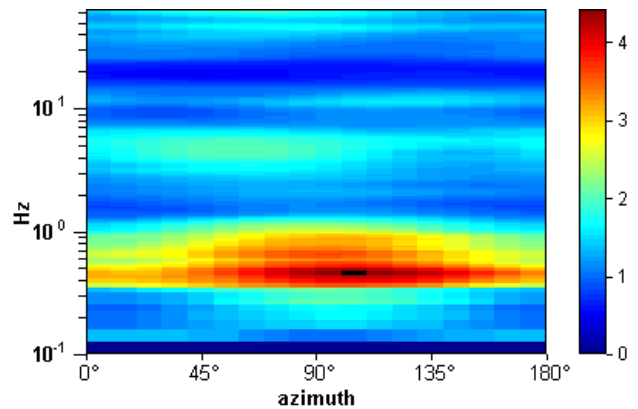
Max. H/V at 4.69 ± 0.28 Hz. (In the range 2.0 - 10.0 Hz).



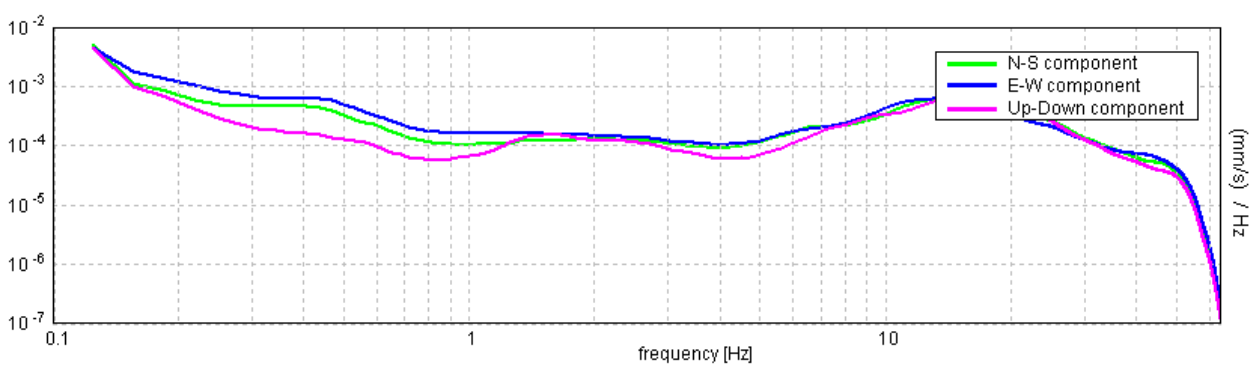
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 4.69 ± 0.28 Hz (in the range 2.0 - 10.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	4.69 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	4125.0 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 226 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	14.906 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	1.82 > 2		NO
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.06076 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.28482 < 0.23438		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.1969 < 1.58	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA PISTOIESE *HV24

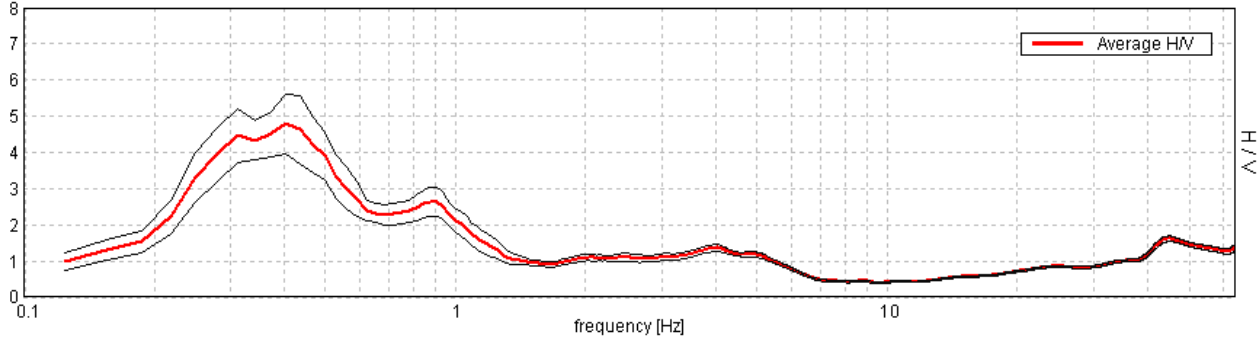
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 26/09/18 18:49:40 End recording: 26/09/18 19:09:40
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 93% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

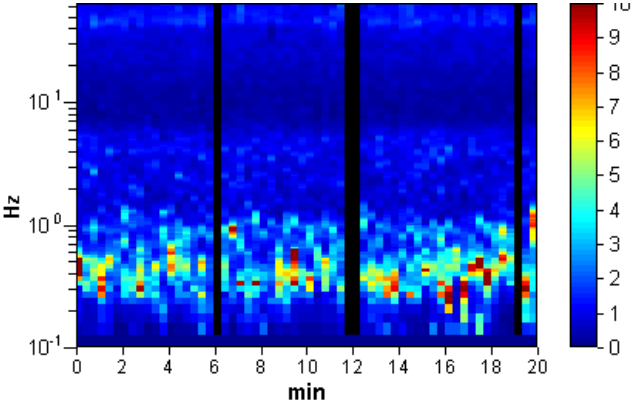


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

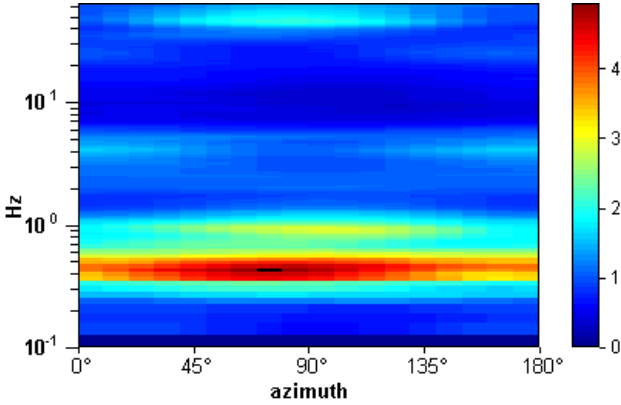
Max. H/V at 0.41 ± 0.02 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



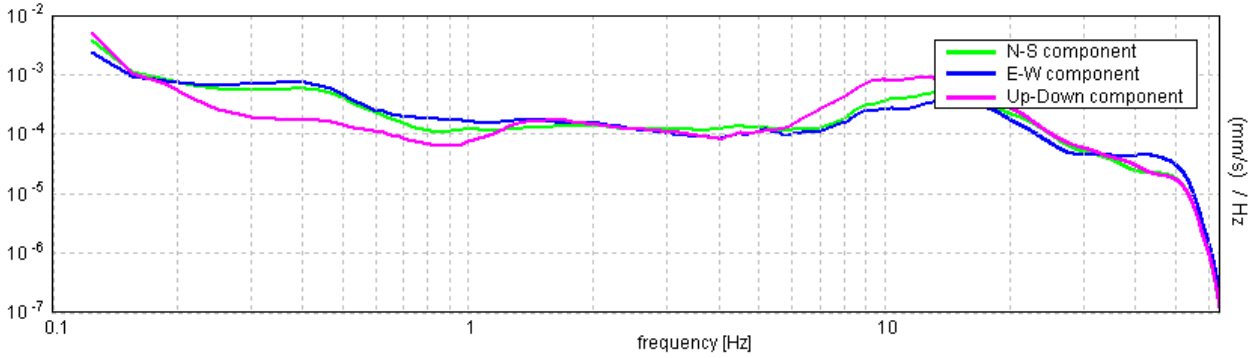
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.41 ± 0.02 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.41 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$455.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 20 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.219 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.625 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.79 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.0563 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.02287 < 0.08125$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.8292 < 2.5$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA CAIANO *HV25

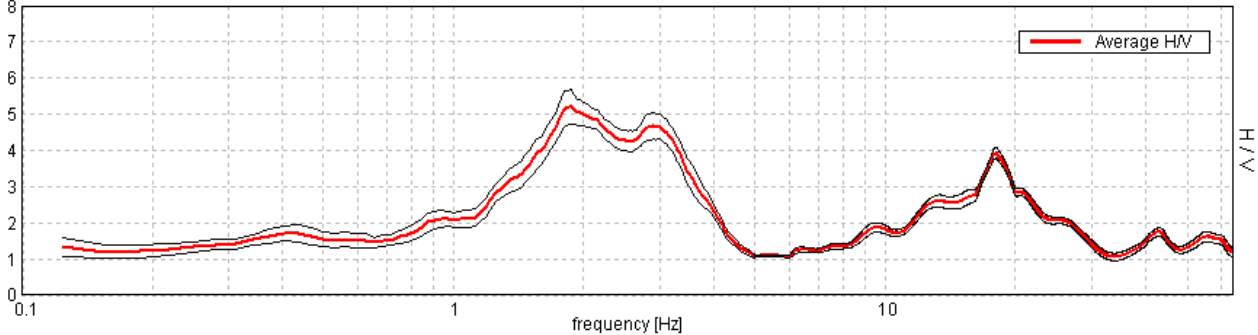
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 27/09/18 15:02:14 End recording: 27/09/18 15:22:14
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

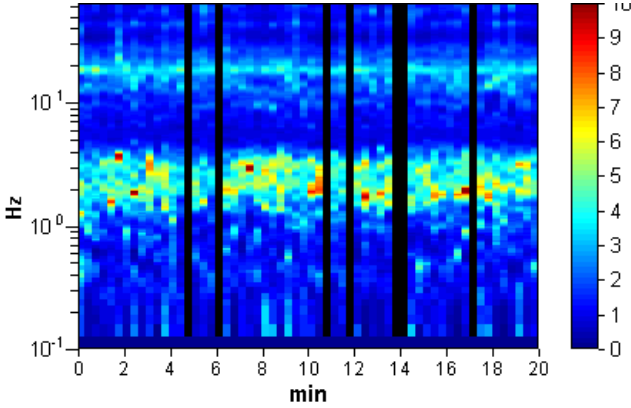


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

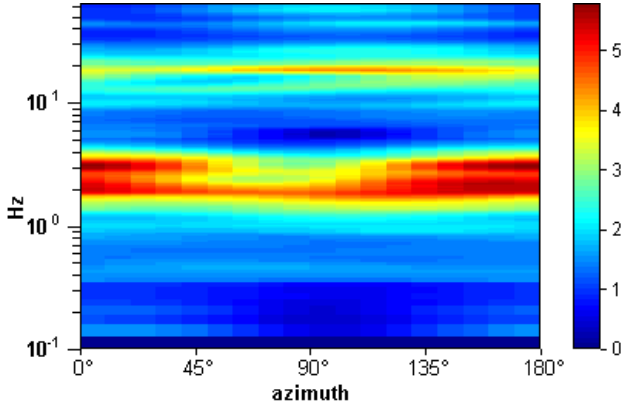
Max. H/V at 1.88 ± 3.15 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



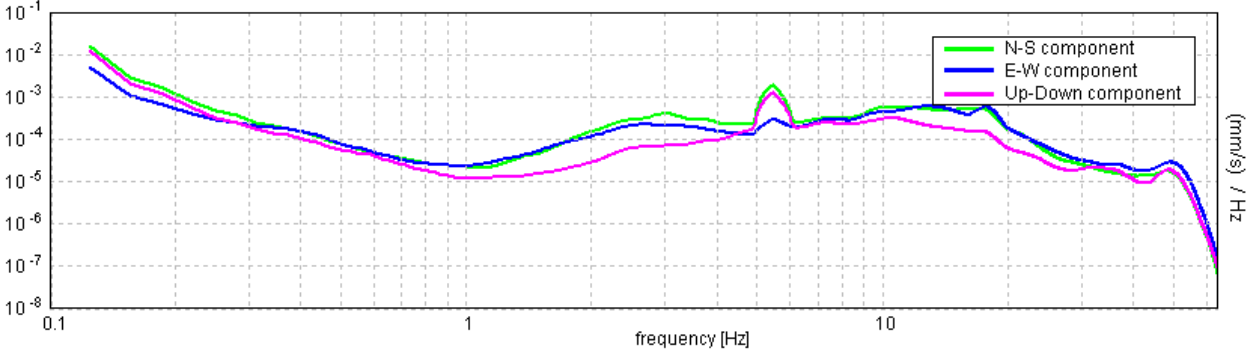
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.88 ± 3.15 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.88 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1987.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 91 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.188 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	3.875 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$5.20 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 1.68012 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$3.15022 < 0.1875$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.469 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA CARCERINA *HV26

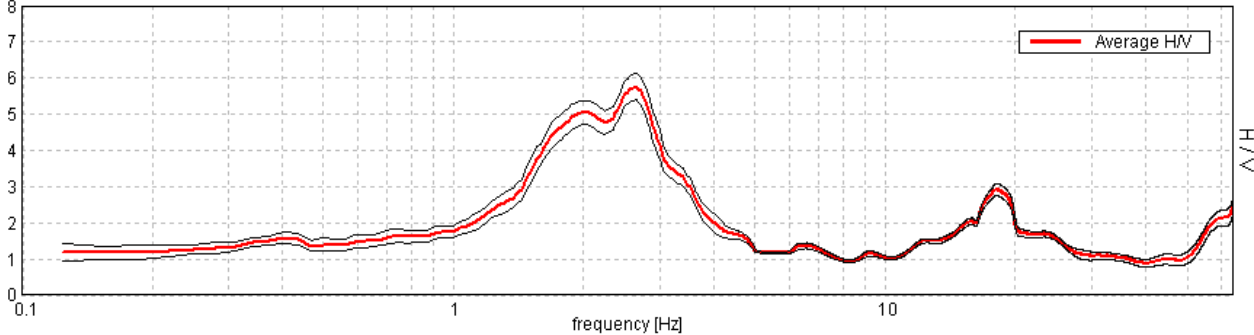
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 27/09/18 15:37:13 End recording: 27/09/18 15:57:13
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

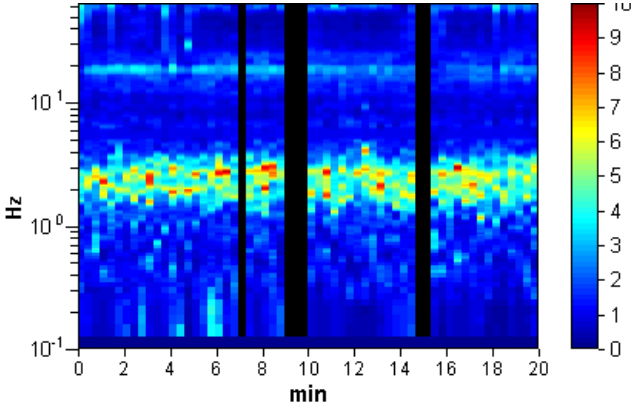


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

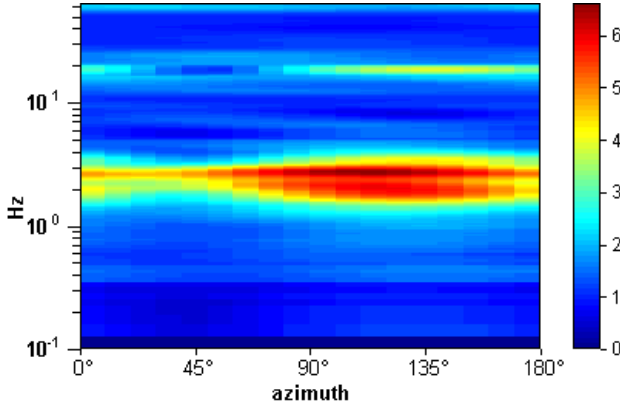
Max. H/V at 2.66 ± 0.18 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



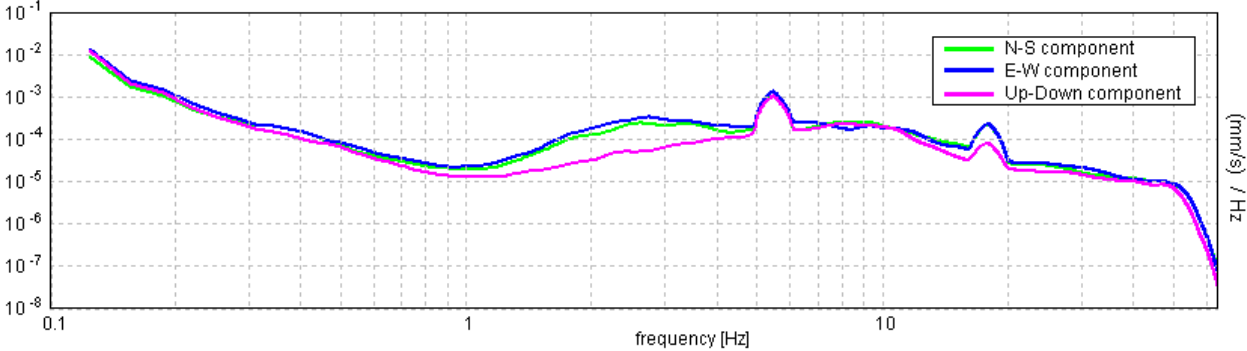
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.66 ± 0.18 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	2.66 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	2868.8 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 128 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.406 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	3.594 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	5.76 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.06964 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.18498 < 0.13281		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.3746 < 1.58	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA DELLE CICOGNE *HV27

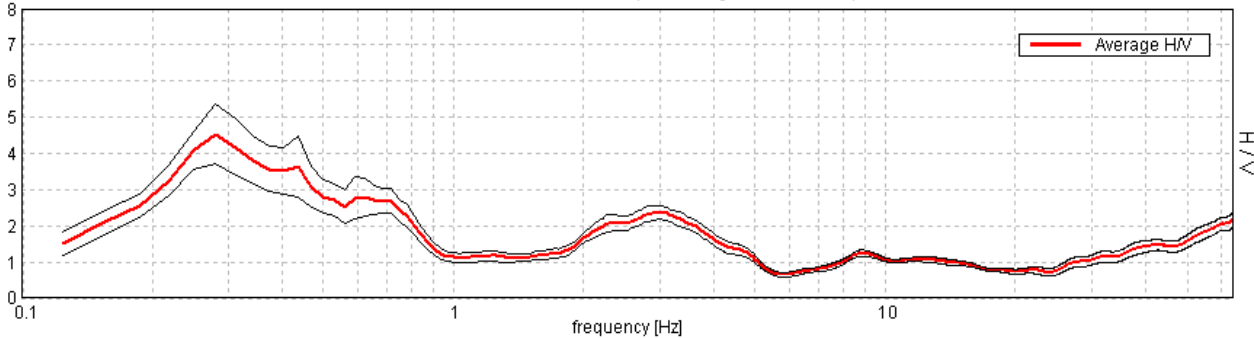
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 27/09/18 16:25:51 End recording: 27/09/18 16:45:51
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 75% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

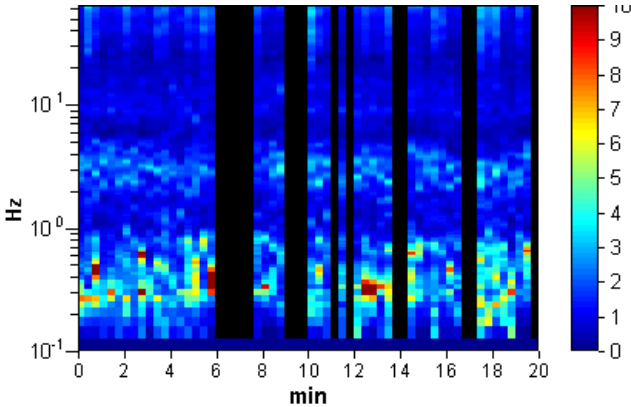


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

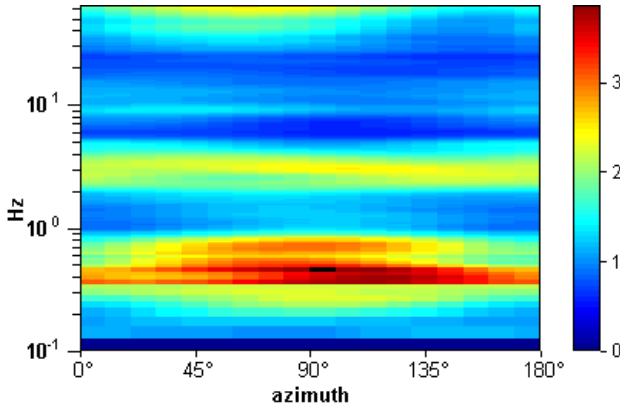
Max. H/V at 0.28 ± 0.03 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



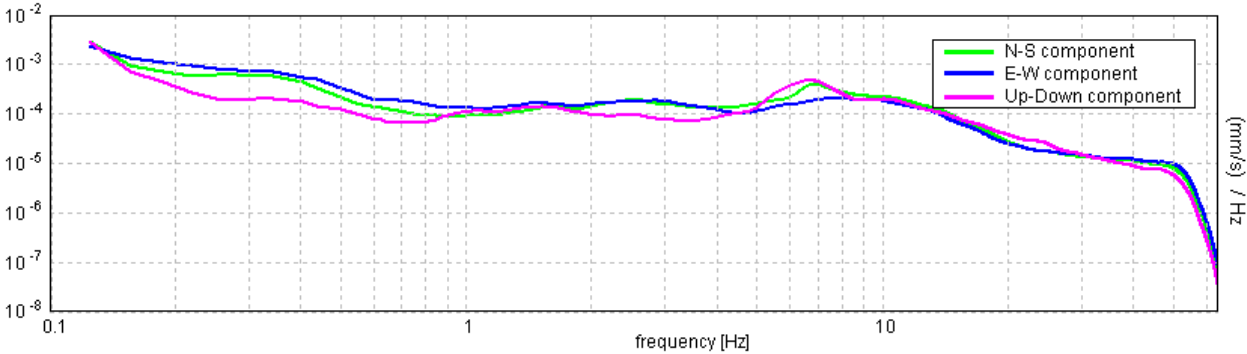
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.28 ± 0.03 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	0.28 > 0.50		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	253.1 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 14 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.156 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.813 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	4.54 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.10606 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.02983 < 0.05625	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.8429 < 2.5	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

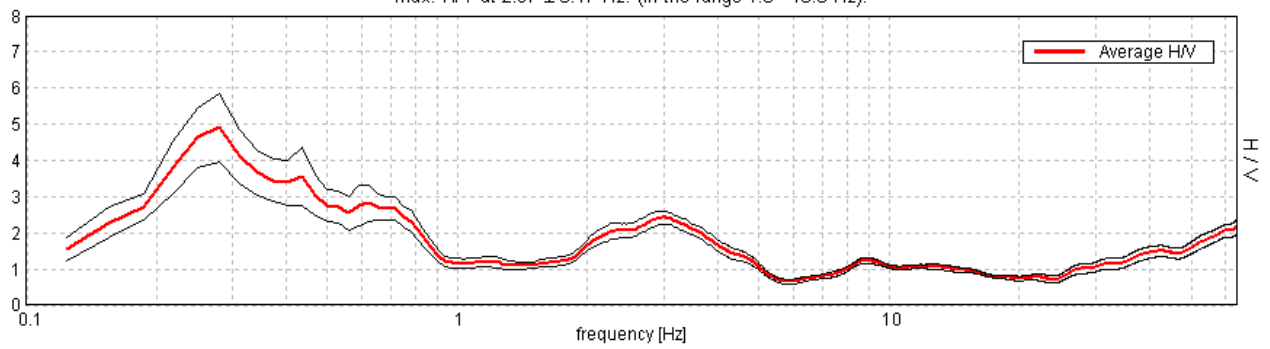
CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA DELLE CICOGNE *HV27

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 27/09/18 16:25:51 End recording: 27/09/18 16:45:51
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

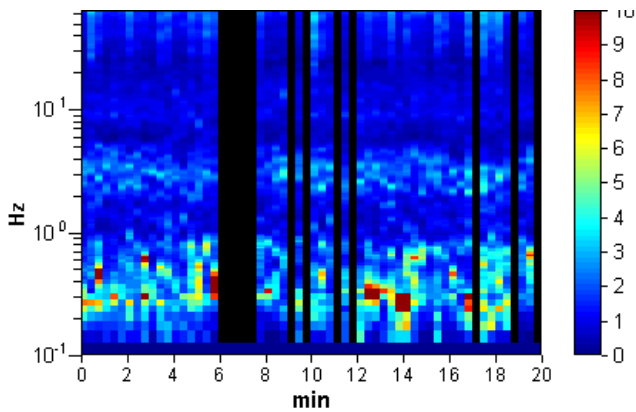
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 80% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

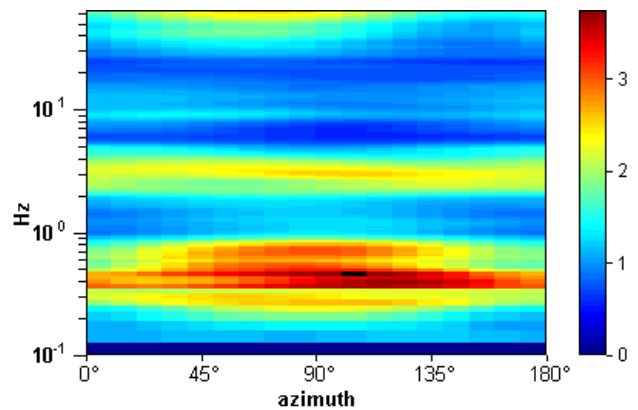
Max. H/V at 2.97 ± 0.17 Hz. (In the range 1.0 - 10.0 Hz).



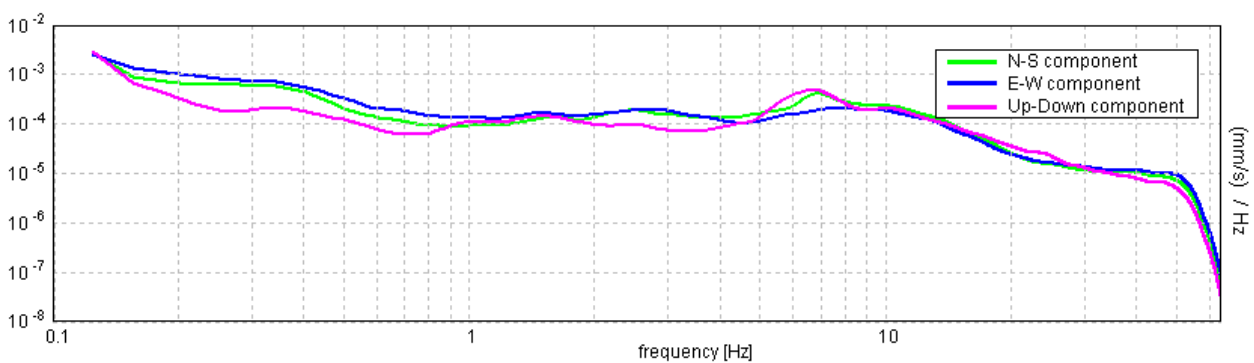
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.97 ± 0.17 Hz (in the range 1.0 - 10.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.97 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2850.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 144 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.688 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.844 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$2.42 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.05737 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.17033 < 0.14844$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.1848 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, IL ROSI, VIA CELLERESE *HV28

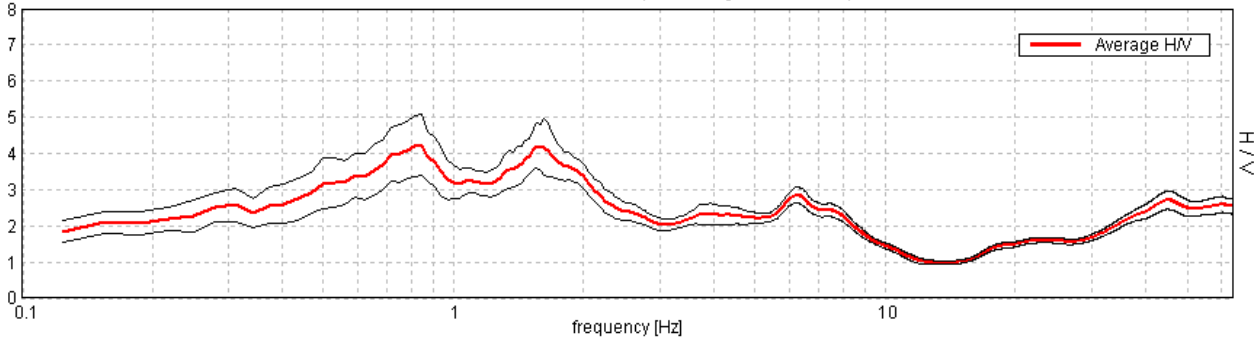
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 27/09/18 17:08:25 End recording: 27/09/18 17:28:25
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 68% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

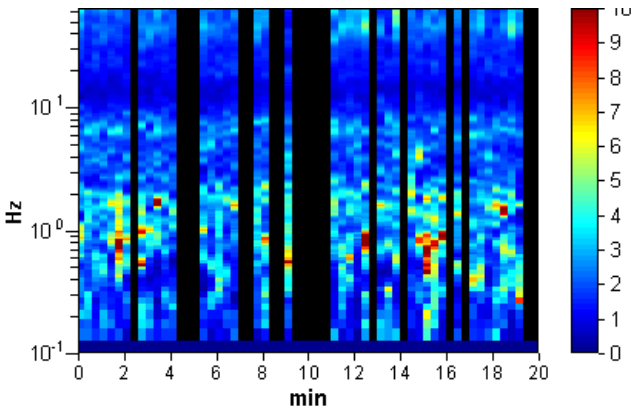


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

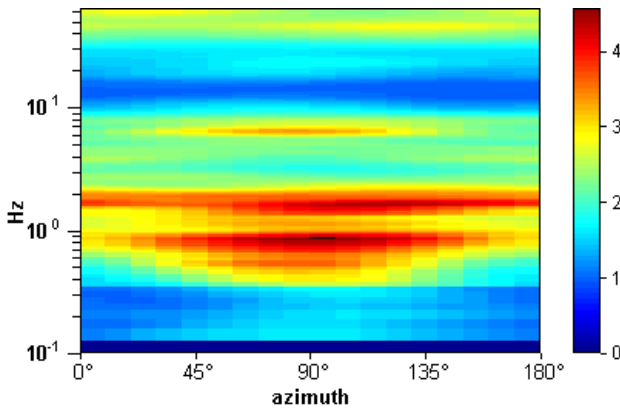
Max. H/V at 0.84 ± 0.04 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 1.0 Hz).



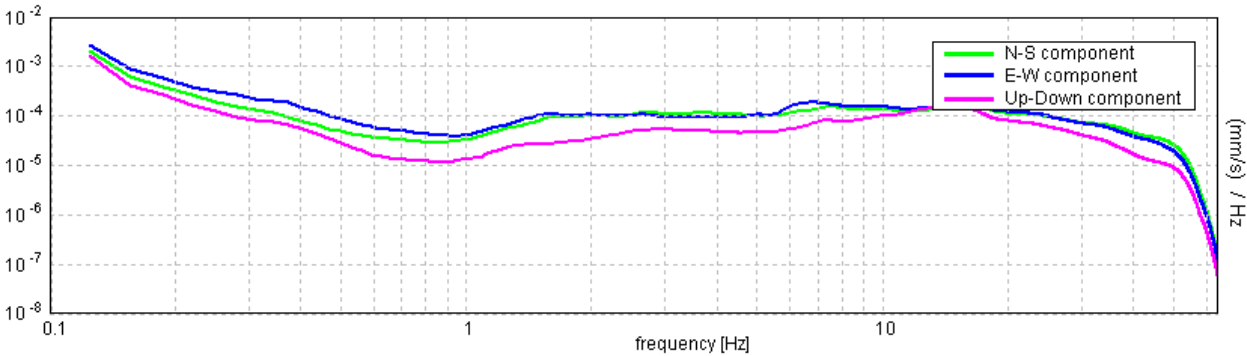
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.84 ± 0.04 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 1.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.84 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$691.9 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 42 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	2.906 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.25 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.04554 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.03843 < 0.12656$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.8345 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

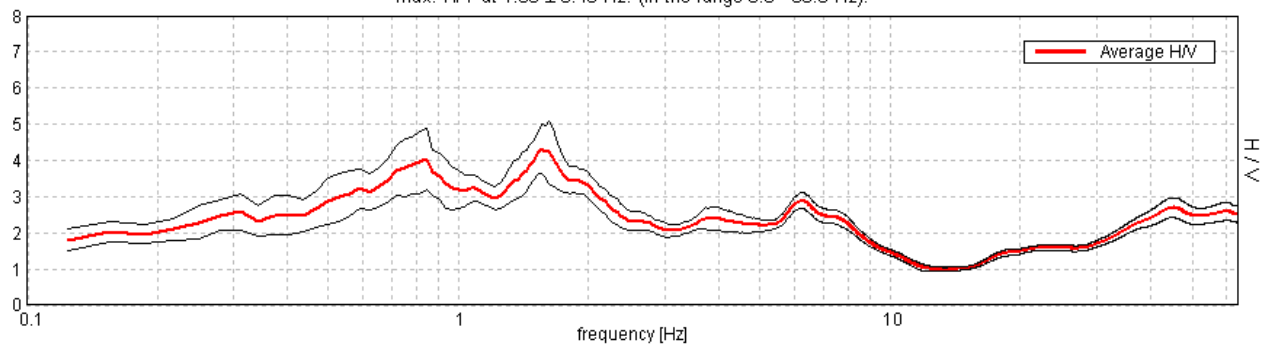
CAMPI BISENZIO, IL ROSI, VIA CELLERESE *HV28

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 27/09/18 17:08:25 End recording: 27/09/18 17:28:25
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

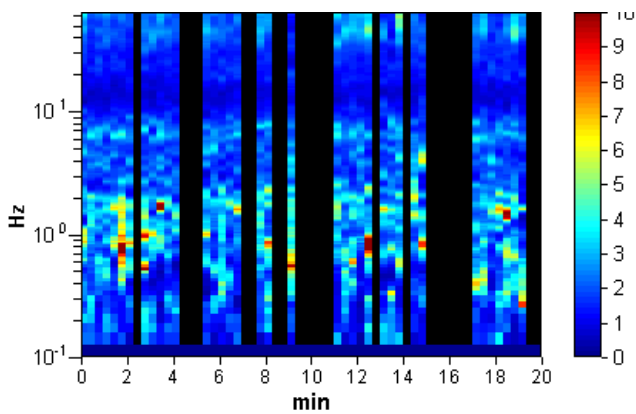
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 62% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

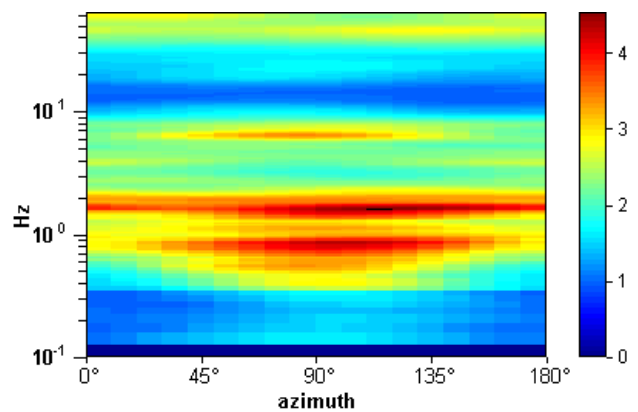
Max. H/V at 1.56 ± 0.45 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



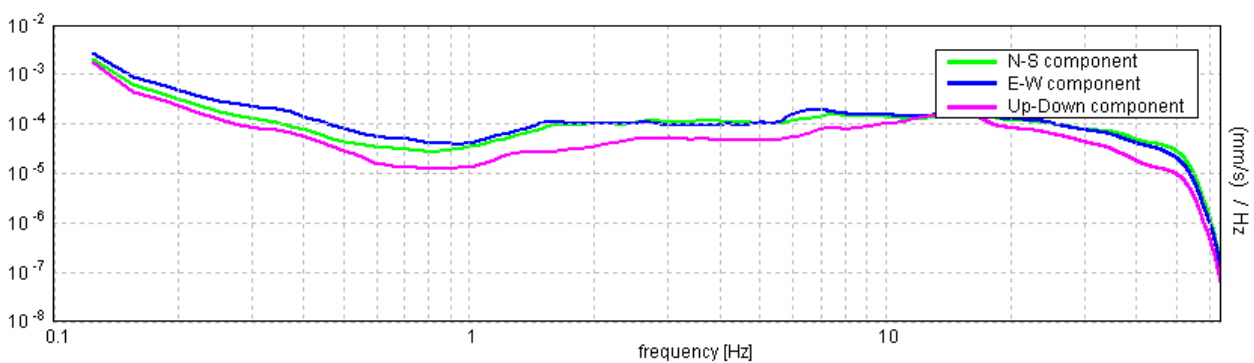
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.56 ± 0.45 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.56 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1156.3 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 76 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	2.906 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.32 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.28626 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.44728 < 0.15625$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.6949 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA DI LIMITE (CHIESA AUTOSTRADA) *HV29

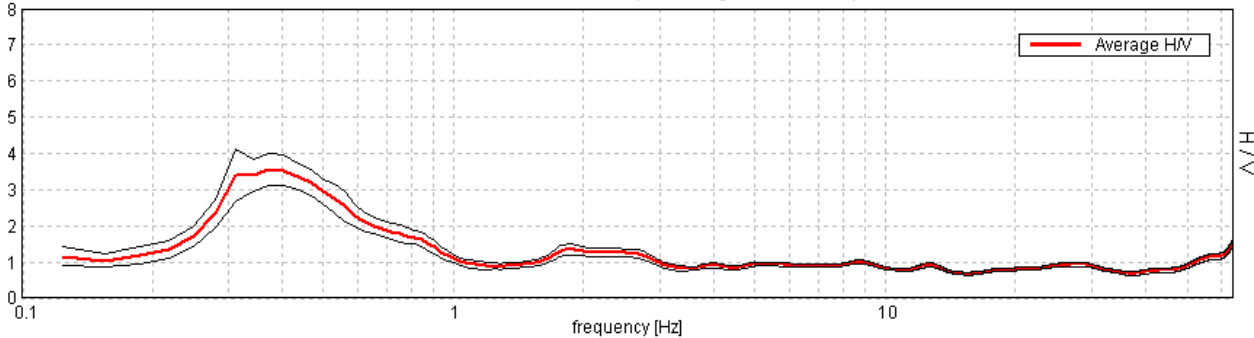
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 28/09/18 10:53:54 End recording: 28/09/18 11:13:54
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

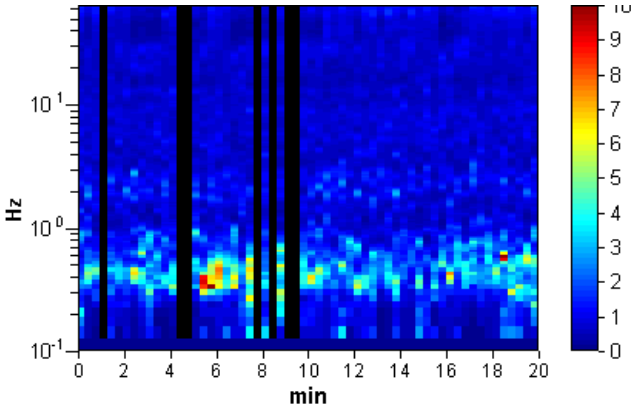


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

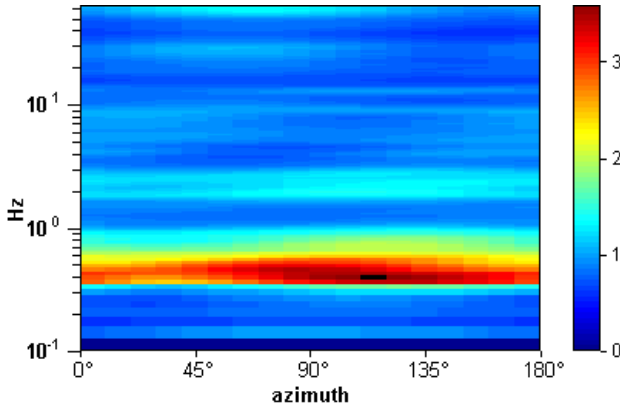
Max. H/V at 0.38 ± 0.04 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



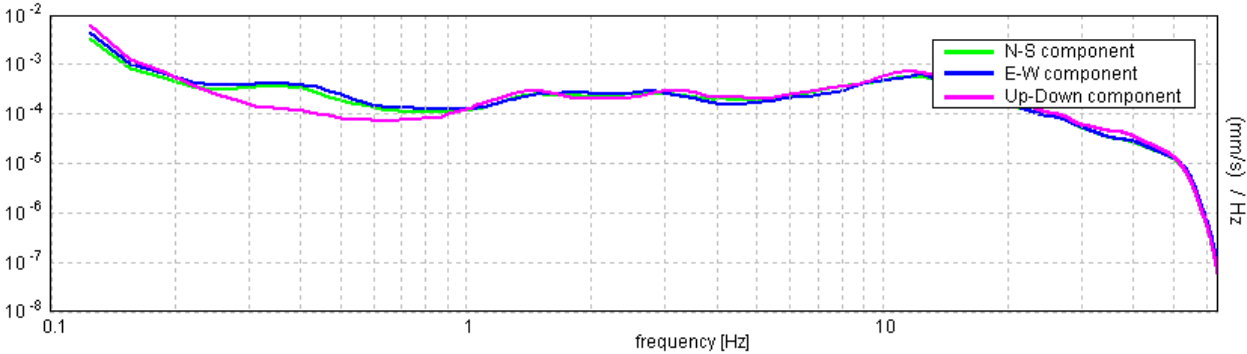
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.38 ± 0.04 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.38 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$397.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 19 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.25 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.781 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.56 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.10491 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.03934 < 0.075$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.4556 < 2.5$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, LOC. ROSI *HV30

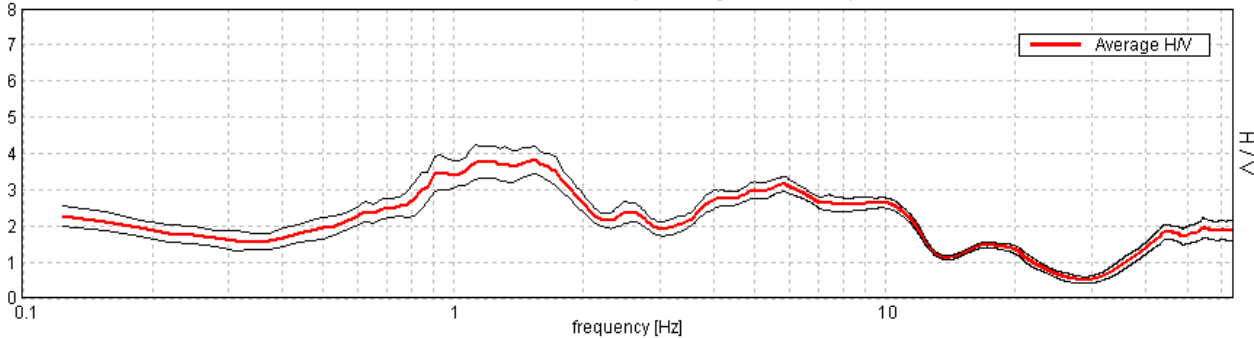
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 22/10/18 09:58:45 End recording: 22/10/18 10:18:45
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 77% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

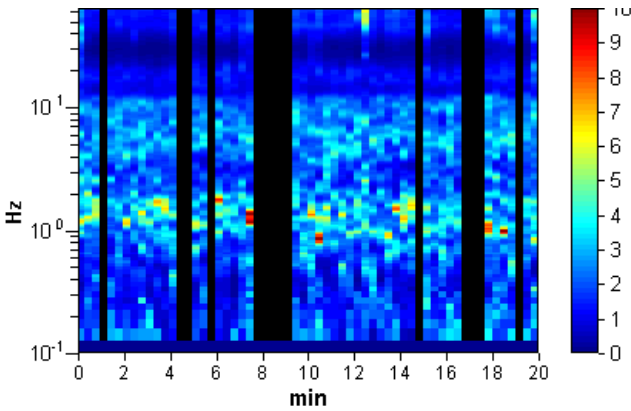


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

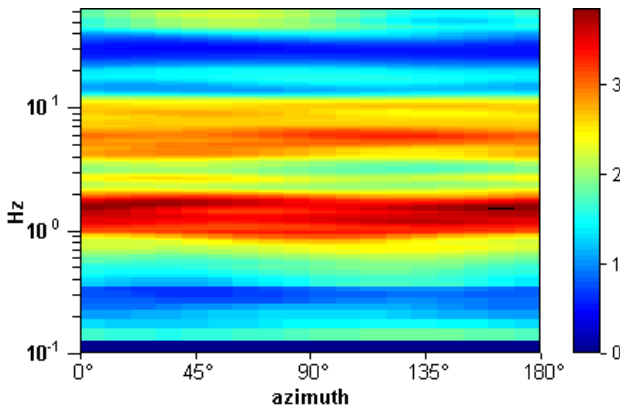
Max. H/V at 1.53 ± 0.27 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



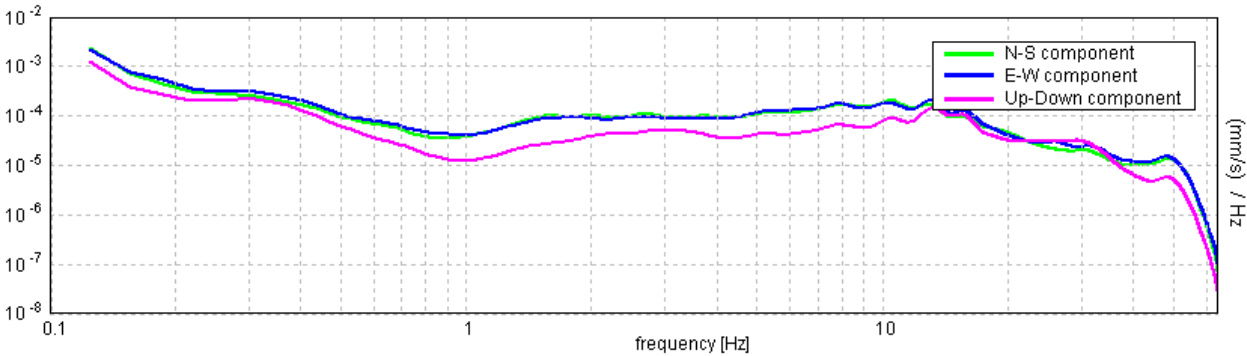
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.53 ± 0.27 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.53 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1408.8 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 74 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.469 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	3.0 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.83 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.1754 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.26859 < 0.15313$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.3893 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

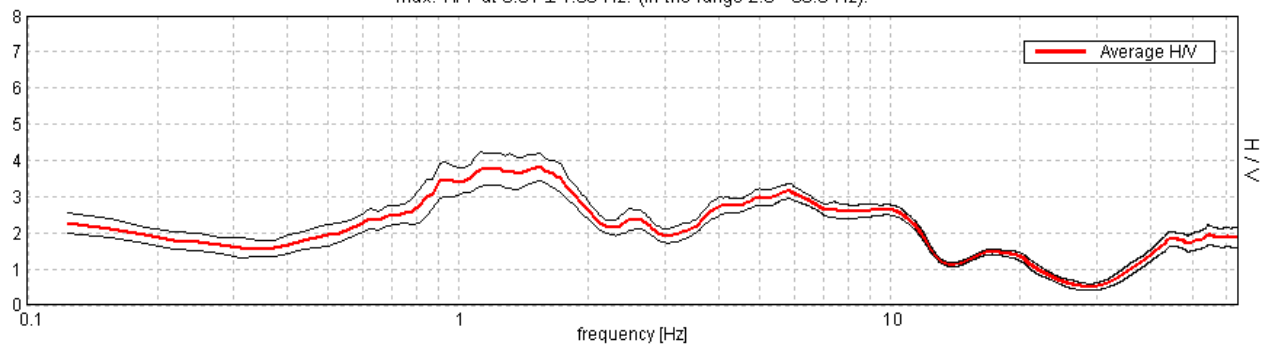
CAMPI BISENZIO, LOC. ROSI *HV30

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 22/10/18 09:58:45 End recording: 22/10/18 10:18:45
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

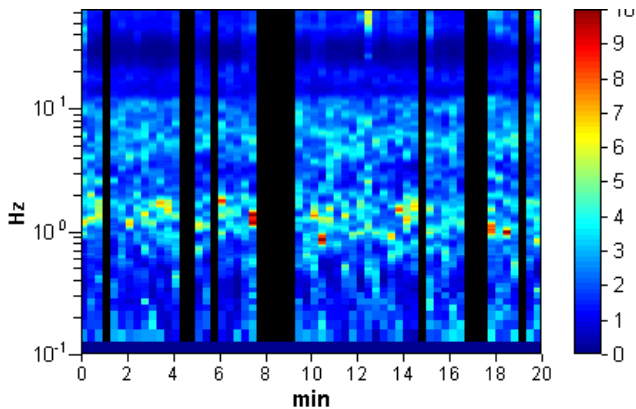
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 77% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

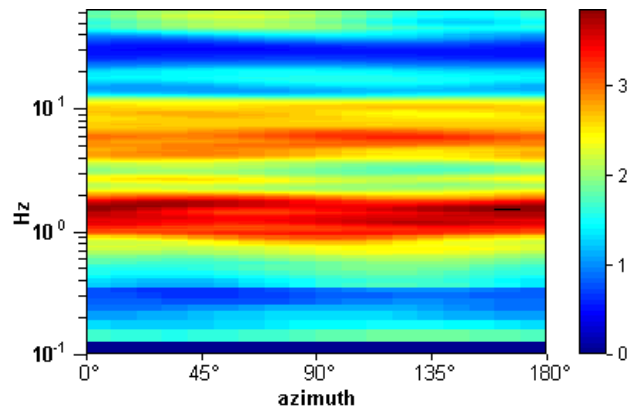
Max. H/V at 5.81 ± 1.33 Hz. (In the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).



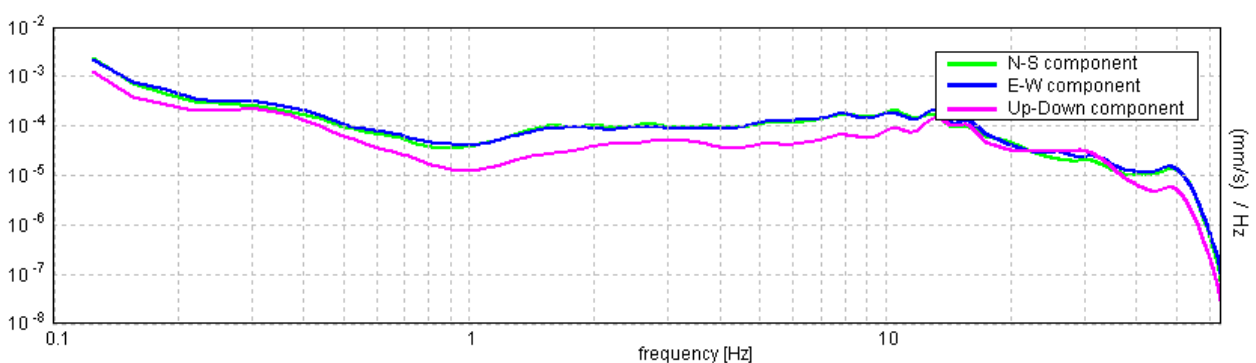
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 5.81 ± 1.33 Hz (in the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	5.81 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	5347.5 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 280 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	12.375 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	3.15 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.22819 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	1.32633 < 0.29063		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.2096 < 1.58	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA VLADIMIRO *HV31

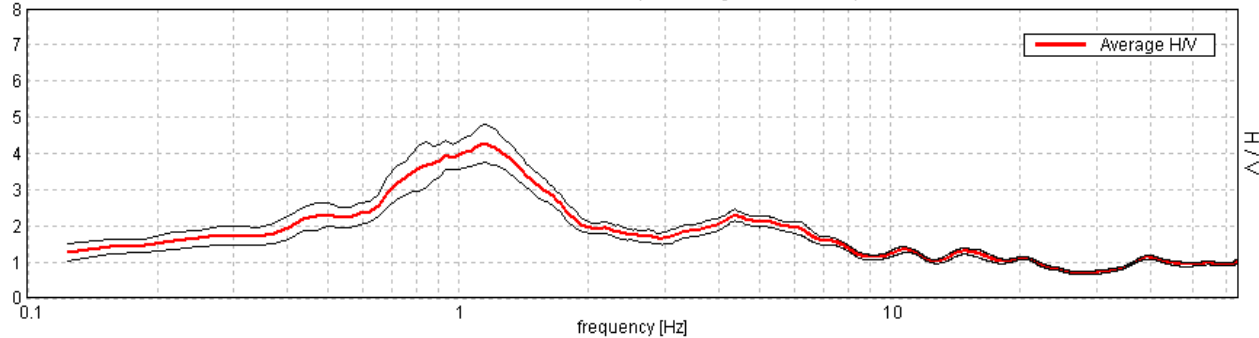
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 22/10/18 10:26:29 End recording: 22/10/18 10:46:29
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 75% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

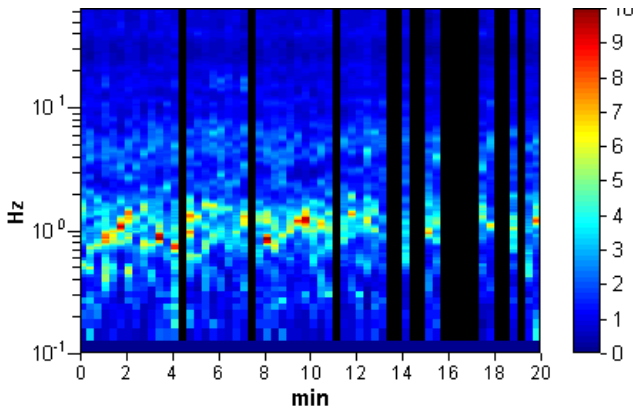


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

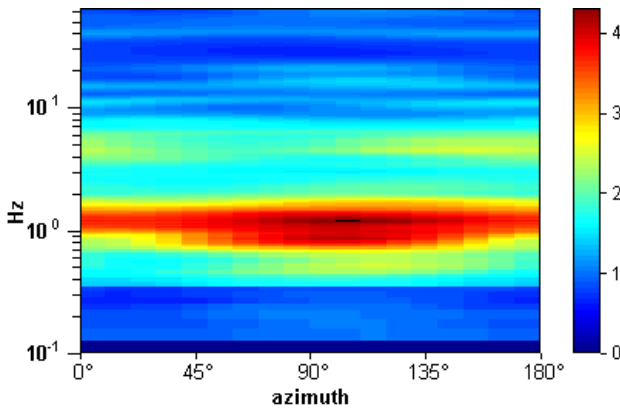
Max. H/V at 1.16 ± 0.28 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



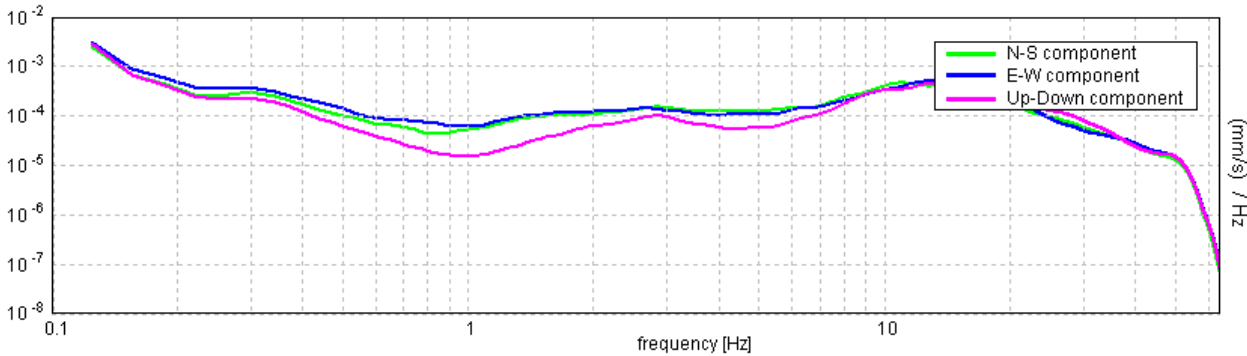
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.16 ± 0.28 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.16 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1040.6 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 56 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.406 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.906 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.28 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.24514 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.28344 < 0.11563$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5377 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

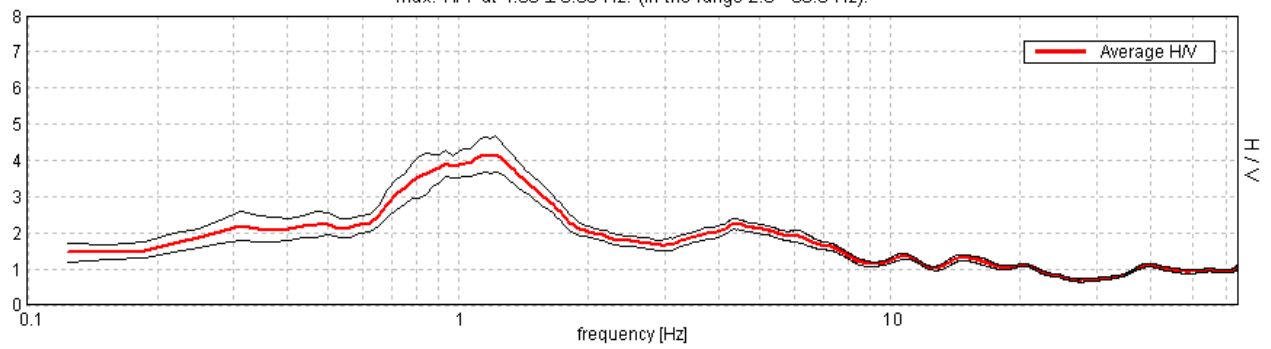
CAMPI BIENZIO, VIA VLADIMIRO *HV31

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 22/10/18 10:26:29 End recording: 22/10/18 10:46:29
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

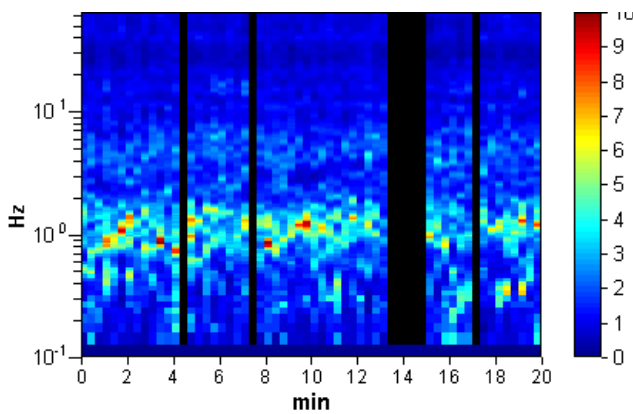
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 87% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

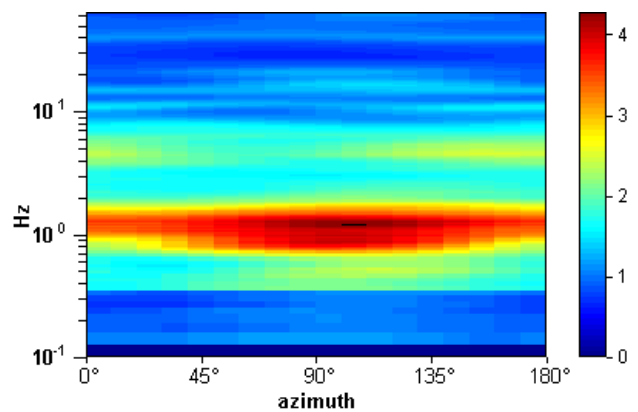
Max. H/V at 4.38 ± 0.58 Hz. (In the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).



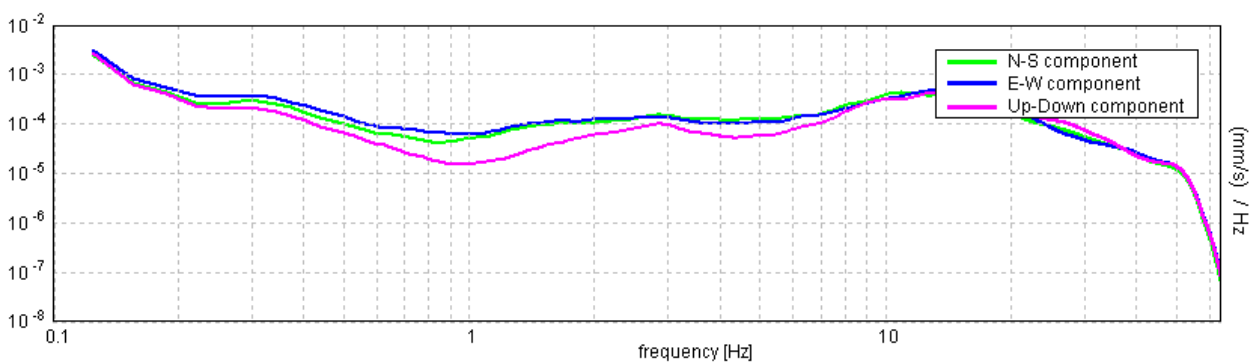
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 4.38 ± 0.58 Hz (in the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$4.38 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$4550.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 211 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	11.906 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$2.26 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.13172 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.57627 < 0.21875$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.153 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA CELLERESE *HV32

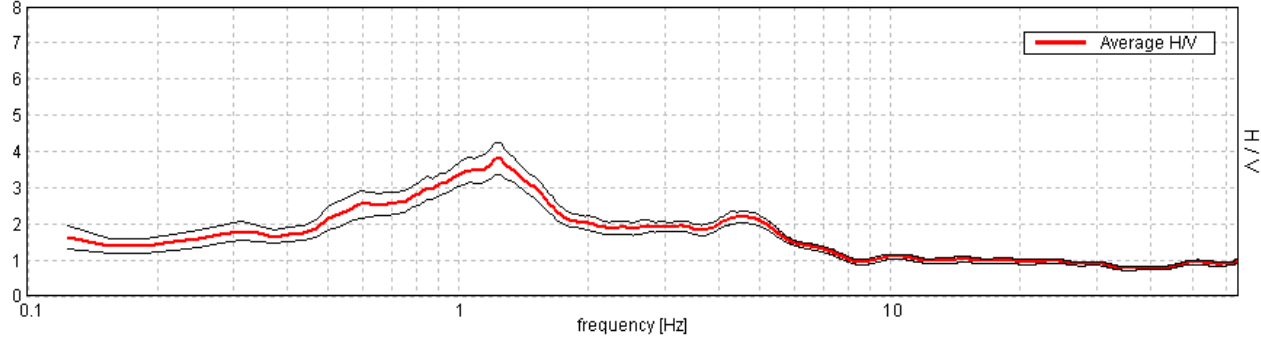
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 22/10/18 10:58:13 End recording: 22/10/18 11:18:13
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 93% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

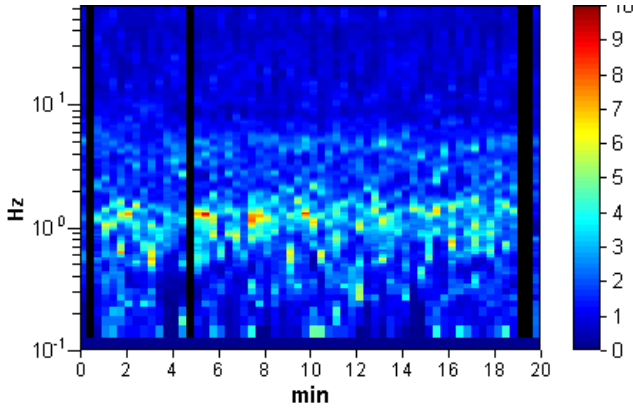


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

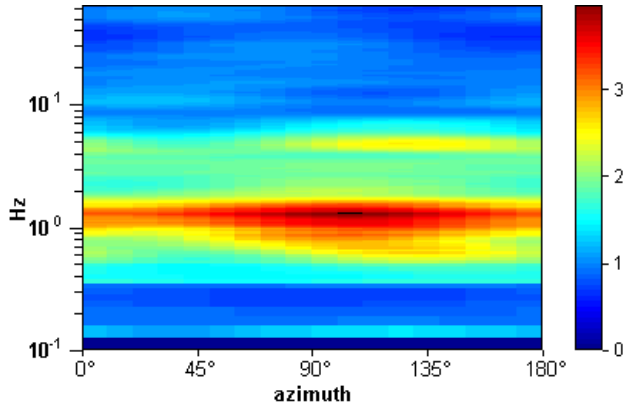
Max. H/V at 1.25 ± 0.5 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



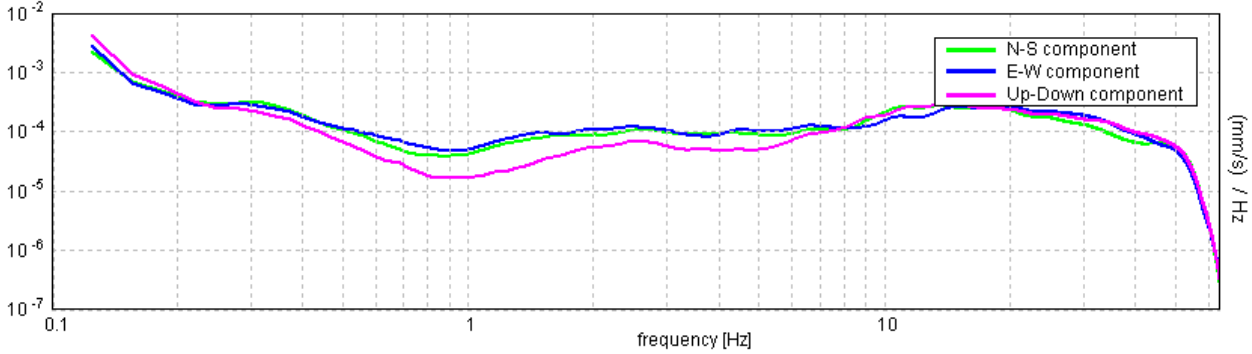
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.25 ± 0.5 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	1.25 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	1400.0 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 61 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.469 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	2.219 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	3.80 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.40346 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.50432 < 0.125		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.4545 < 1.78	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

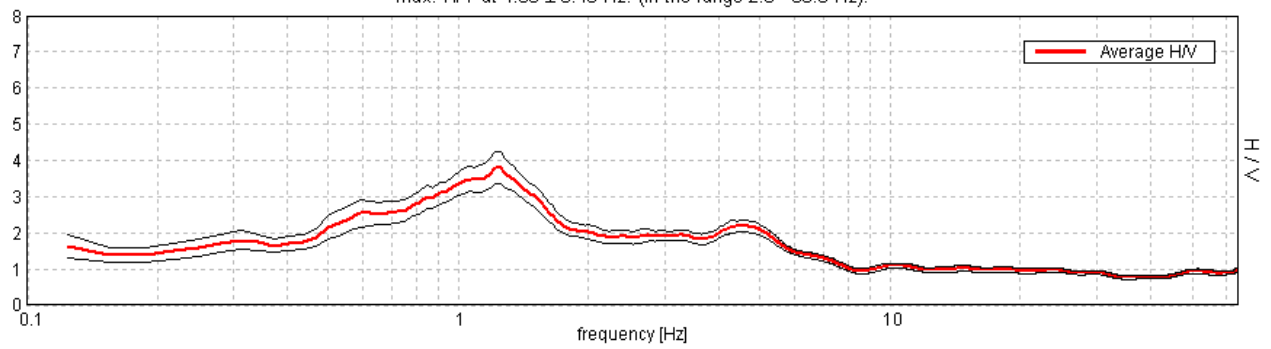
CAMPI BIENZIO, VIA CELLERESE *HV32

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 22/10/18 10:58:13 End recording: 22/10/18 11:18:13
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

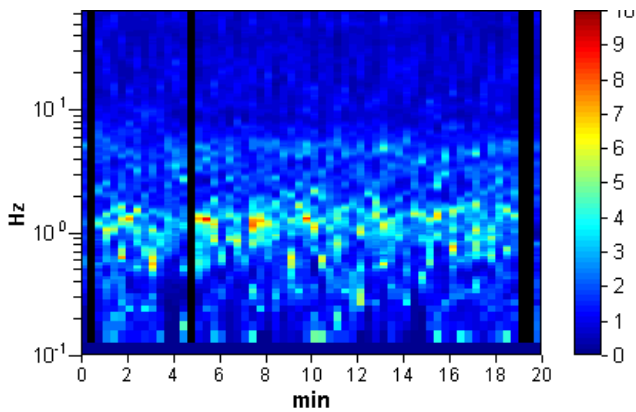
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 93% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

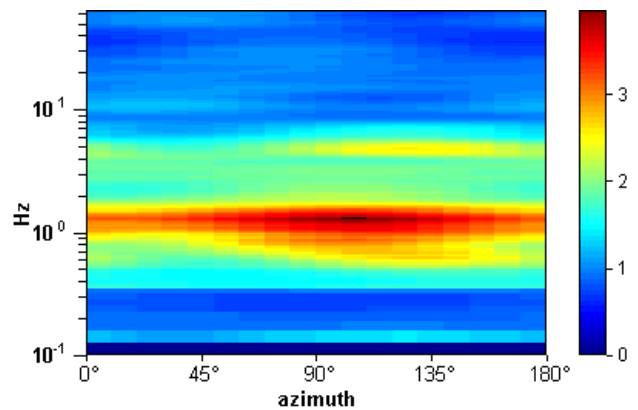
Max. H/V at 4.53 ± 0.45 Hz. (In the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).



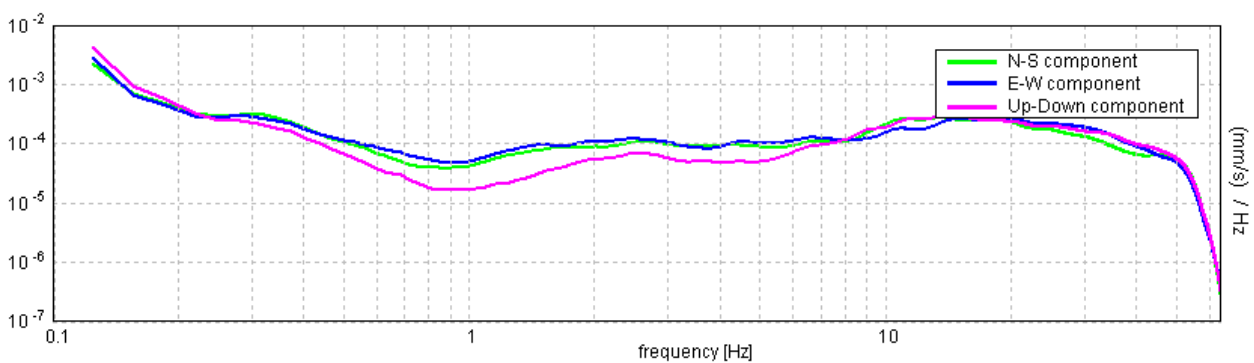
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. **Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.**]

Max. H/V at 4.53 ± 0.45 Hz (in the range 2.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$4.53 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$5075.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 218 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	7.75 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$2.19 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.09838 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.44579 < 0.22656$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.1558 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BIENZIO, VIA DEGLI ACERI *HV33

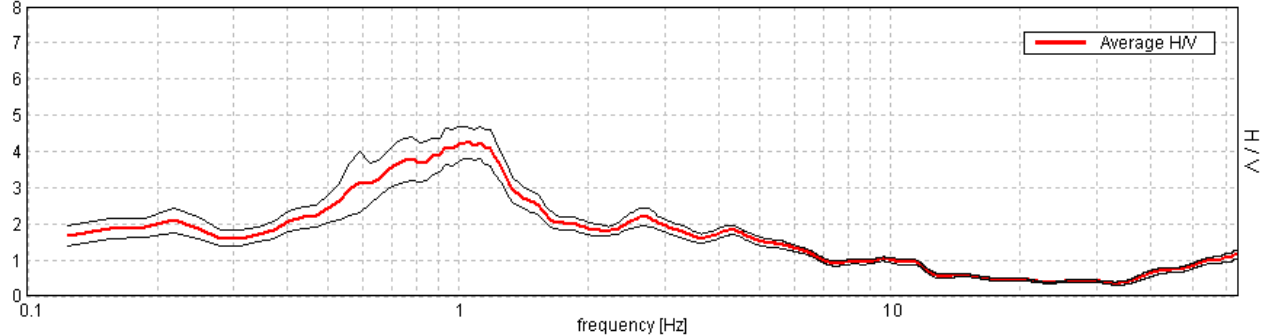
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 22/10/18 11:24:07 End recording: 22/10/18 11:44:07
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 78% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

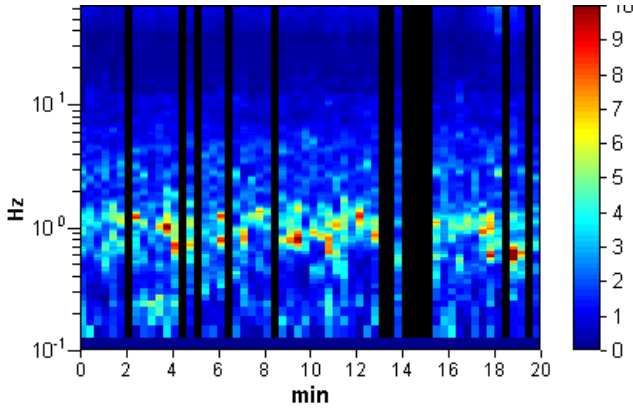


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

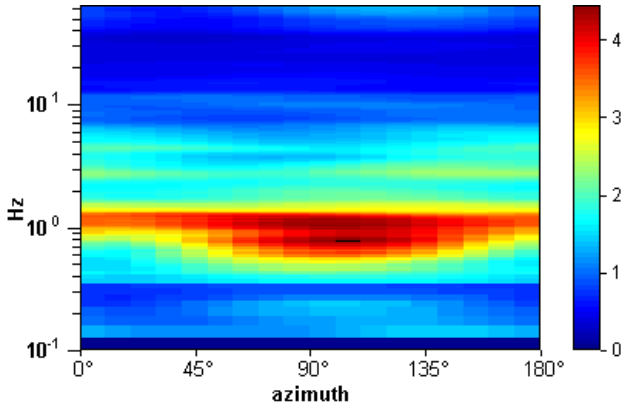
Max. H/V at 1.13 ± 0.07 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



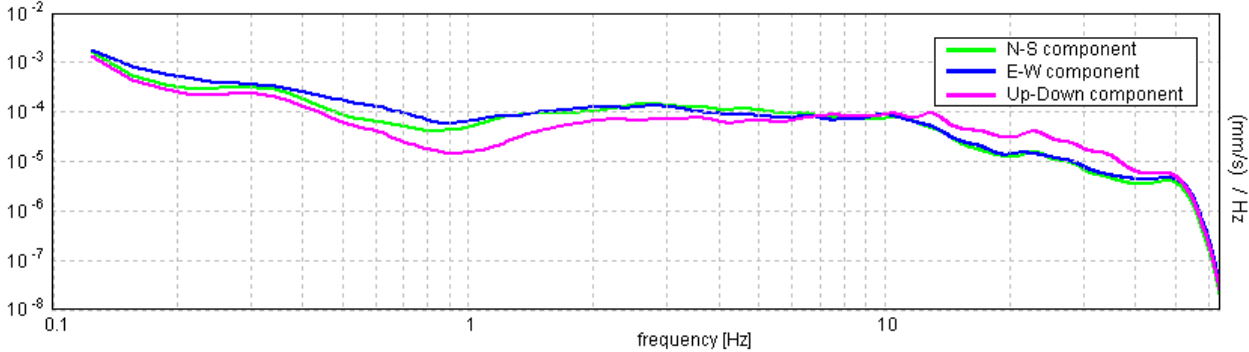
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.13 ± 0.07 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	1.13 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	1057.5 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 55 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.406 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.656 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	4.24 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.06432 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.07236 < 0.1125	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.4342 < 1.78	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA CELLERESE *HV34

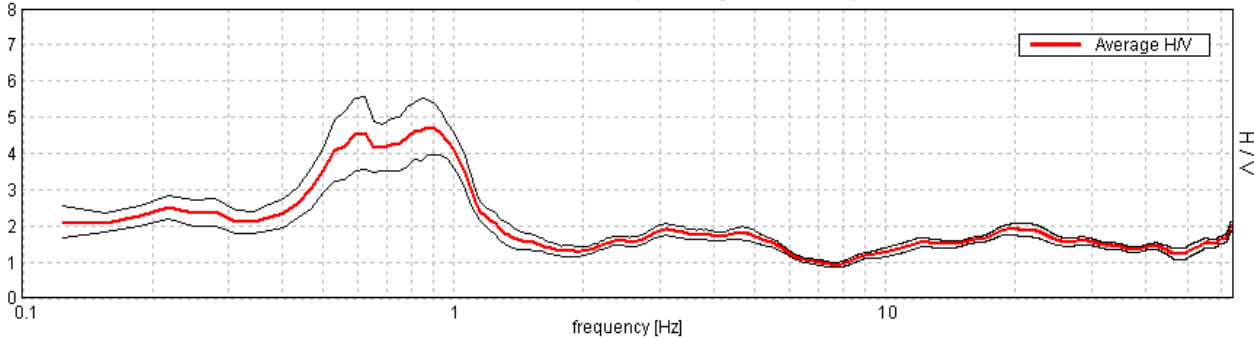
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 22/10/18 11:52:06 End recording: 22/10/18 12:12:06
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 68% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

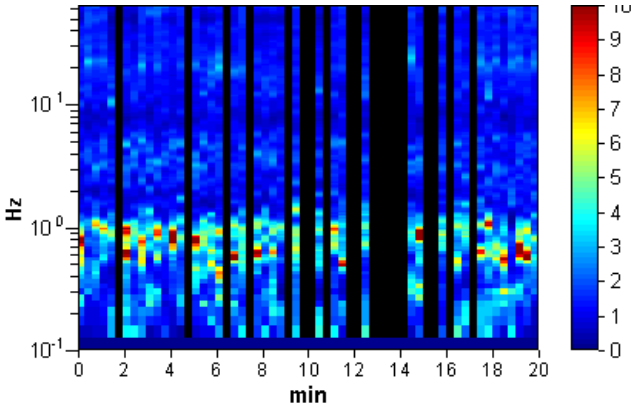


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

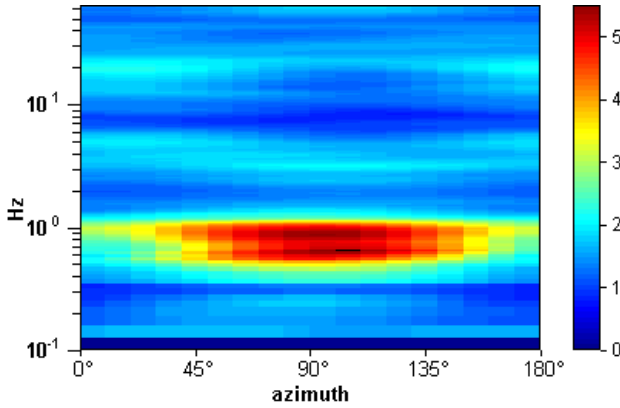
Max. H/V at 0.88 ± 0.07 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



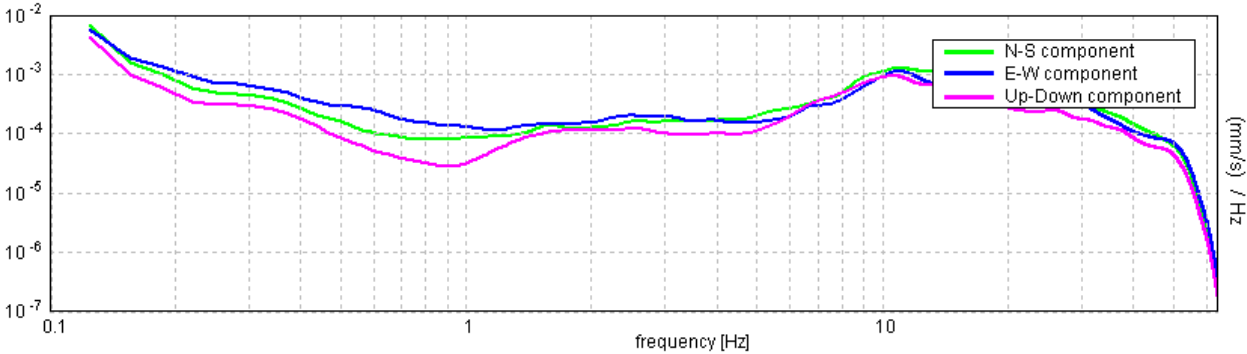
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.88 ± 0.07 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.88 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$717.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 43 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.406 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.188 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.73 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.07462 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.0653 < 0.13125$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.7746 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA F.LLI CERVI (LAGO PECCI) *HV35

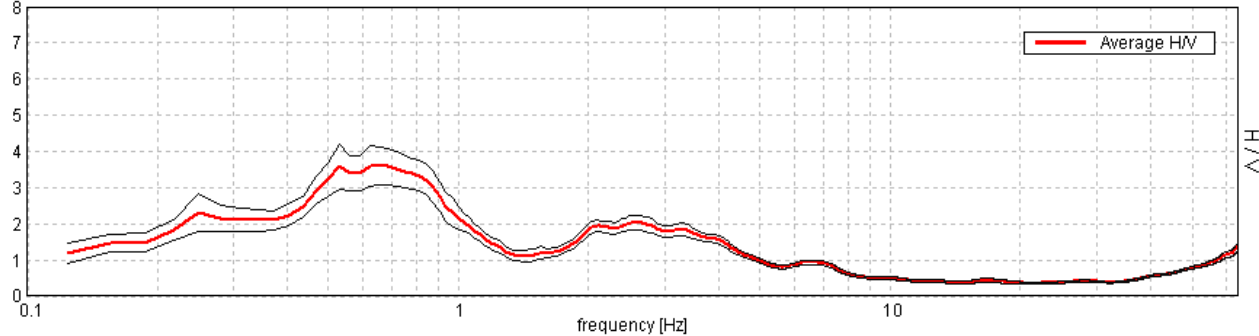
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 22/10/18 12:21:54 End recording: 22/10/18 12:41:54
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

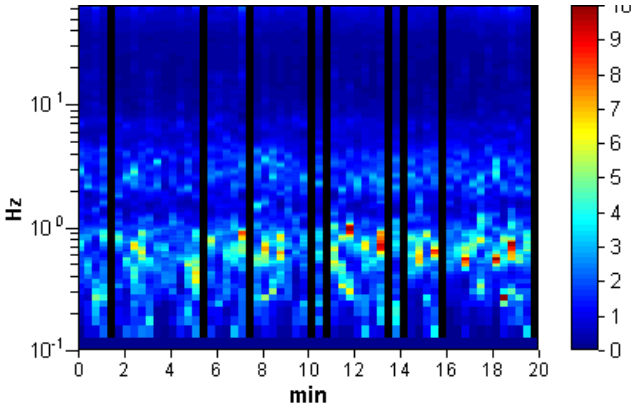


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

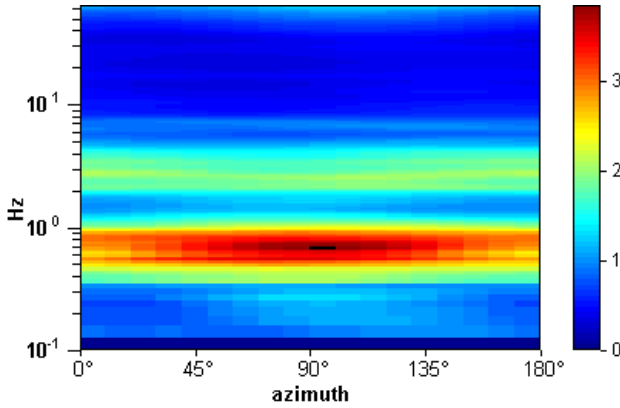
Max. H/V at 0.63 ± 0.1 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



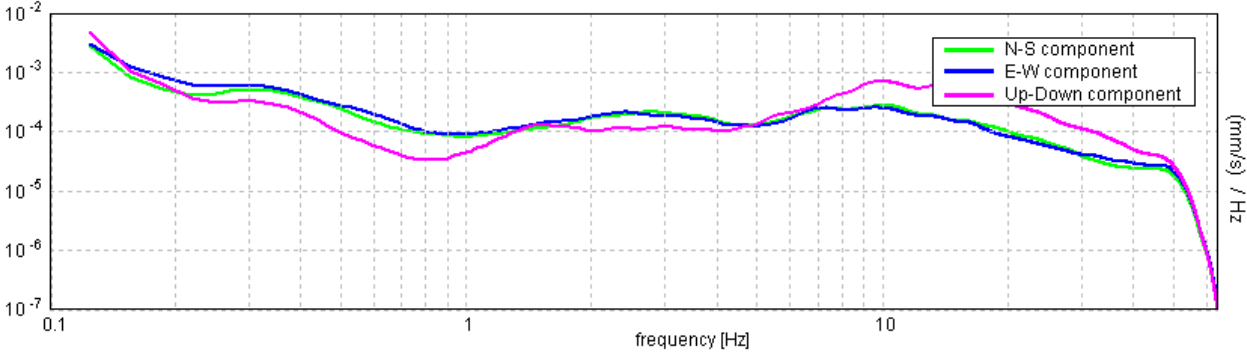
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. **Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.**]

Max. H/V at 0.63 ± 0.1 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.63 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$637.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 31 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.188 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.094 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.60 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.16464 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.1029 < 0.09375$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5504 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

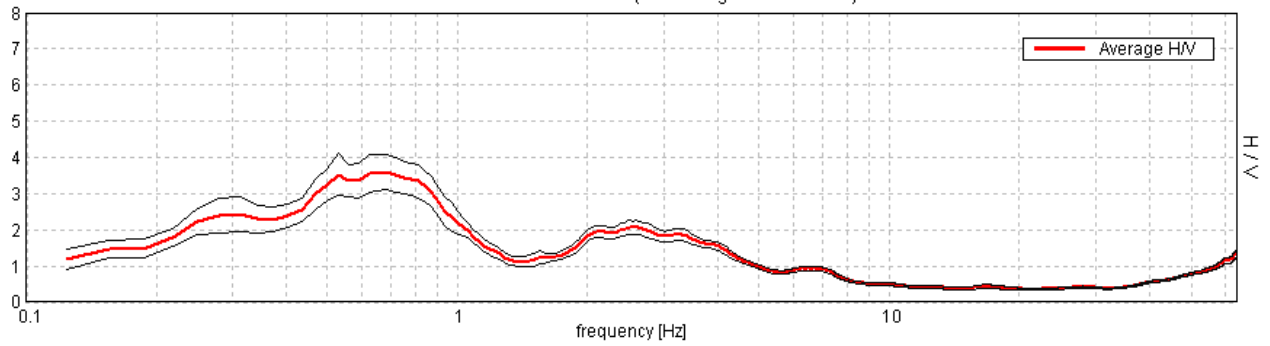
CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA F.LLI CERVI (LAGO PECCI) *HV35

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 22/10/18 12:21:54 End recording: 22/10/18 12:41:54
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

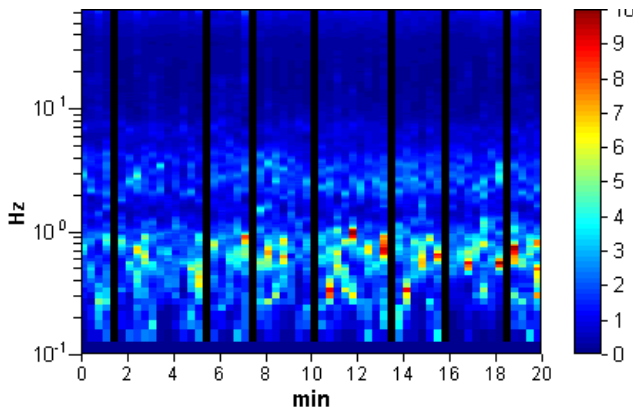
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

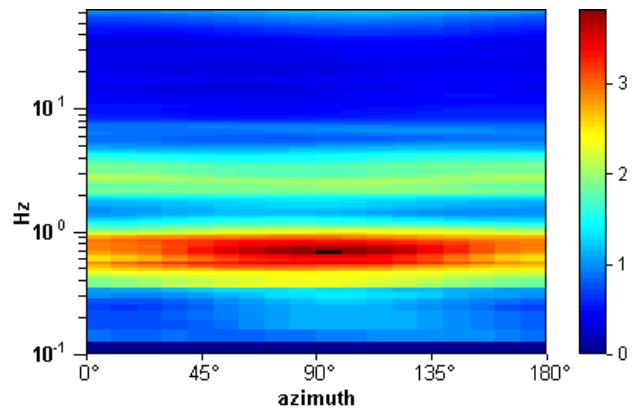
Max. H/V at 2.5 ± 0.22 Hz. (In the range 1.5 - 50.0 Hz).



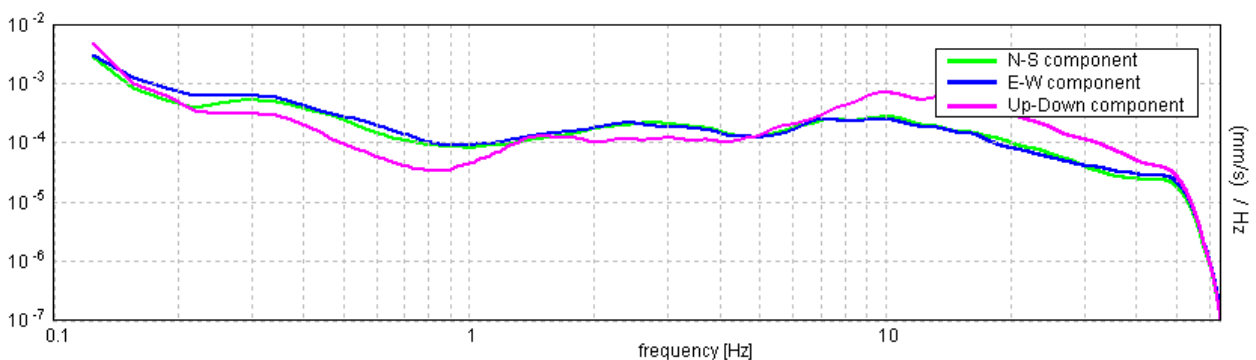
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.5 ± 0.22 Hz (in the range 1.5 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.50 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2650.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 121 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.875 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$2.07 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.08787 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.21967 < 0.125$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.1957 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, V.LORENZO IL MAGNIFICO *HV36

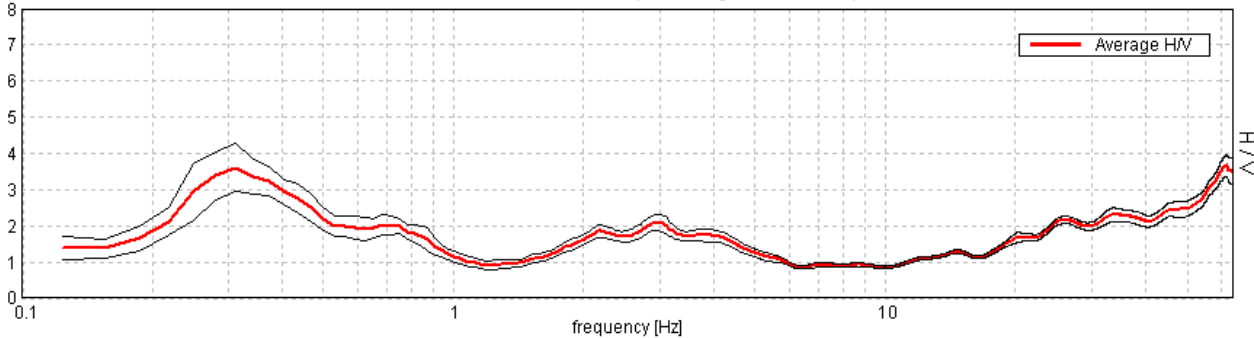
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 24/10/18 15:04:03 End recording: 24/10/18 15:24:03
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 78% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

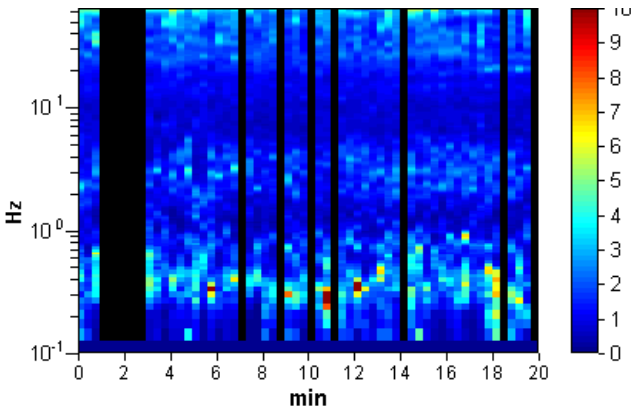


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

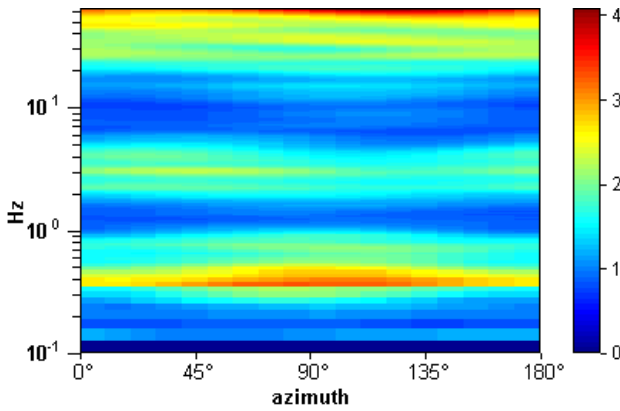
Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 7.02 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



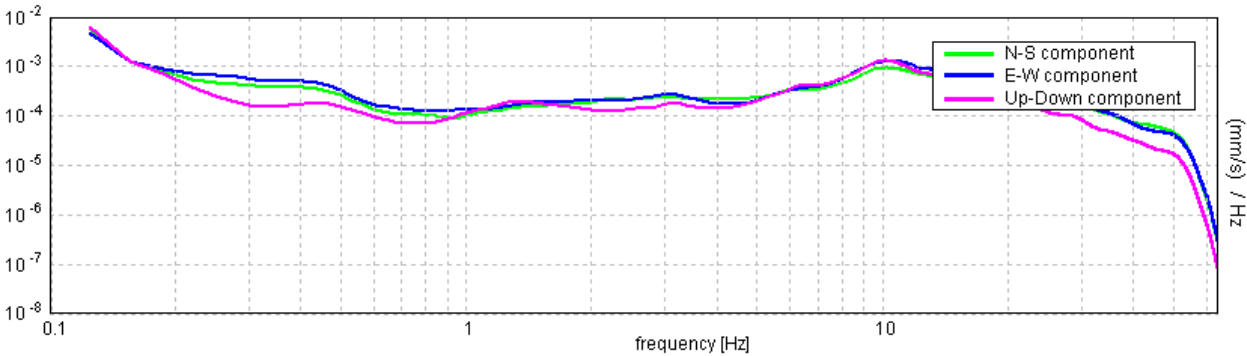
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 7.02 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	0.31 > 0.50		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	293.8 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 16 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.188 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.813 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	3.62 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 22.46365 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	7.01989 < 0.0625		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.6496 < 2.5	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

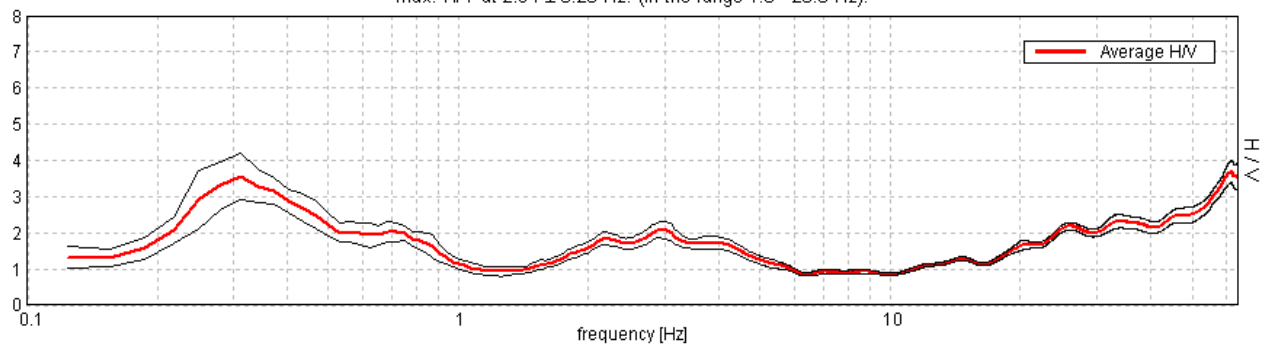
CAMPI BISENZIO, V.LORENZO IL MAGNIFICO *HV36

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 24/10/18 15:04:03 End recording: 24/10/18 15:24:03
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

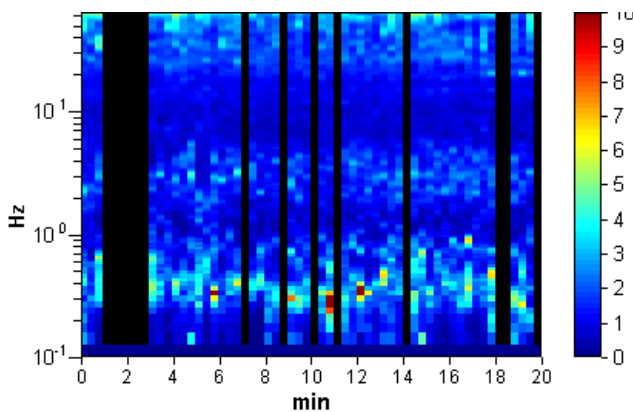
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 77% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

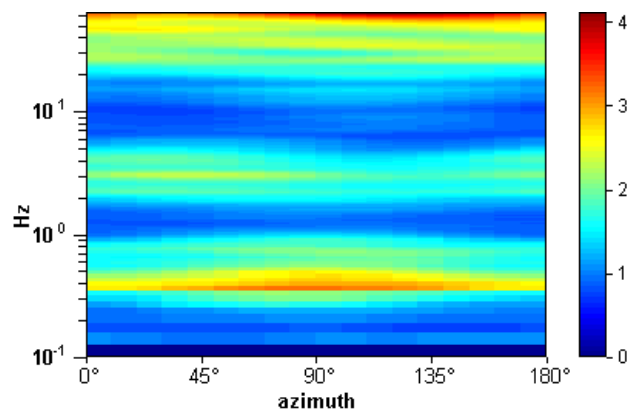
Max. H/V at 2.94 ± 0.26 Hz. (In the range 1.0 - 20.0 Hz).



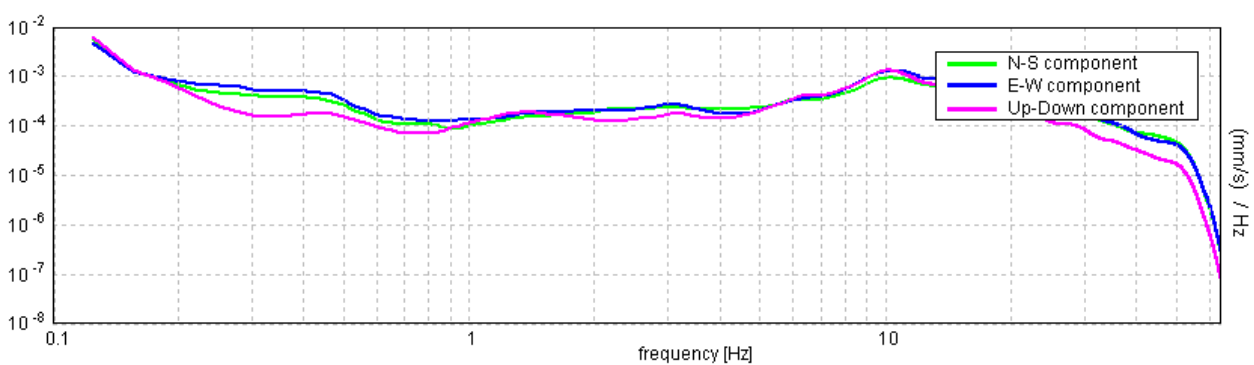
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.94 ± 0.26 Hz (in the range 1.0 - 20.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	2.94 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	2702.5 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 142 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.469 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	5.813 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	2.08 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.08695 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.25542 < 0.14688		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.2238 < 1.58	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA ALLENDE * HV37

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17

Data format: 32 byte

Full scale [mV]: 51

Start recording: 22/10/18 13:31:20 End recording: 22/10/18 13:51:20

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 78% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

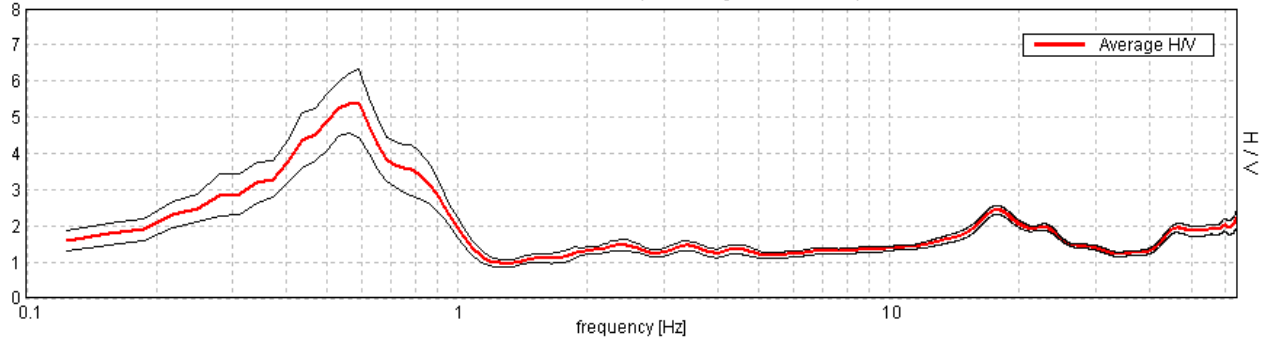
Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 10%

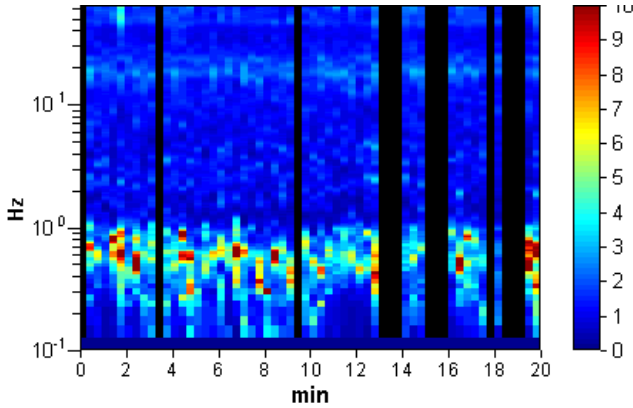


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

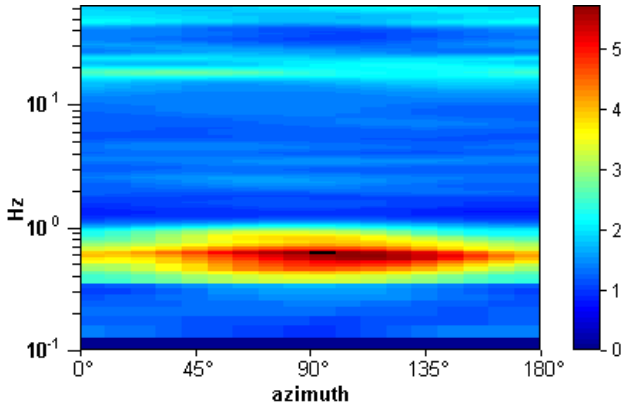
Max. H/V at 0.59 ± 0.02 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



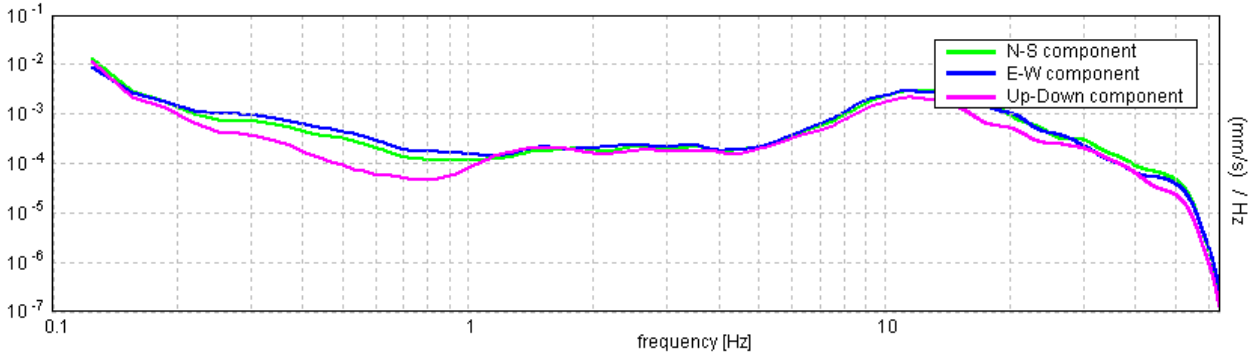
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.59 ± 0.02 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.59 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$558.1 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 30 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.25 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.938 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$5.39 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.02659 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.01579 < 0.08906$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.9583 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA MAESTRI DEL LAVORO *HV38

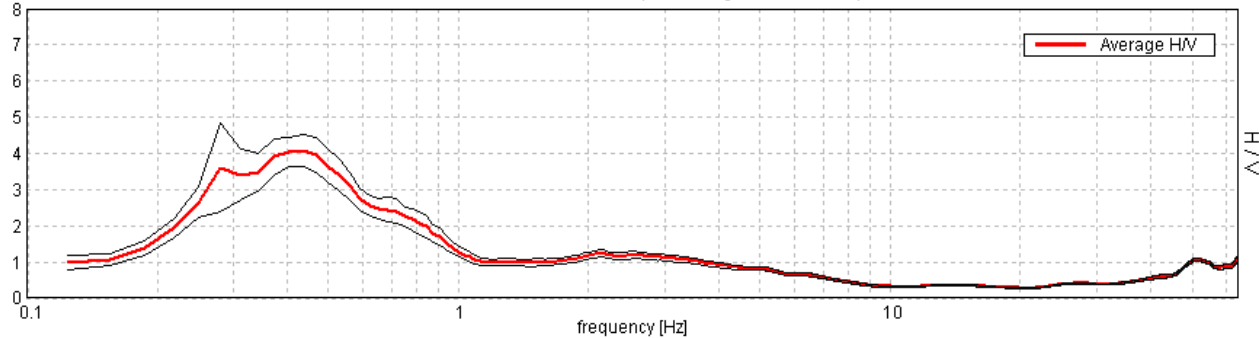
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 22/10/18 14:03:12 End recording: 22/10/18 14:23:12
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 93% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

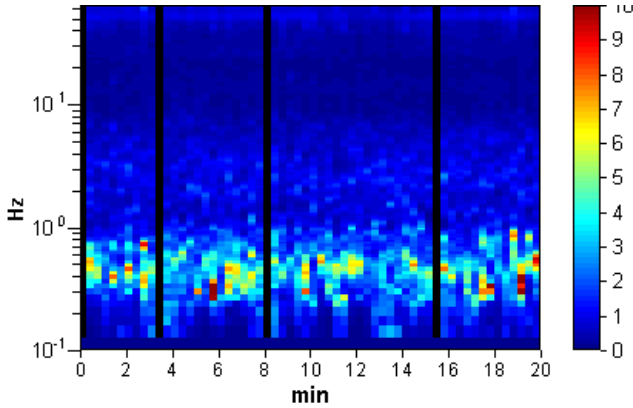


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

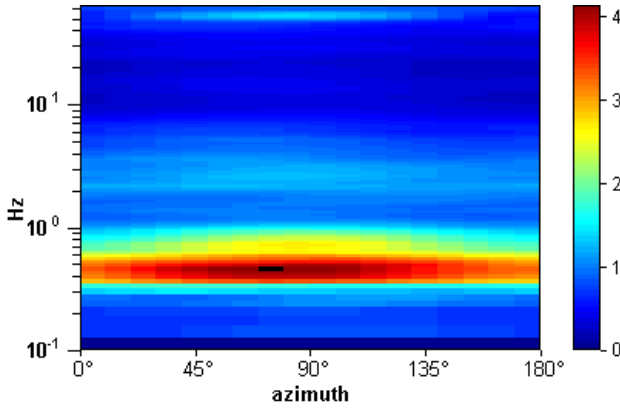
Max. H/V at 0.44 ± 0.07 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



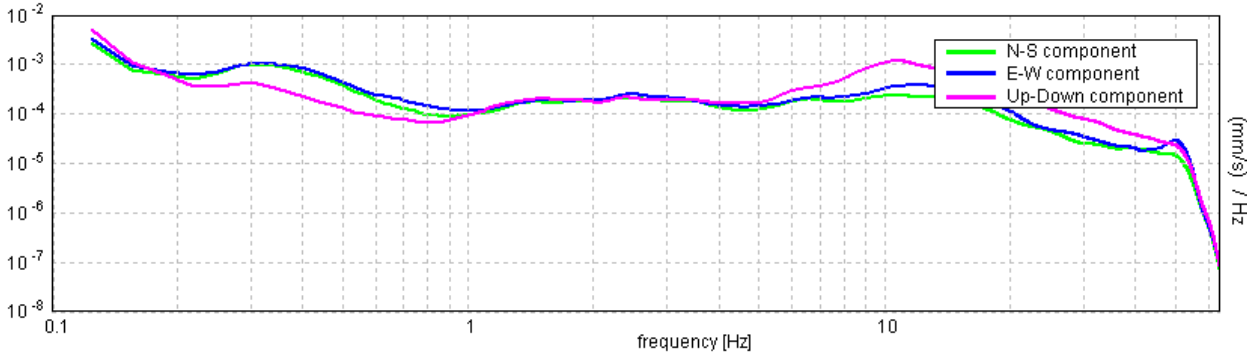
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.44 ± 0.07 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.44 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$490.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 22 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.219 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.844 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.10 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.15972 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.06988 < 0.0875$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.4419 < 2.5$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, PARCO VILLA MONTALVO *HV39

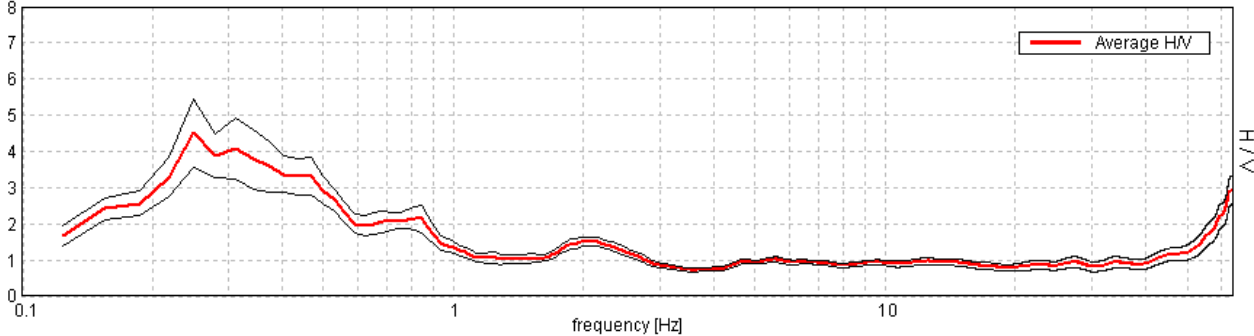
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 22/10/18 14:33:07 End recording: 22/10/18 14:53:07
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 77% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

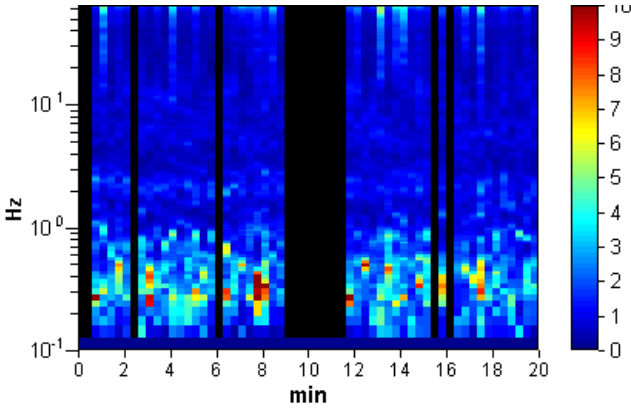


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

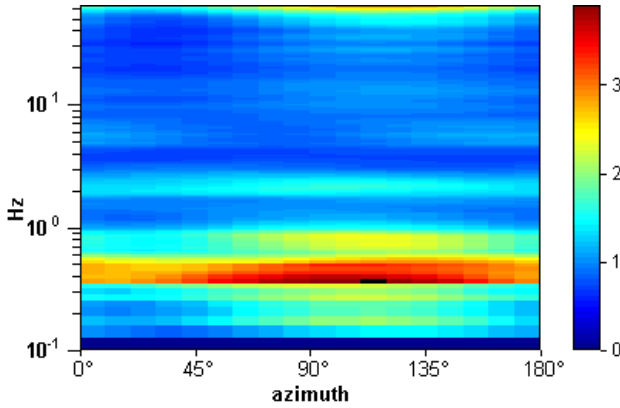
Max. HV at 0.25 ± 0.0 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



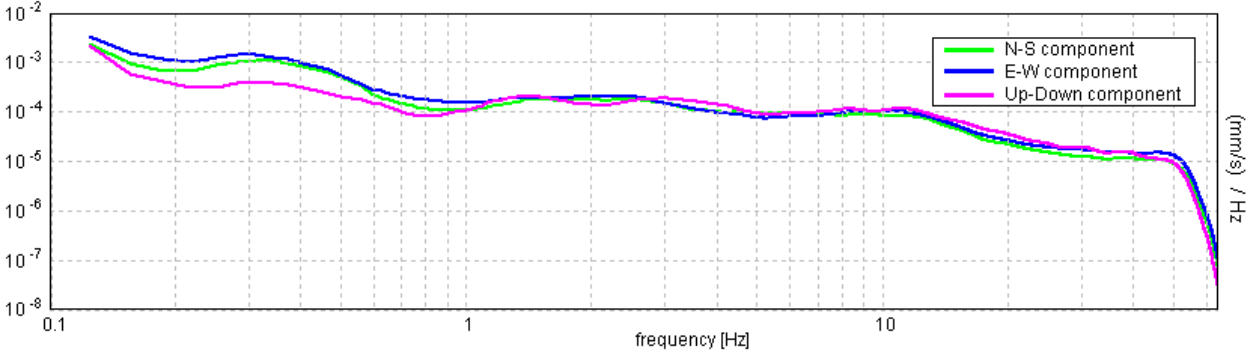
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.25 ± 0.0 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	0.25 > 0.50		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	230.0 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 13 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.125 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.594 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	4.51 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.0 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.0 < 0.05	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.9338 < 2.5	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BIENZIO, VIA DELLA PRUNAIA *HV40

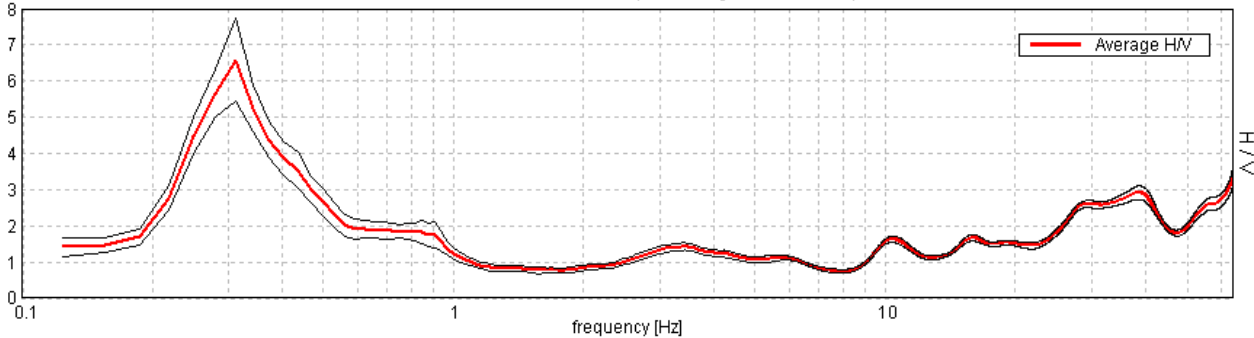
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 22/10/18 15:08:20 End recording: 22/10/18 15:28:20
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

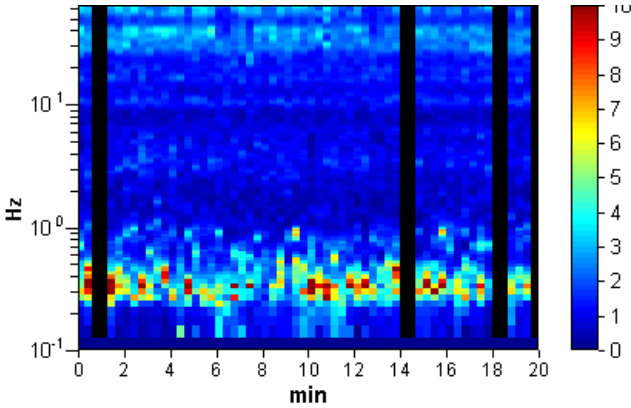


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

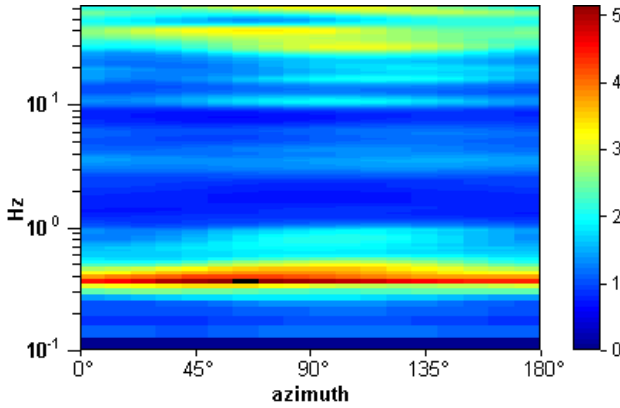
Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 0.01 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



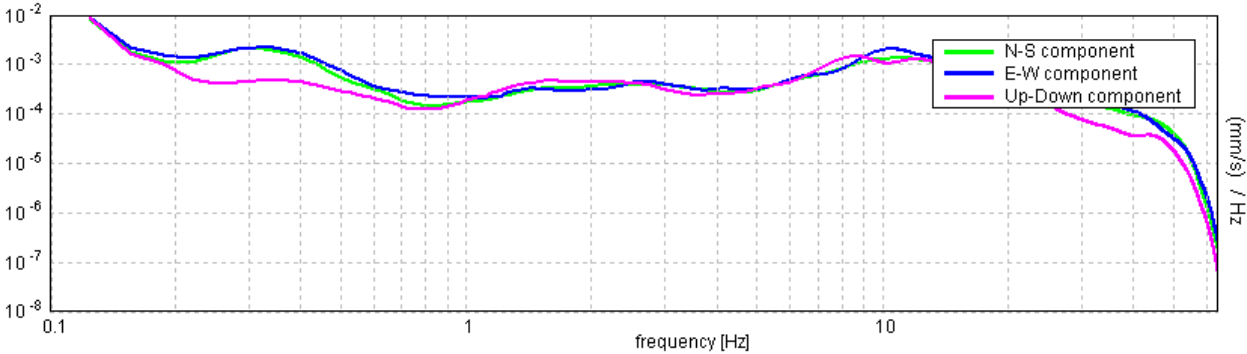
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 0.01 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	0.31 > 0.50		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	331.3 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 16 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.219 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.469 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	6.59 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.03071 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.0096 < 0.0625	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	1.1564 < 2.5	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA MASACCIO *HV41

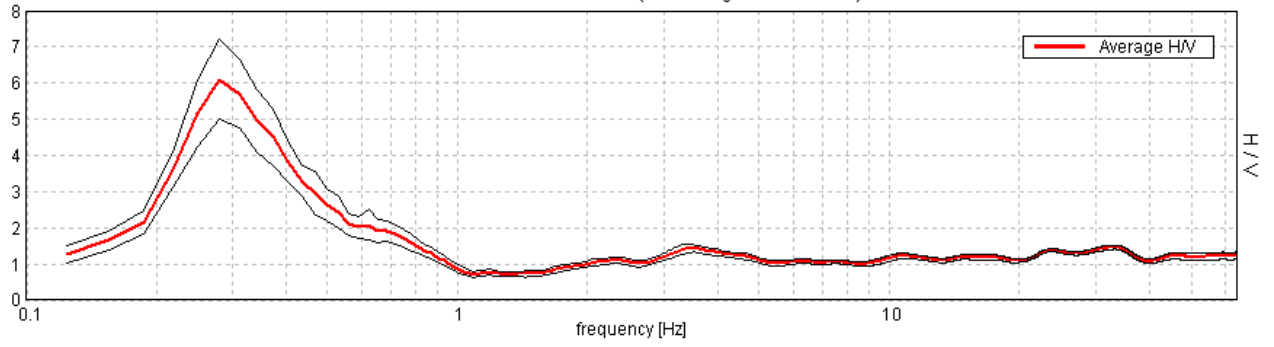
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 22/10/18 15:46:02 End recording: 22/10/18 16:06:02
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 80% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

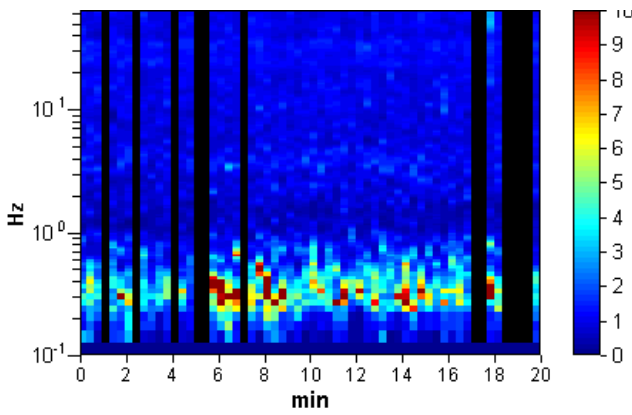


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

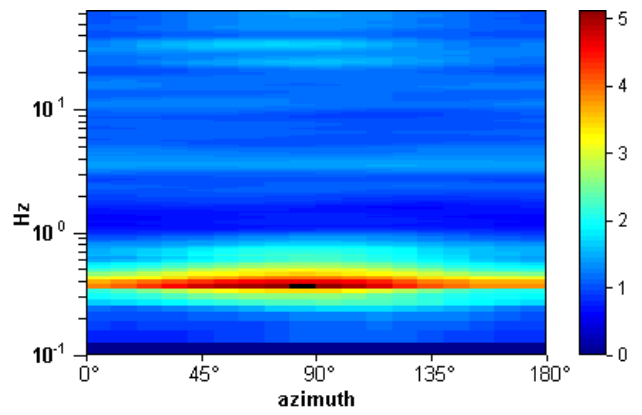
Max. H/V at 0.28 ± 0.02 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



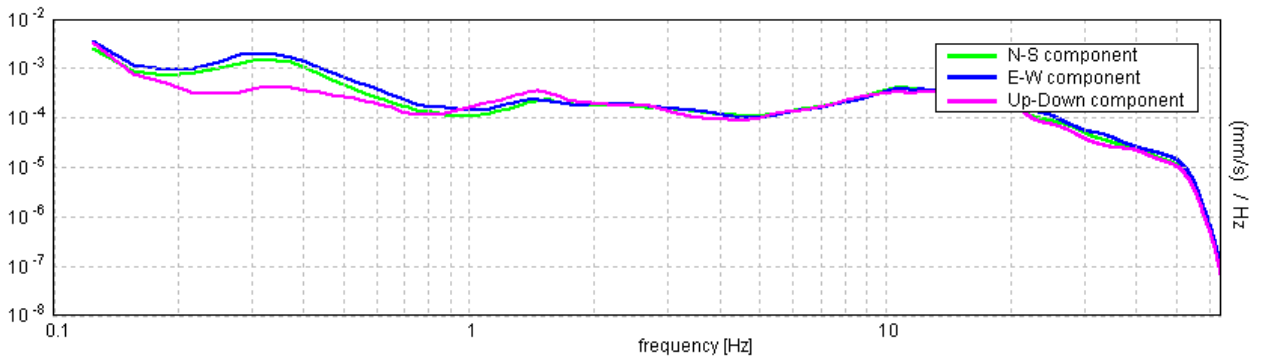
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.28 ± 0.02 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.28 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$270.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 14 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.188 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.469 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$6.11 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.05556 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.01563 < 0.05625$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$1.1176 < 2.5$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA SAN GIUSTO *HV43

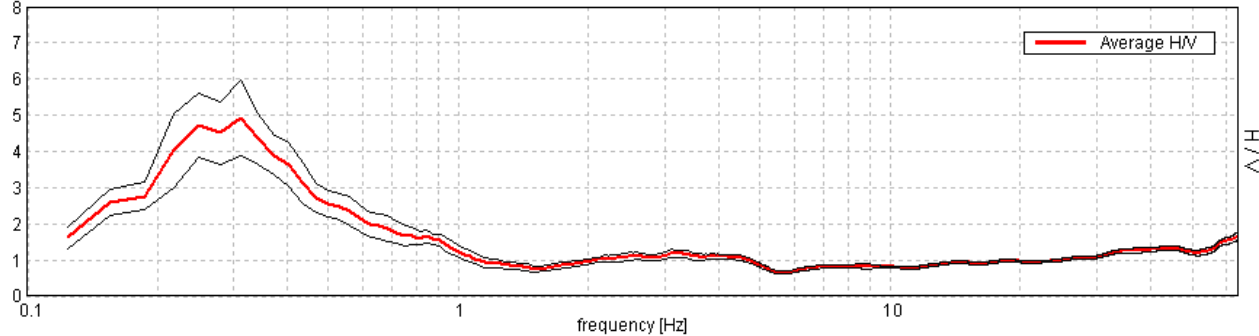
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 22/10/18 16:45:26 End recording: 22/10/18 17:05:26
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 78% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

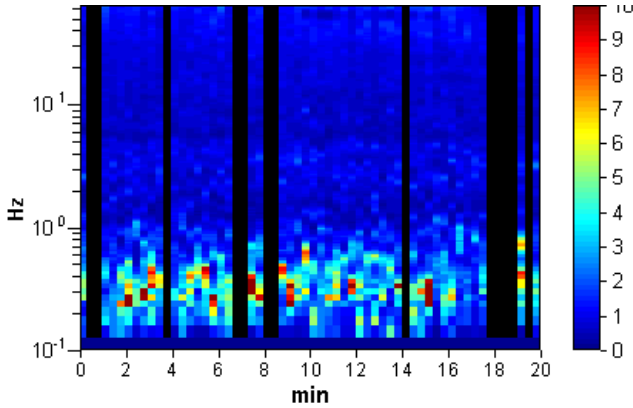


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

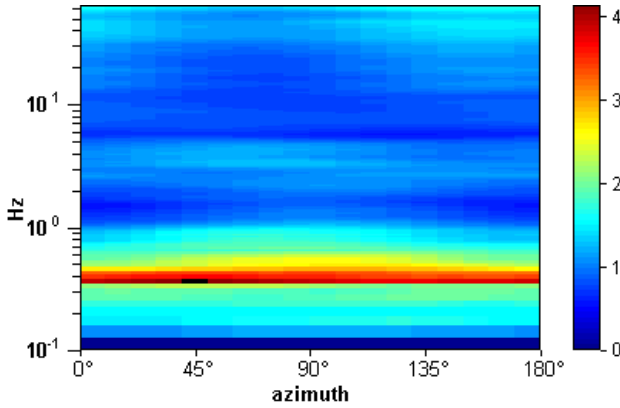
Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 0.05 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



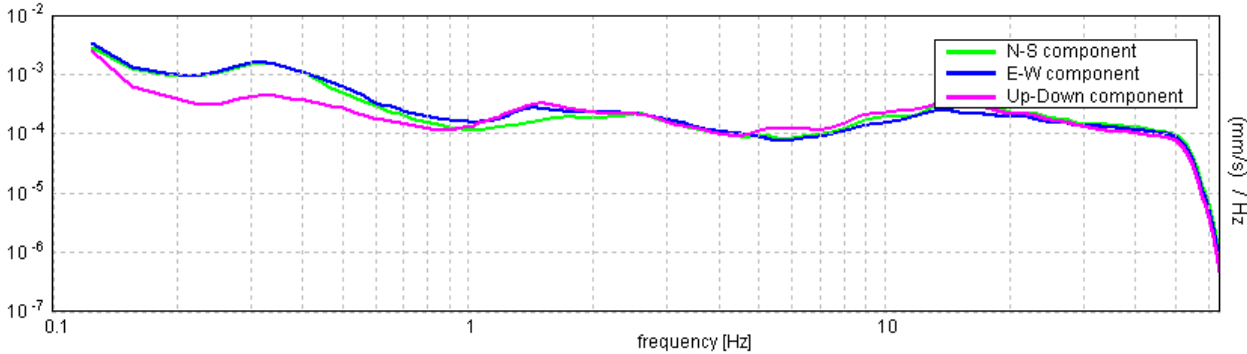
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 0.05 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	0.31 > 0.50		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	293.8 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 16 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.125 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.563 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	4.91 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.17321 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.05413 < 0.0625	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	1.0451 < 2.5	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA SAN CRESCI *HV44

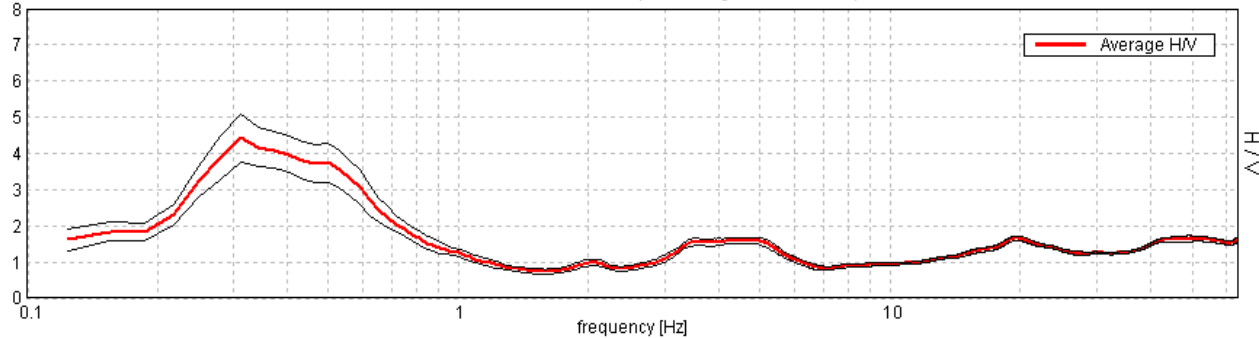
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 22/10/18 17:17:15 End recording: 22/10/18 17:37:15
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analysis performed on the entire trace.
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

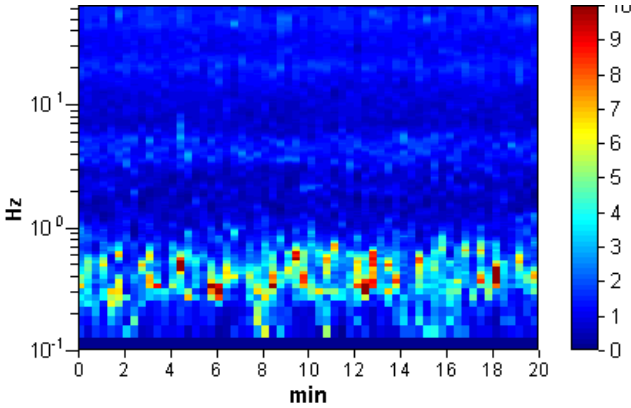


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

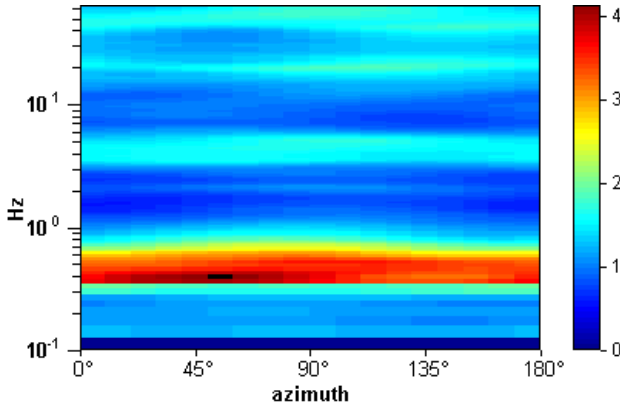
Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 0.04 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



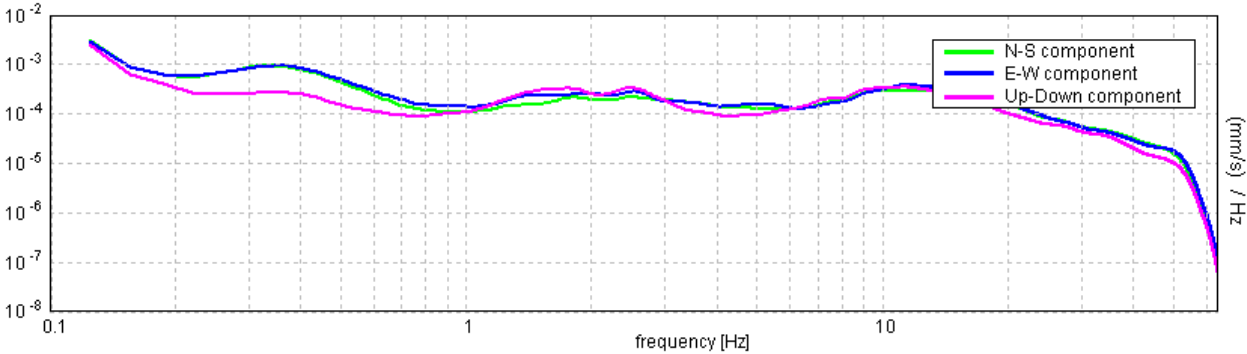
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 0.04 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	0.31 > 0.50		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	375.0 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 16 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.188 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.719 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	4.43 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.13844 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.04326 < 0.0625	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.6643 < 2.5	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

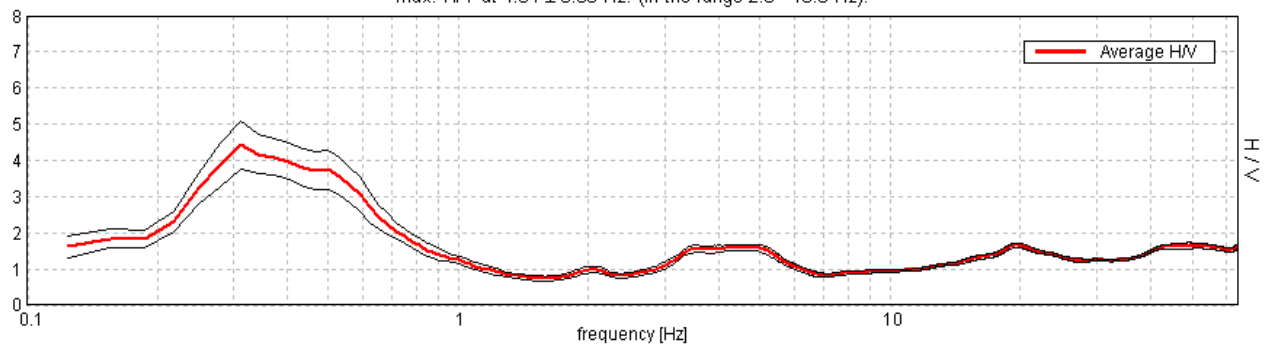
CAMPI BIENZIO, VIA SAN CRESCI *HV44

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 22/10/18 17:17:15 End recording: 22/10/18 17:37:15
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

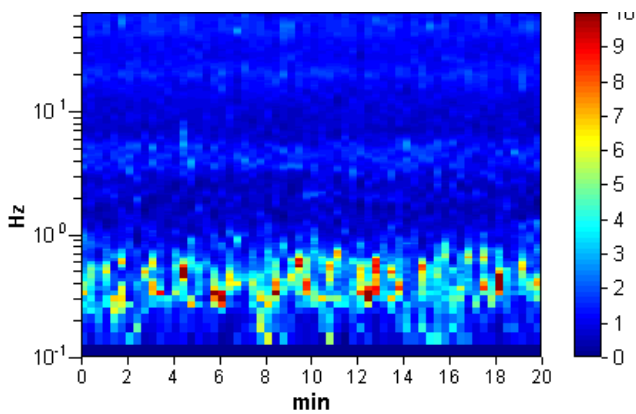
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analysis performed on the entire trace.
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

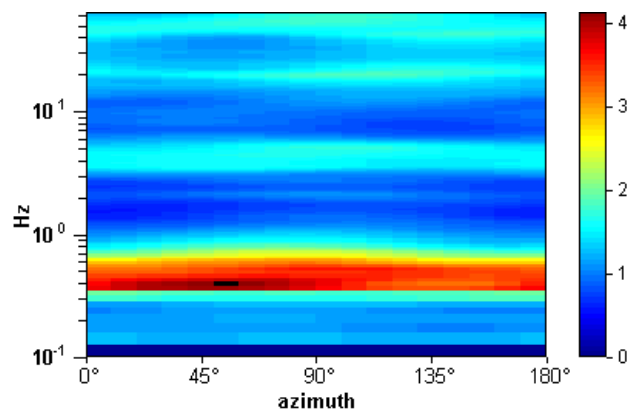
Max. H/V at 4.34 ± 0.58 Hz. (In the range 2.0 - 10.0 Hz).



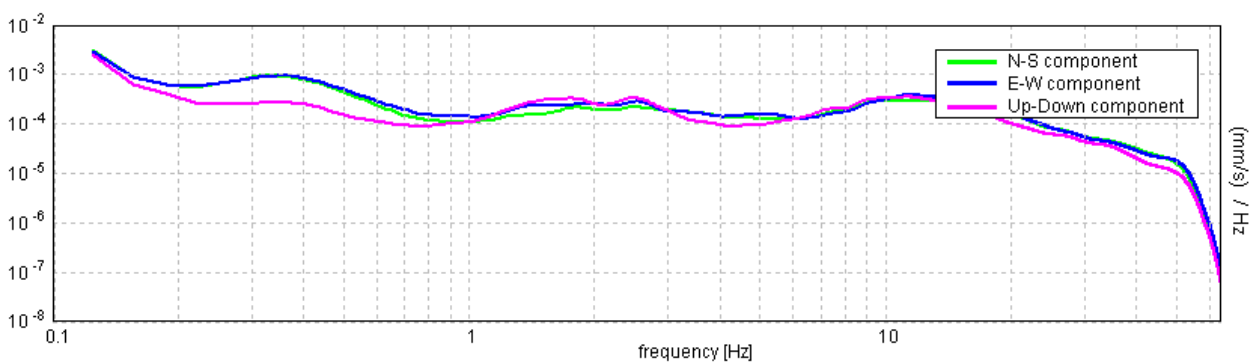
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 4.34 ± 0.58 Hz (in the range 2.0 - 10.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	4.34 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	5212.5 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 210 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.75 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$			NO
$A_0 > 2$	1.60 > 2		NO
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.13246 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.57539 < 0.21719		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.0766 < 1.58	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA TRENTO *HV45

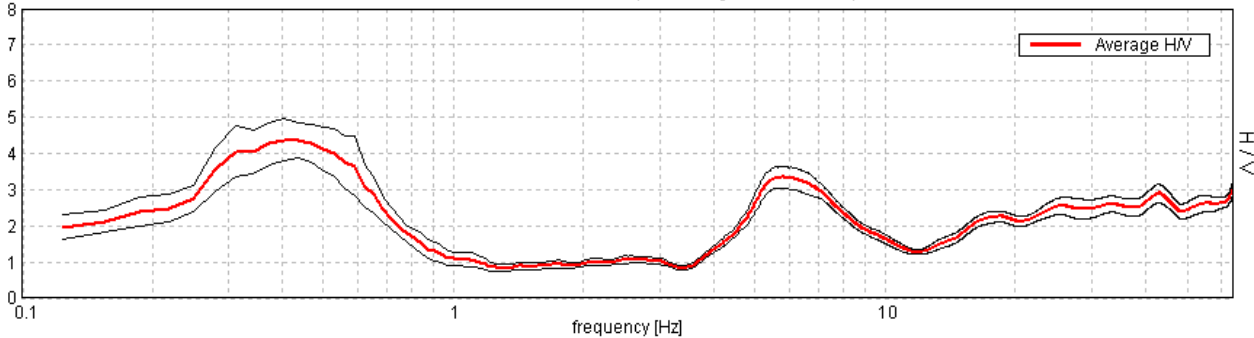
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 22/10/18 17:49:27 End recording: 22/10/18 18:09:27
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 80% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

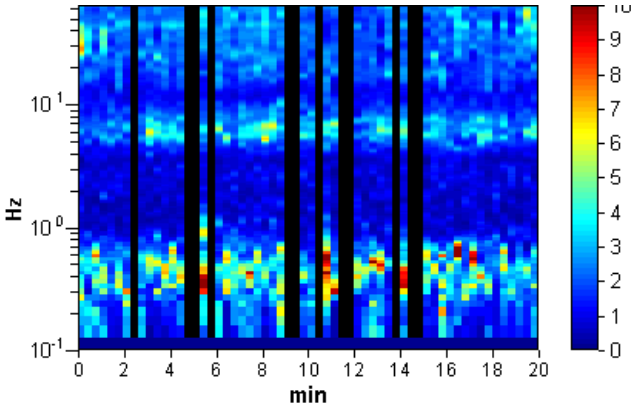


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

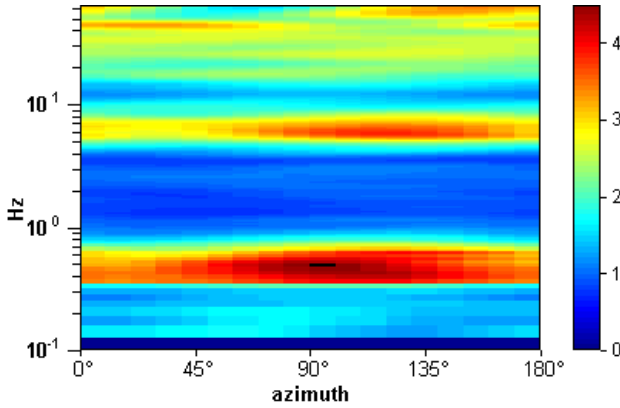
Max. H/V at 0.41 ± 6.81 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



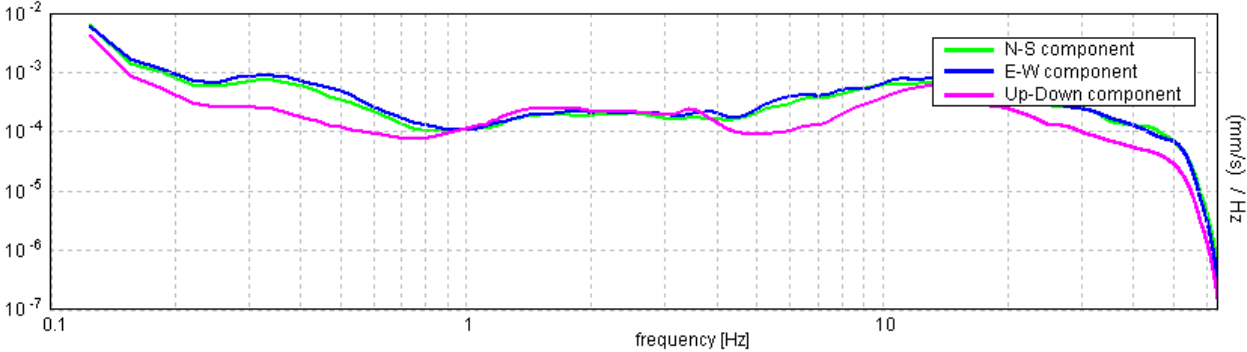
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.41 ± 6.81 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.41 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$390.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 20 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.156 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.75 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.37 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 16.7605 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$6.80895 < 0.08125$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5845 < 2.5$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

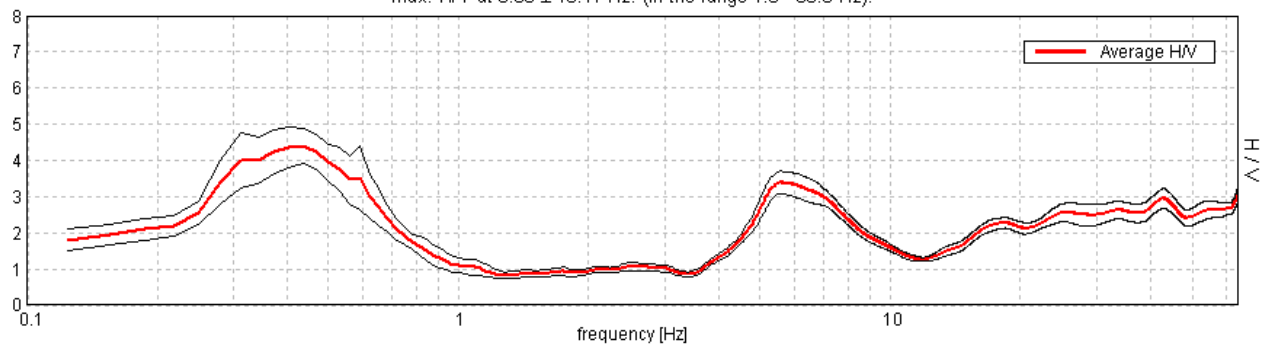
CAMPI BIENZIO, VIA TRENTO *HV45

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 22/10/18 17:49:27 End recording: 22/10/18 18:09:27
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

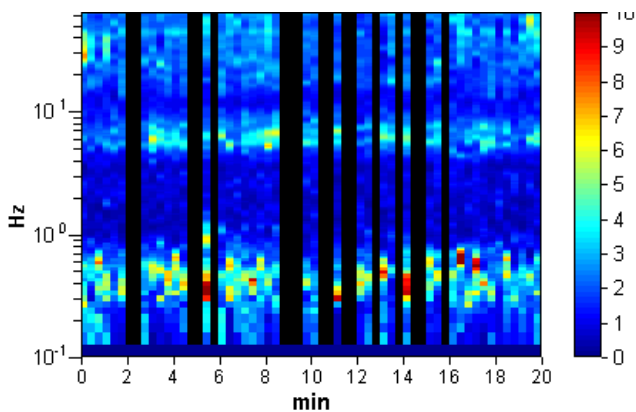
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 72% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

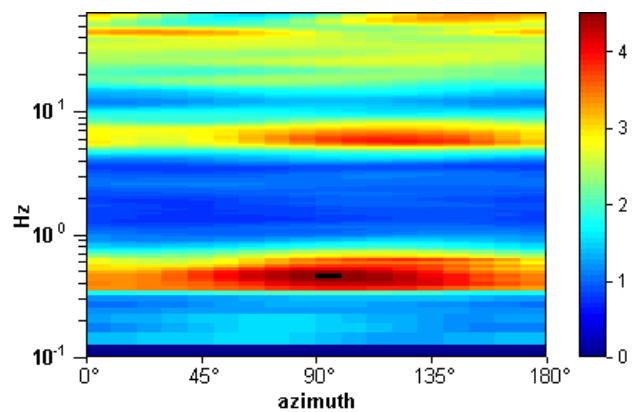
Max. H/V at 5.56 ± 13.11 Hz. (In the range 1.0 - 50.0 Hz).



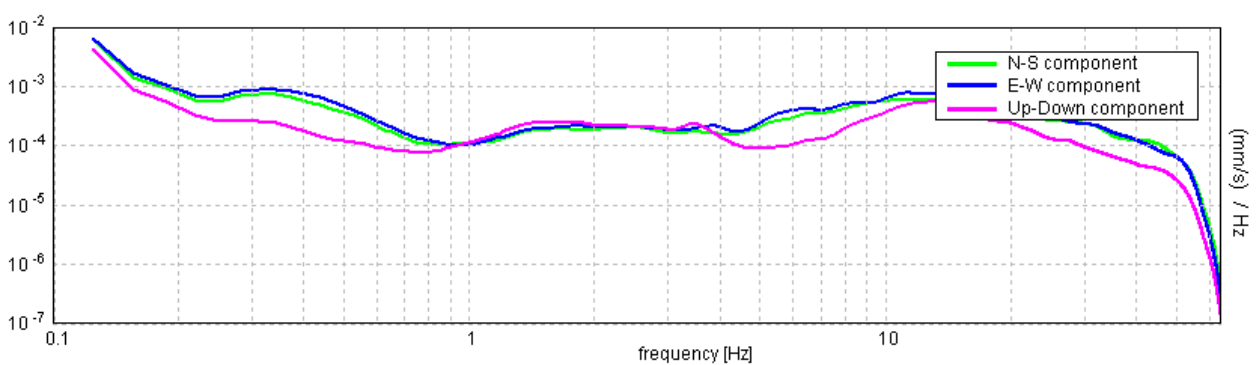
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 5.56 ± 13.11 Hz (in the range 1.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	5.56 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	4783.8 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 268 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	4.406 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	9.625 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	3.40 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 2.35749 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	13.11354 < 0.27813		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.3063 < 1.58	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA PISTOIESE *HV46

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17

Data format: 32 byte

Full scale [mV]: 51

Start recording: 24/10/18 12:08:32 End recording: 24/10/18 12:28:32

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

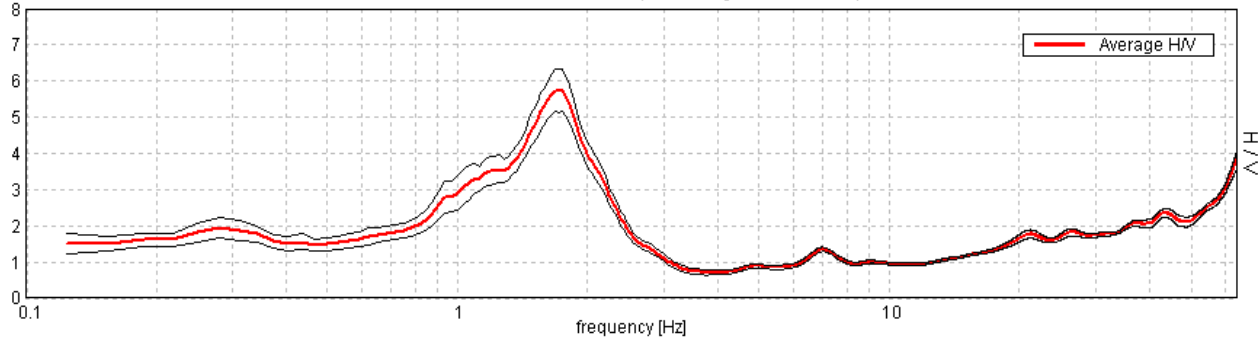
Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 10%

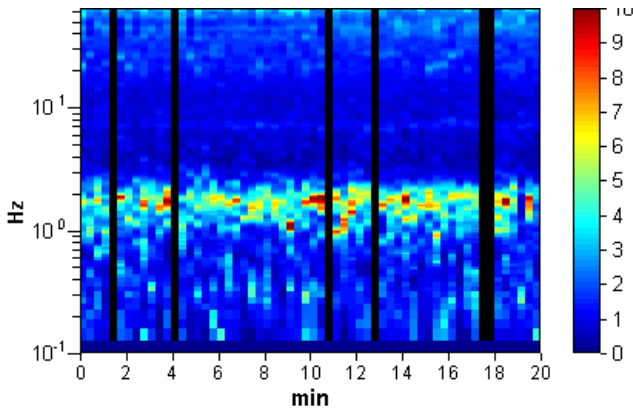


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

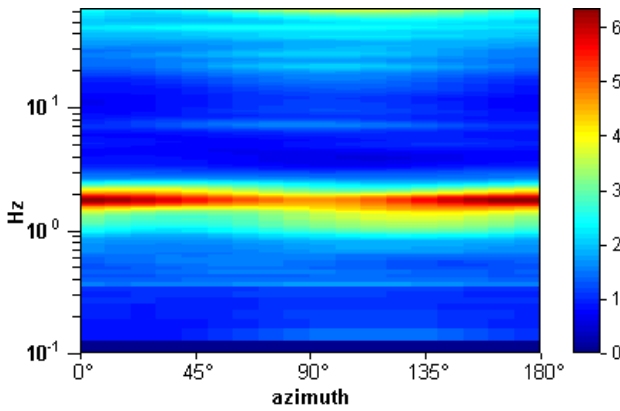
Max. H/V at 1.75 ± 0.05 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



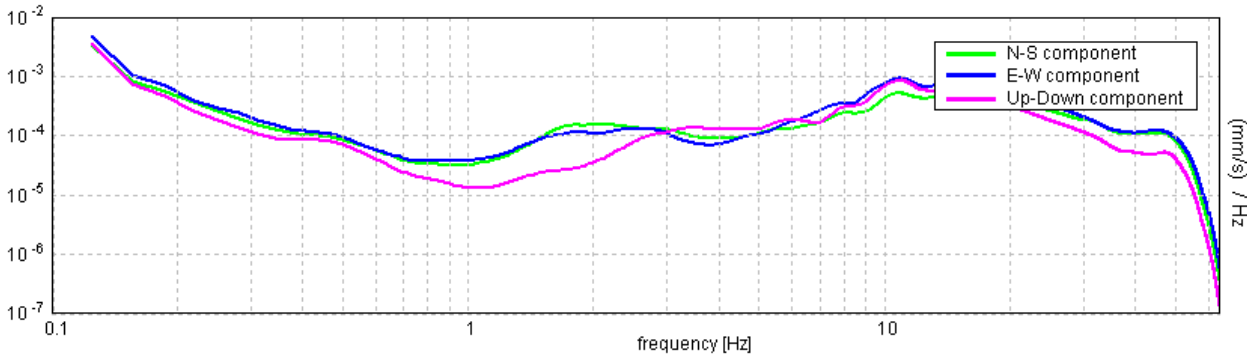
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.75 ± 0.05 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.75 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1890.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 85 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.969 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	2.25 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$5.75 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.0276 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.0483 < 0.175$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5837 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA PISTOIESE *HV47

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17

Data format: 32 byte

Full scale [mV]: 51

Start recording: 24/10/18 12:37:26 End recording: 24/10/18 12:57:26

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

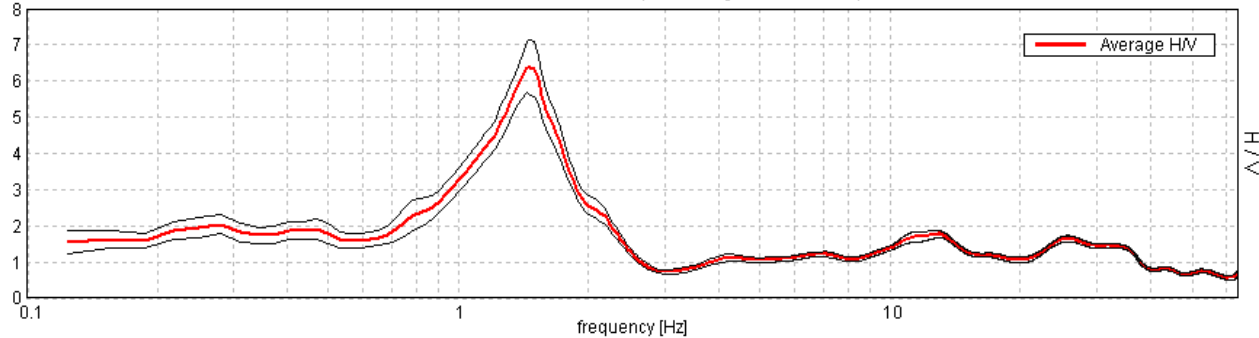
Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 10%

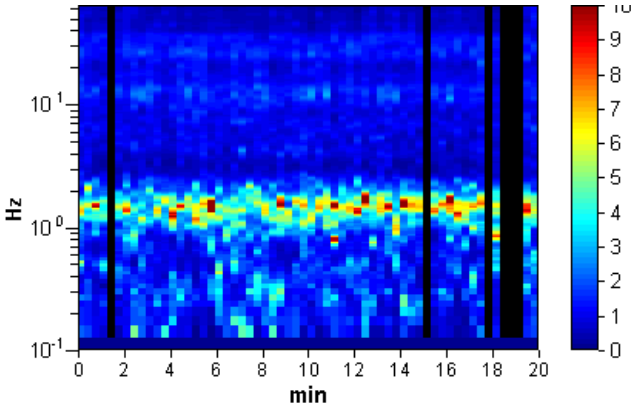


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

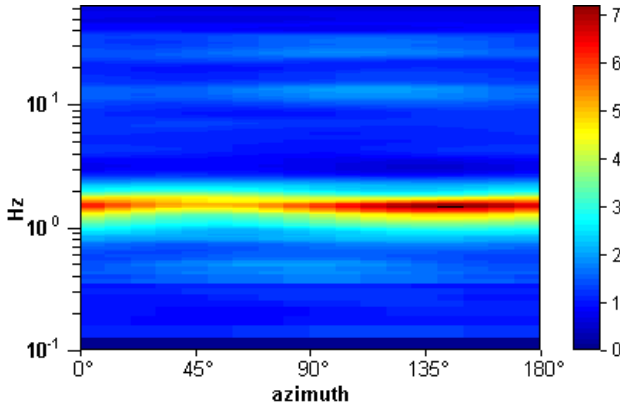
Max. H/V at 1.44 ± 0.02 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



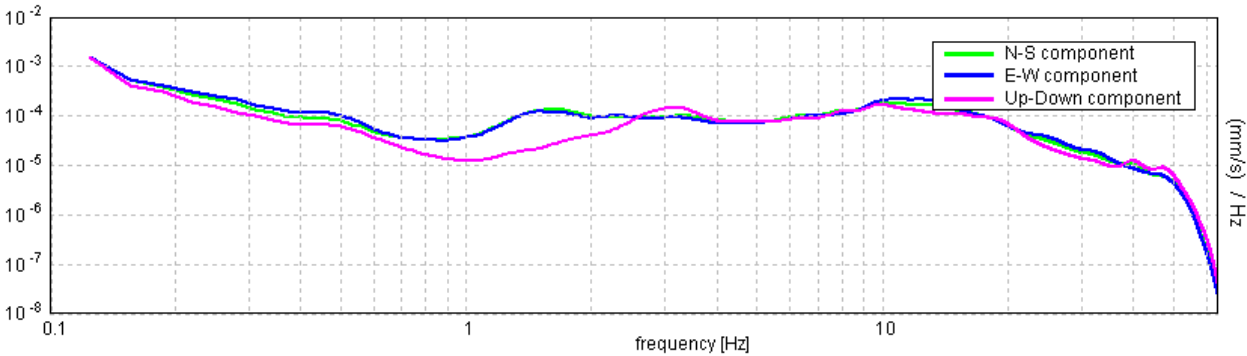
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.44 ± 0.02 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.44 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1552.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 70 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.969 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.875 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$6.39 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.01323 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.01902 < 0.14375$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.7045 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, V. CROCICCHIO DELL'ORO *HV48

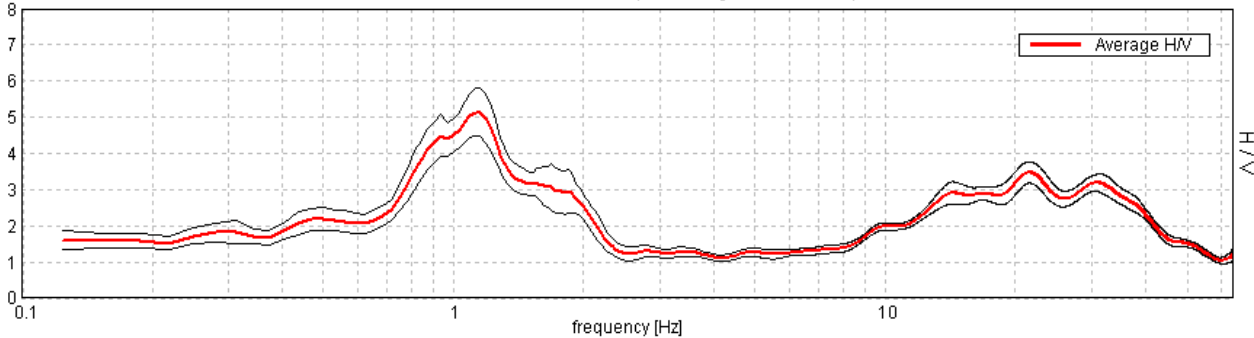
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 24/10/18 13:15:54 End recording: 24/10/18 13:35:54
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 87% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

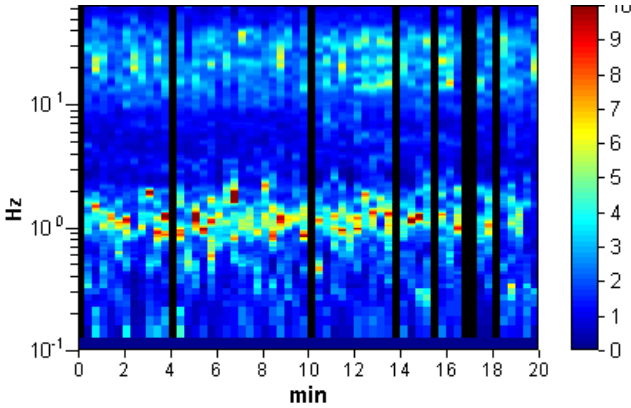


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

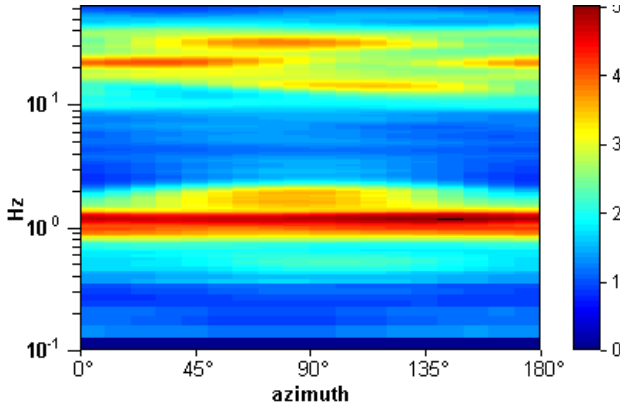
Max. H/V at 1.13 ± 0.09 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



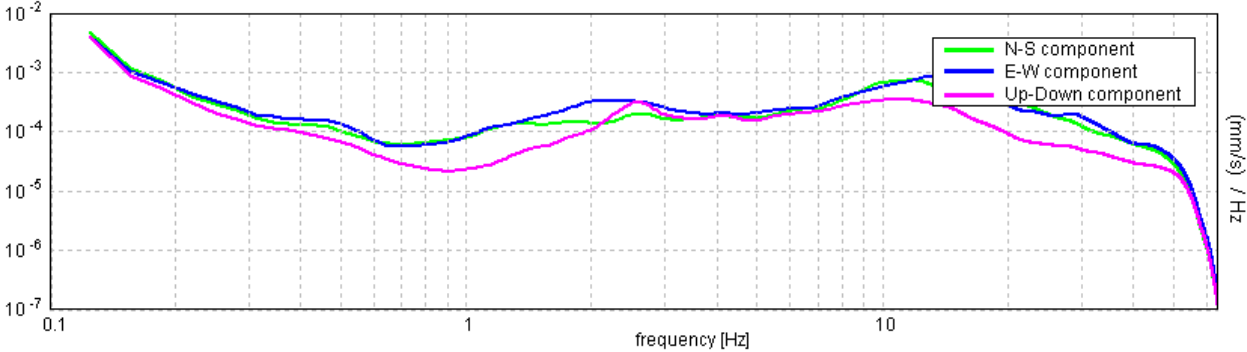
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.13 ± 0.09 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	1.13 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	1170.0 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 55 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.719 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	2.0 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	5.14 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.0796 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.08955 < 0.1125	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.6678 < 1.78	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, V. CROCICCHIO DELL'ORO *HV49

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17

Data format: 32 byte

Full scale [mV]: 51

Start recording: 24/10/18 13:50:20 End recording: 24/10/18 14:10:20

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

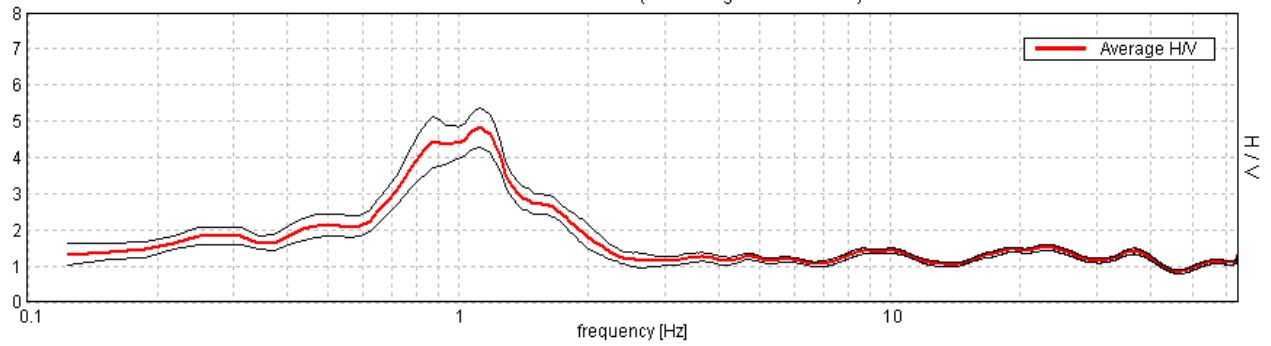
Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 10%

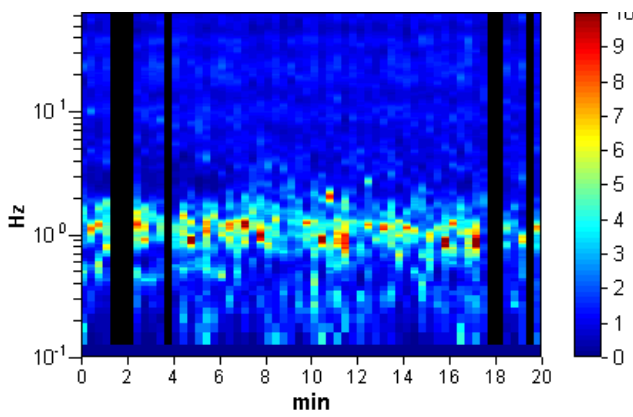


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

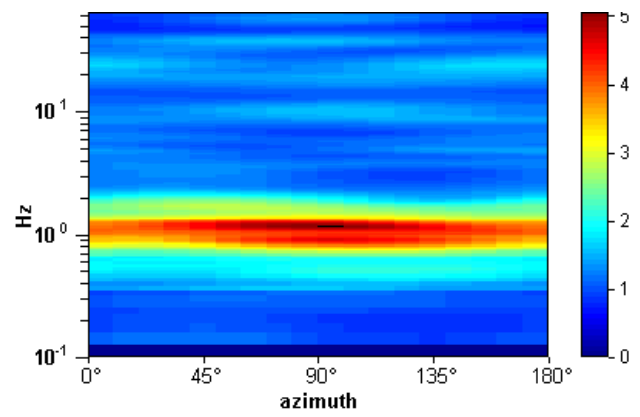
Max. H/V at 1.13 ± 0.09 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



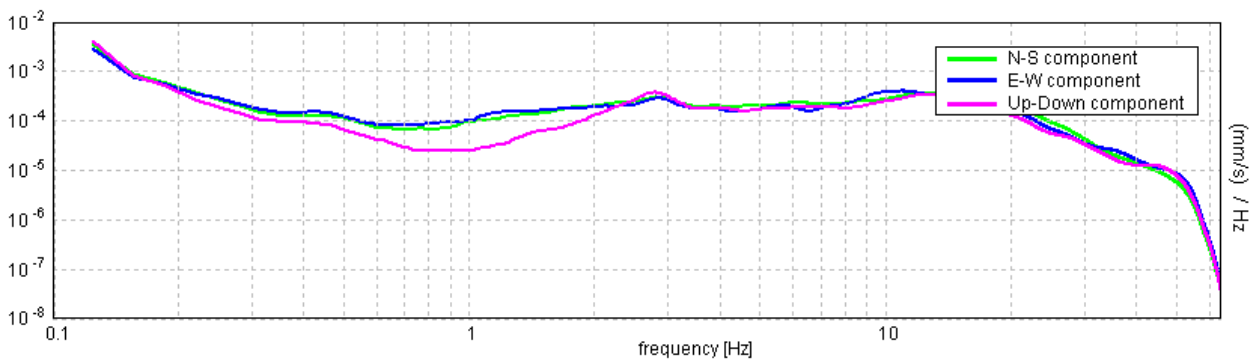
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.13 ± 0.09 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	1.13 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	1192.5 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 55 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.625 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.75 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	4.82 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.08403 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.09453 < 0.1125	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.5399 < 1.78	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, VIA MAMMOLI *HV50

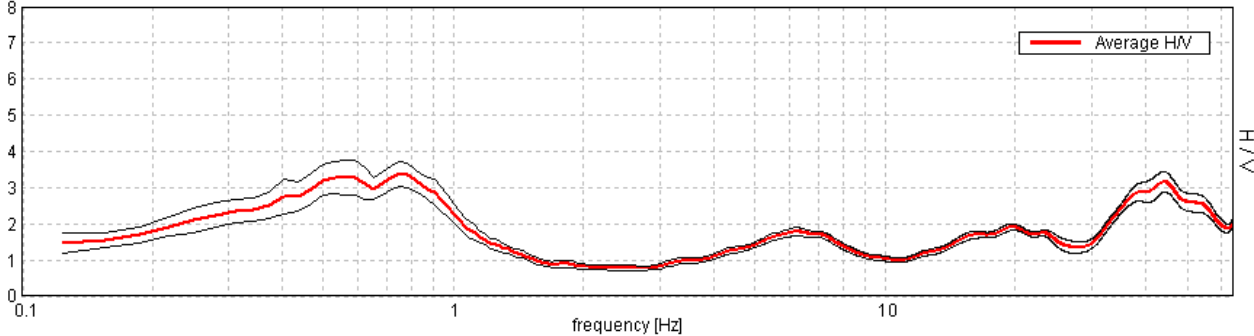
Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
Data format: 32 byte
Full scale [mV]: 51
Start recording: 24/10/18 14:27:11 End recording: 24/10/18 14:47:11
Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)
Sampling rate: 128 Hz
Window size: 20 s
Smoothing type: Triangular window
Smoothing: 10%

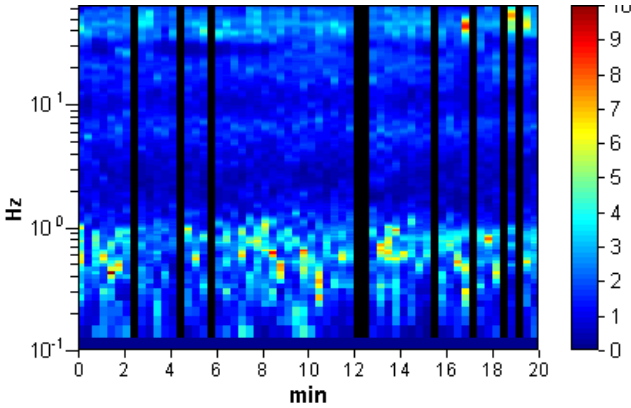


HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

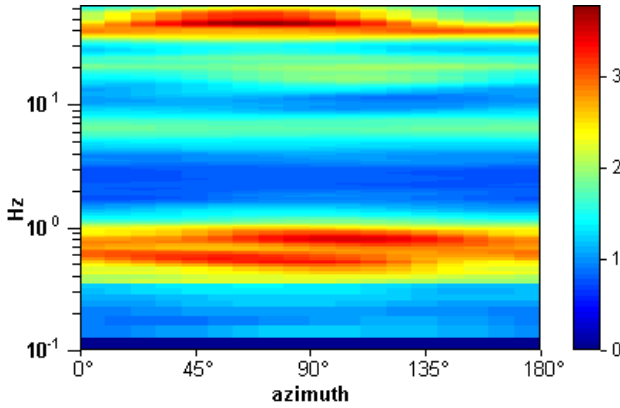
Max. H/V at 0.75 ± 0.17 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).



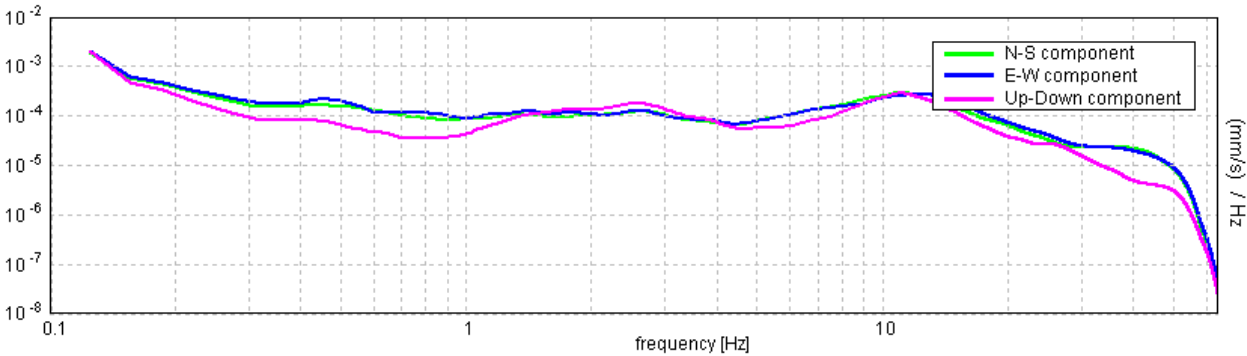
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.75 ± 0.17 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.75 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$765.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 37 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.188 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.156 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.38 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.22911 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.17183 < 0.1125$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.3419 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

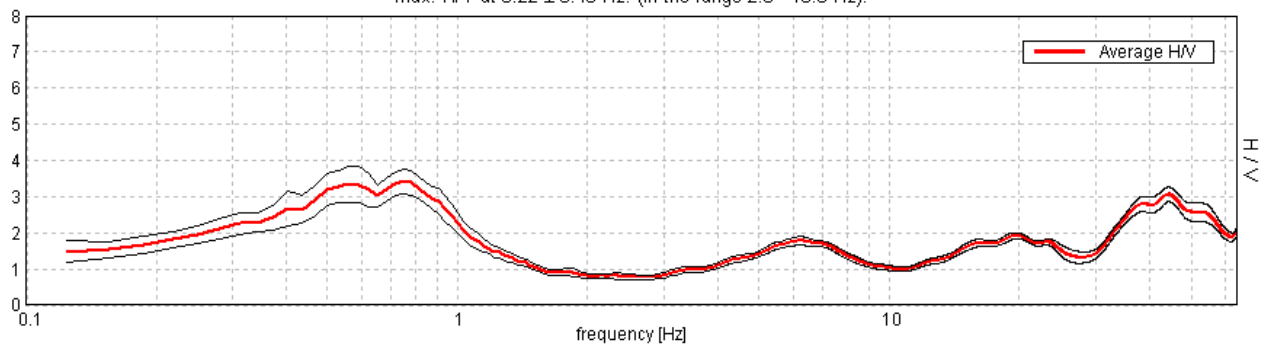
CAMPI BIENZIO, VIA MAMMOLI *HV50

Instrument: TZ3-0060/02-17
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 24/10/18 14:27:11 End recording: 24/10/18 14:47:11
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

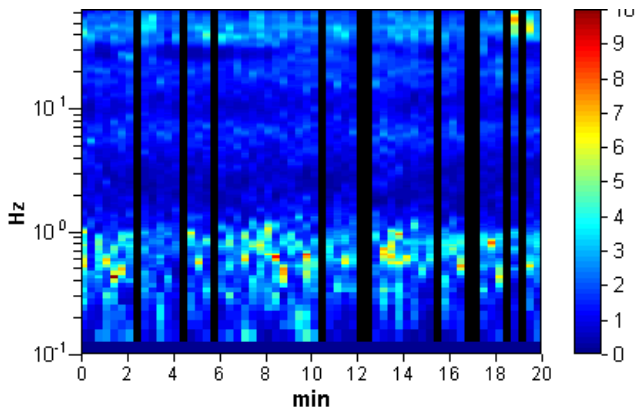
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 82% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

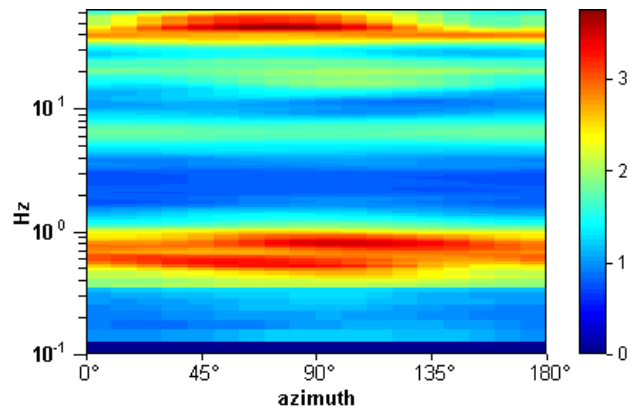
Max. H/V at 6.22 ± 0.46 Hz. (In the range 2.0 - 10.0 Hz).



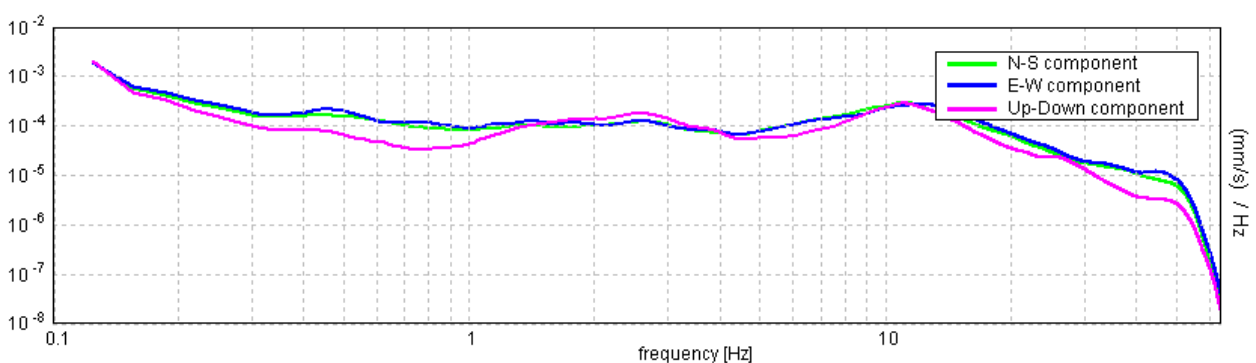
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 6.22 ± 0.46 Hz (in the range 2.0 - 10.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	6.22 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	6094.4 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 300 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	3.125 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$			NO
$A_0 > 2$	1.79 > 2		NO
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.07451 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.46338 < 0.31094		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.1206 < 1.58	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

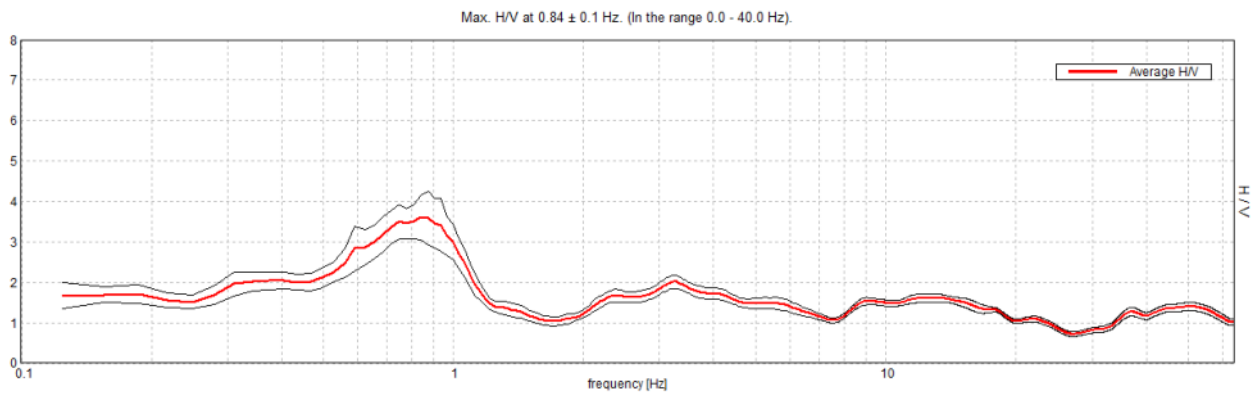
Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BIENZIO, T 30

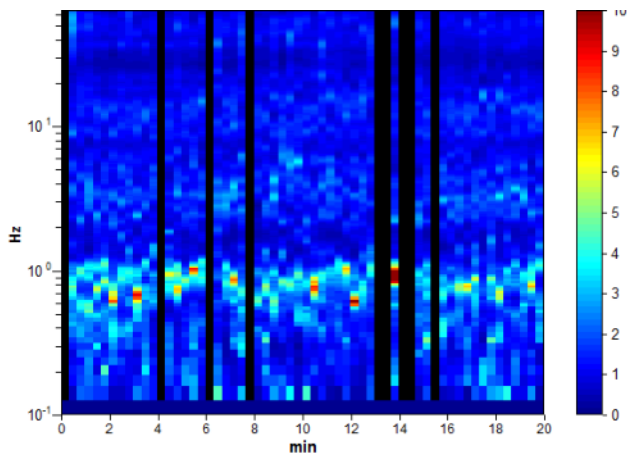
Instrument: TZ3-0001/01-13
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 15/10/18 08:35:48 End recording: 15/10/18 08:55:48
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

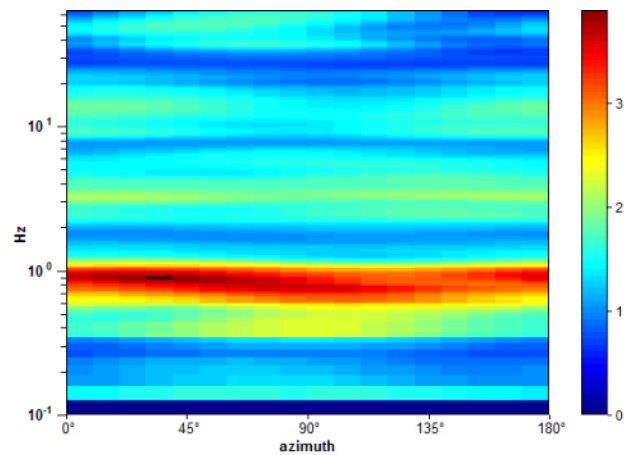
HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO



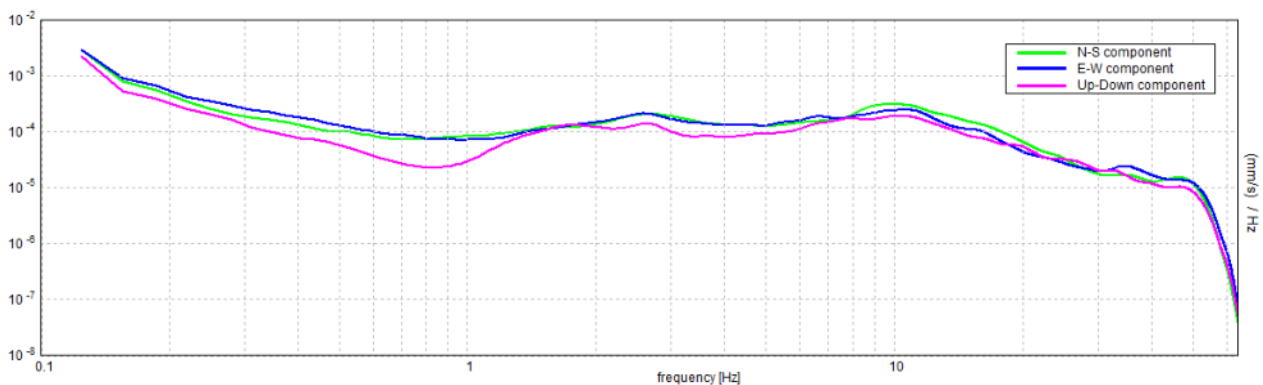
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.84 ± 0.1 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 40.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.84 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$860.6 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 42 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.281 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.156 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.60 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.11815 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.09969 < 0.12656$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5437 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, T 31

Instrument: TZ3-0001/01-13

Data format: 32 byte

Full scale [mV]: 51

Start recording: 15/10/18 11:27:28 End recording: 15/10/18 11:47:28

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 78% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

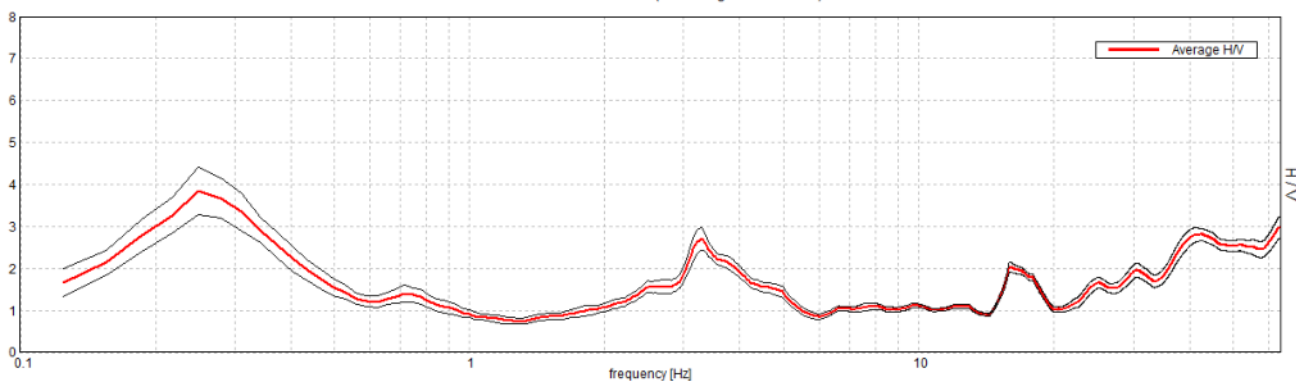
Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

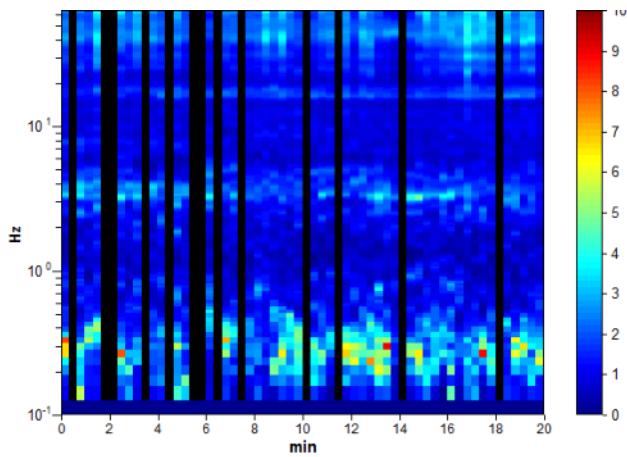
Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

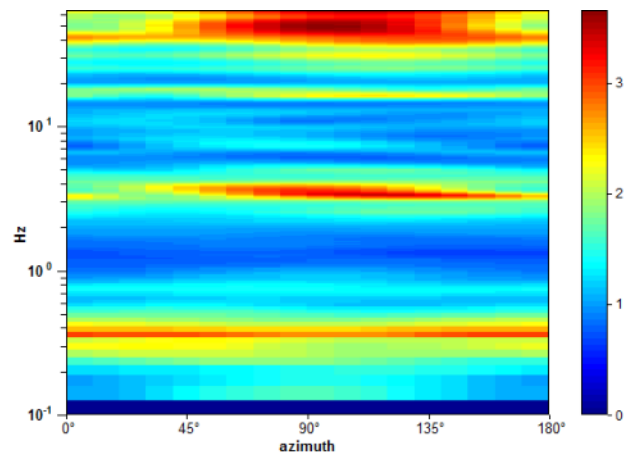
Max. H/V at 0.25 ± 0.03 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 40.0 Hz).



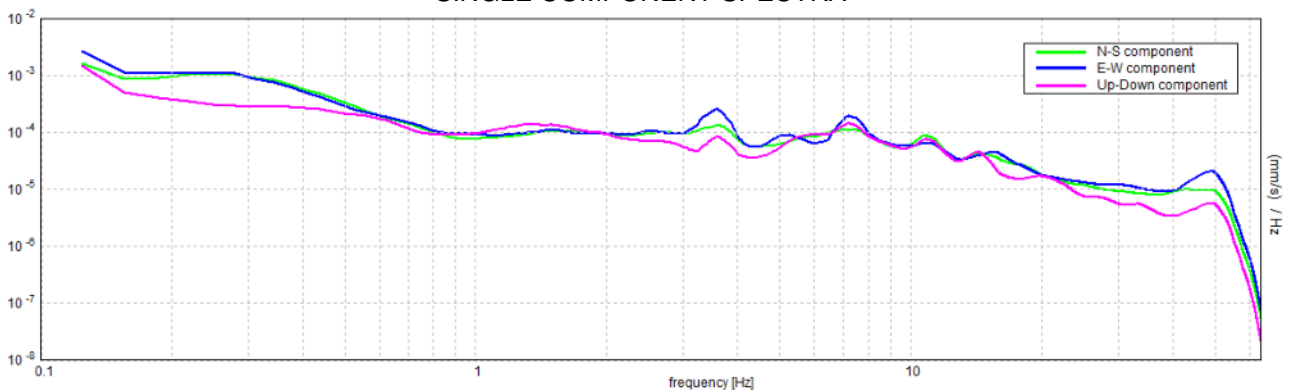
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.25 ± 0.03 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 40.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve
[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.25 > 0.50$		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$235.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 13 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.125 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.469 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.84 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.125 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.03125 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5689 < 2.5$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

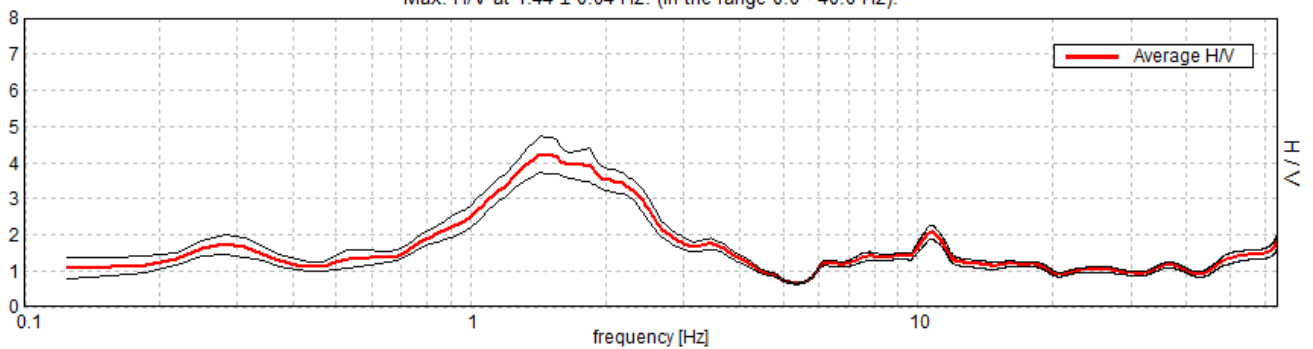
CAMPI BISENZIO, T 32

Instrument: TZ3-0001/01-13
 Data format: 32 byte
 Full scale [mV]: 51
 Start recording: 15/10/18 14:05:16 End recording: 15/10/18 14:25:16
 Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN
 GPS data not available

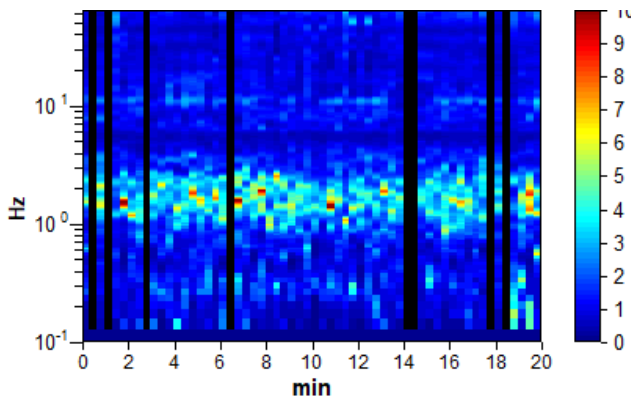
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 87% trace (manual window selection)
 Sampling rate: 128 Hz
 Window size: 20 s
 Smoothing type: Triangular window
 Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

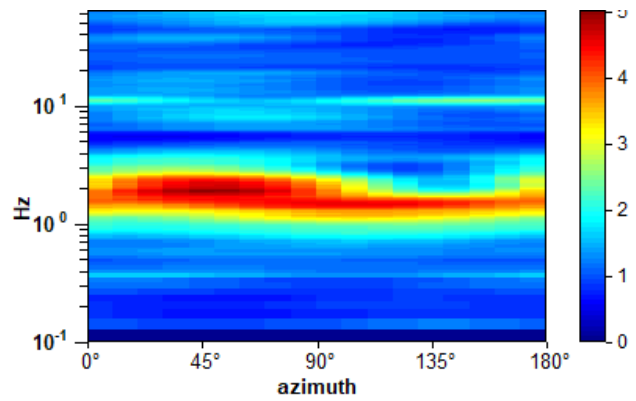
Max. H/V at 1.44 ± 0.04 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 40.0 Hz).



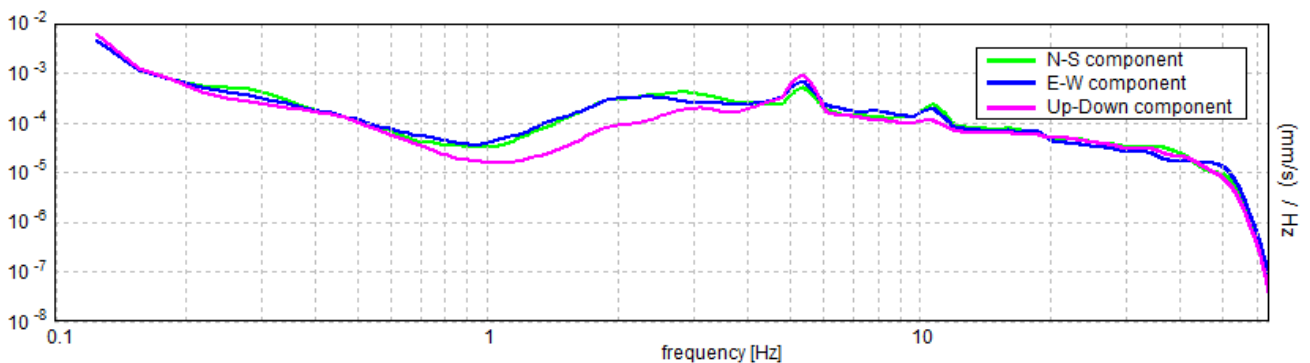
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.44 ± 0.04 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 40.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.44 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1495.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 70 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.844 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0] \mid A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	2.719 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.23 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.03045 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.04377 < 0.14375$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.4974 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

CAMPI BISENZIO, T 33

Instrument: TZ3-0001/01-13

Data format: 32 byte

Full scale [mV]: 51

Start recording: 15/10/18 15:19:59 End recording: 15/10/18 15:39:59

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 87% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

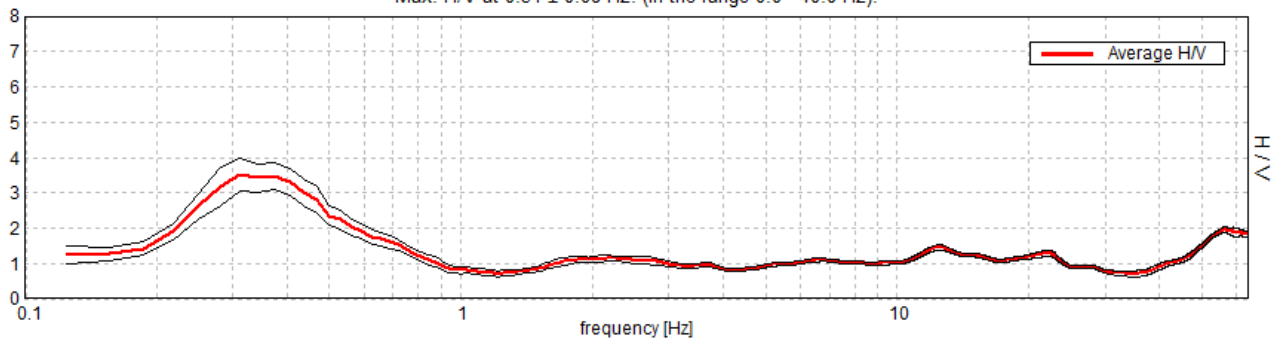
Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

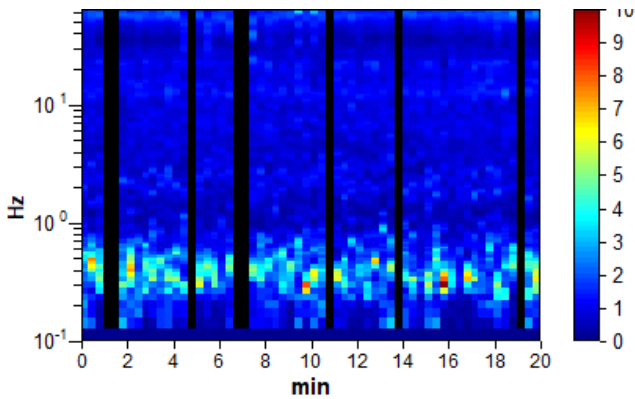
Smoothing: 10%

HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

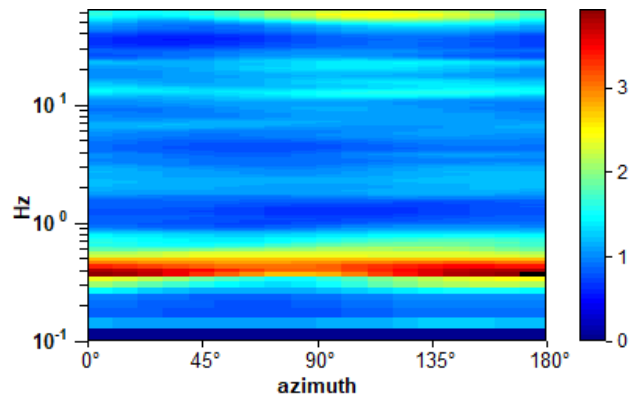
Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 0.08 Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 40.0 Hz).



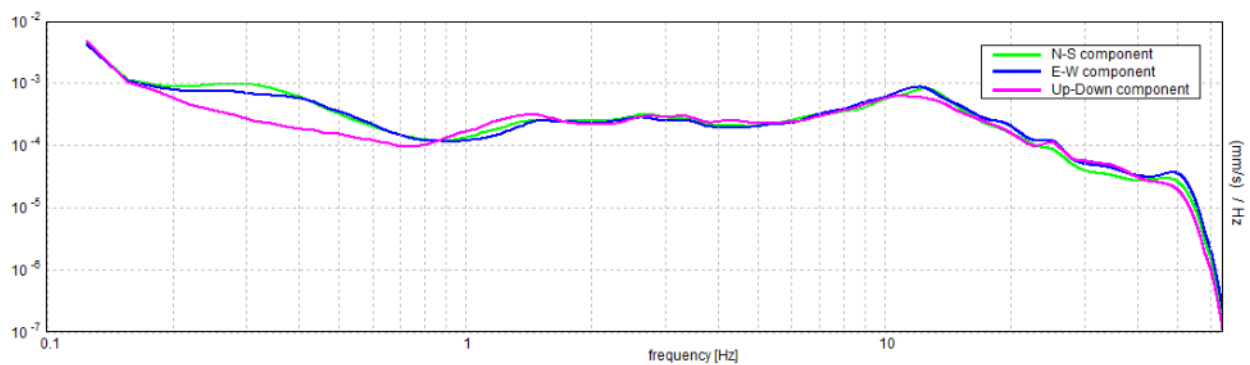
H/V TIME HISTORY



DIRECTIONAL H/V



SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.31 ± 0.08 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 40.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	0.31 > 0.50		NO
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	325.0 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 16 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.188 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	0.656 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	3.52 > 2	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.24456 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	0.07642 < 0.0625		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	0.4521 < 2.5	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	0.25 f_0	0.2 f_0	0.15 f_0	0.10 f_0	0.05 f_0
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20